



PCT

Abstract

(72) **Inventors:** **SABRY, James, H.**; 52 Buena Vista Terrace, San Francisco, CA 94117 (US). **ADAMS, Cynthia, L.**; 615 Georgia Avenue, Palo Alto, CA 94306 (US). **VAISBERG, Eugeni, A.**; 647 Pegasus Lane, Foster City, CA 94404 (US). **CROMPTON, Anne, M.**; 2 Bellair Place, San Francisco, CA 94133 (US). **BLUM, Robert, I.**; 17 Shoreview Avenue, San Francisco, CA 94121 (US). **OESTREICHER, Donald, R.**; 904 Old Town Court, Cupertino, CA 95014-4024 (US). **SIGAL, Nolan, H.**; 941 Berry Avenue, L: Altos, CA 94024 (US).

(74) Agent: LOUIE, Michael, L.; Beyer Weaver & Thomas,
L.P., P.O. Box 130, Mountain View, CA 94042-0130 (US).

(81) Designated States (national): AE, AG, AI., AM, AT, AU, A., BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ,

[Continued on next page]

CELLULAR BIOINFORMATICS

(71) Applicant: **CYTOKINETICS, INC.** [US/US]; Suite 2,
280 East Grand Avenue, South San Francisco, CA 94080
(US).

The flowchart illustrates a process for generating descriptors from images and a database. It includes the following components and steps:

- 1001:** Images (single or multi-frame) - Input source.
- 1003:** Feature extraction algorithms - Processes the images.
- 1005:** Simple features - Output of the feature extraction algorithms.
- 1004:** A diagonal arrow representing a data path from simple features to the database.
- 1012:** Database - Stores data and parameters.
- 1014:** Calculation procedures and parameters from the database - Retrieves data from the database.
- 1007:** Calculation of composite features based on simple features and parameters from a database - Combines simple features with database parameters.
- 1013:** Record procedures applied to the data - Processes the composite features.
- 1011:** "Composite" features - Output of the calculation of composite features.
- 1017:** A diagonal arrow representing a data path from composite features to the database.
- 1019:** A diagonal arrow representing a data path from composite features to the descriptors.
- 1009:** Descriptors (combinations of simple and composite features) - Final output.

Examples:

- number of objects, average object area, total signal intensity variation of the distances between objects
- variants: "composite features"; "derived features"; ...?
- Mitotic index, percent apoptotic cell, degree of microtubule bundling, degree of the Golgi dispersion

(57) Abstract: Techniques for using information technology in therapeutics or drug discovery. In an exemplary embodiment, techniques for determining information about the properties of substances based upon information about structure of living or non-living cells exposed to substances are provided. A method according to the present invention enables researchers and/or scientists to identify promising candidates in the search for new and better medicines or treatments using, for example, a cellular informatics database. The present invention further teaches a system for acquiring knowledge from cellular information. The system has a database 1012 comprising a database management module ("DBMS"). The system also has a variety of modules, including a population module coupled to the DBMS for categorizing and storing a plurality of features (e.g., cell size, distance between cells, cell population, cell type) from an image acquisition device into the database. The system has a translation module coupled to the DBMS for defining a descriptor from a set of selected features from the plurality of features. In a specific embodiment, the descriptor is for a known or unknown compound, e.g., drug. A prediction module is coupled to the DBMS for selecting one of a plurality of descriptors from known and unknown compounds from the database based upon a selected descriptor from a selected compound. The selected compound may be one that is useful for treatment of human beings or the like.

WO 00/70528 A3



PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT,
TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW.

(88) Date of publication of the international search report:
8 March 2001

(84) Designated States (regional): ARIPO patent (GH, GM,
KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW), Eurasian patent
(AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European patent
(AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU,
MC, NL, PT, SE), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM,
GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).

(48) Date of publication of this corrected version:
29 November 2001

(15) Information about Correction:
see PCT Gazette No. 48/2001 of 29 November 2001, Sec-
tion II

Published:

— with international search report

*For two-letter codes and other abbreviations, refer to the "Guid-
ance Notes on Codes and Abbreviations" appearing at the begin-
ning of each regular issue of the PCT Gazette.*

PATENT APPLICATION
METHOD AND APPARATUS FOR
PREDICTIVE CELLULAR BIOINFORMATICS

COPYRIGHT NOTICE

5 A portion of the disclosure of this patent document contains material which is subject to copyright protection. The copyright owner has no objection to the facsimile reproduction by anyone of the patent document or the patent disclosure as it appears in the Patent and Trademark Office patent file or records, but otherwise reserves all copyright rights whatsoever. The present description includes examples of
10 computer codes, which may be used to implement aspects of the present invention. Assignee of the present invention reserves all rights with respect to these codes and provides notice herein. Notice is hereby given © Cytokinetics, Inc. 1999.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The present invention provides techniques for information
15 management using a database platform. More particularly, the present invention provides a system including computer code that couples to a database device. The system provides for image capturing of living, dead, or fixed cells or cell fractions used to identify information about substances used on the cells or information about the cells themselves. Accordingly, the present invention can enable researchers and
20 scientists to identify promising candidates in the search for new and better medicines, for example, in drug discovery and development. The principles enumerated herein may, with equal facility, be applied to other applications, including but not limited to use in environmental applications such as determining chemical toxicities and other non-pharmaceutical toxicology uses.

25 For a long time, researchers in the pharmaceutical field have sought for better ways of searching for substances possessing properties that make them suitable as medicines. In the early days, researchers generally relied upon extracts from plants, dyes, and microbiological extracts for such substances. Examples of such substances include the pain reliever aspirin, the anti-cancer drug paclitaxel (brand
30 name TaxolTM), and the heart medication called digoxin. The number of useful medicines has generally been limited.

Purified substances having desirable bio-active properties are also often difficult to discover. Advances in traditional organic chemistry and more recently the rapid chemical synthesis methods often referred to as combinatorial chemistry have increased the number of compounds that researchers test for biological activity. Originally, substances were often initially tested on animals or humans to determine their biological activity. While results from such tests may identify a good drug candidate, they are often time consuming and costly, thus a limited number of substances can be tested. Therefore, pharmaceutical companies have turned to testing their ever-increasing libraries of substances against isolated proteins (drug targets) in biochemical assays that can be carried out at high throughput and low cost. It should be noted that the substances need to be tested in numerous protein tests, each customized for a particular drug target. Therefore, although each protein test may be run at a high-throughput, the design of multiple protein tests can be time-consuming. Substances deemed promising based on results from the protein tests are then tested in lower throughput cellular and animal tests.

There have been some attempts to use image acquisition techniques to screen a large number of substances based upon biological cell information. One such attempt is described in International Application No. WO 98/38490 in the names of Dunlay, et al. Dunlay et al. generally describes a conventional image acquisition system. This conventional system collects and saves images based on certain criteria that are predefined, not on a fixed area of an imaging surface. Additionally, the conventional system has poor lighting design, which makes image processing for multiple cells difficult. Furthermore, the conventional system is not designed for capturing, populating and utilizing a large database design. The conventional system is designed for customized cellular assays, not as a tool for generation of a cellular informatics database. Without such database capabilities the conventional system cannot be used for screening, analyzing, and comparing large quantities of cells from multiple experiments on multiple days in a predictive, efficient and cost effective manner.

What is needed is a rapid assay to assess the activity of compounds against multiple drug targets simultaneously in a cellular context. What is also needed are techniques for finding the effects of substances on cell function based upon searching and analyzing cellular information.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

According to at least one embodiment of the present invention, techniques for determining information about effects of potential substances on cells are provided. In another exemplary embodiment, the present invention provides a novel system including hardware, computer codes, user interfaces, and a database for acquiring, storing and retrieving cellular and substance information. The cells can include living, dead, or fixed cells or fractions of cells. The present invention enables, *inter alia*, researchers and/or scientists to identify promising candidates in the search for new and better medicines or treatments using, for example, a cellular informatics database.

According to the present invention, a computer program for identification and verification of biological properties of substances can include code that causes a sample of a substance to be administered to a cell. The code determines one or more features for two or more cell components, or markers, in the presence of the substance. The code can form one or more descriptors from the features. Descriptors can be formed by combining features of two or more cell components as identified using the markers. The code can then search one or more descriptors obtained from prior administered substances upon cells in order to locate descriptors having a relationship to the descriptors noted for the substance under study. The code predicts properties of the administered substance based upon the properties of the prior administered substances using the relationship between the descriptors. The code can provide for identifying properties of substances based upon effects on cell characteristics. Candidate drug mechanisms of action, potency, specificity, pharmacodynamic, and pharmacokinetic parameters, toxicity, and the like can be used as substance properties.

In a specific embodiment, the present invention provides a system for acquiring knowledge from cellular information. The system has a database comprising a database management module ("DBMS"). The system also has a variety of other modules, including a population module that is coupled to the DBMS and serves to categorize and store a plurality of features (including but not limited to cell size, distance between cells, cell population, as well as sub-cellular features such as organelle location, protein location and sub-cellular constituent location and

movement) from an image acquisition device into the database. The system has a translation module coupled to the DBMS for defining a descriptor from a set of selected features from the plurality of features. In a specific embodiment, the descriptor is for a known or unknown compound, e.g., drug. A prediction module is coupled to the DBMS for selecting one of a plurality of a descriptors from known and unknown compounds from the database based upon a selected descriptor from a selected compound. The selected compound may be one that is useful for treatment of human beings or the like.

In a specific embodiment, the present invention provides a system for populating a database with cellular information. The system includes a cell holder (e.g., multi-well plate, chip, microfluidic assembly, or other cell chamber) comprising a plurality of sites in a spatial orientation. Each of the sites is capable of holding a plurality of cells to be imaged. Note – the light guide is one embodiment, but we don't want to be limited to it.

According to one embodiment, the present system also has an illumination apparatus including a liquid light guide operably coupled to the imaging device for highlighting the plurality of cells in a relatively even spatial manner for image capturing and measurement purposes. Still further, the liquid light guide allows sub-elements (e.g., filter, lamp) of the illumination apparatus to be placed at a remote location to prevent mechanical interference of the cell holder during image capturing. Alternative lighting methodologies may, with equal facility, be implemented.

The system also has an image-capturing device (e.g., charge coupled device camera, translation stage, shutter, microscope, software, shutter control) coupled to a computing device (e.g., computer, network computer, work station, analog computing device, on-board image-processor, and laptop). The image-capturing device is adapted to capture at least one image in at least one of the plurality of sites. One some embodiments, multiple images can be captured, where each image represents a different cell component (or portion). The image-capturing device can be adapted to convert the image into a digital representation, which highlights the feature or features of the one site.

A database storage device (e.g., relational database, object oriented database, mixed object oriented database) includes a database management element. The

database is coupled to the image capturing device. In a specific embodiment, the present system includes modules for feature extraction, generation of descriptions, and data preparation and analysis.

In a specific embodiment, the present invention provides a novel
5 system for determining an effect of a manipulation of a cell using one or more image frames. The system has a plate comprising a plurality of sites in a spatial orientation. Each of the sites is capable of holding a plurality of cells to be imaged. The system also has an image capturing device to capture a plurality of images of at least one site from the plurality of sites. The image capturing device is coupled to the computing
10 device. The system also has an image processing device to combine the plurality of images of at least one site or plurality of sites. The image processing device is operably coupled to the plate. An image processing device is also included. The image processing device can be adapted to form a digitized representation of the plurality of images from the site or plurality of sites. Furthermore, the system has a
15 database storage device comprising a database management element. The database can be adapted to retrieve the descriptor or descriptors of the plurality of features from the computing processing device and storing them in a selected manner.

In a specific embodiment, the present invention provides a system for capturing cellular information. The system also has an image acquisition system
20 comprising a charged coupled device camera adapted to capture an image of a plurality of manipulated cells in various stages of the cell cycle. The stages of the cell cycle are currently understood to include interphase, G0 phase, G1 phase, S phase, G2 phase, M phase, prophase, prometaphase, metaphase, anaphase, and telophase. The principles of the present invention specifically contemplate the application thereof on
25 additional cell cycle stages when and if they are identified.

An optical source is coupled to the image acquisition system for highlighting the plurality of manipulated cells in the various stages of the cell cycle. The illumination apparatus provides for an acquisition of the image of the plurality of manipulated cells. In a specific embodiment, the illumination apparatus has a liquid
30 light guide coupled to a light source at a remote location.

A variety of user interfaces are utile for accessing the several features of the present invention. Those having ordinary skill in the art will appreciate that different user interfaces may be required to support different research scenarios. The

present invention specifically contemplates the utilization of a wide variety of user interfaces.

Numerous benefits are achieved by way of the present invention over conventional techniques. The present invention can provide techniques for predictive
5 cellular bioinformatics that can streamline a number of important decisions made in the drug discovery industry. The present invention can be implemented using off the shelf hardware including databases. In other aspects, the present invention can find useful information about substances as well as cells or portions of cells. Furthermore, the present invention can acquire more than one feature using more than one
10 manipulation. Moreover, the present invention can provide information about a wide variety of cellular information that is not conventionally available. This information includes information about different cell components, e.g., nuclei and Golgi apparatus. Still further, the present invention provides an automated or semi-automated technique for acquiring images and populating a database. The present
15 database can be combined with others such as genomics, and the like. Moreover, the present invention can be implemented to predict, *inter alia*, a mechanism of action, toxicity, target validation, and pre-clinical disease model.

A further understanding of the nature and advantages of the invention herein may be realized by reference to the remaining sections of the specification and
20 the attached drawings.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWING

For more complete understanding of the present invention, reference is
5 made to the accompanying Drawing in the following Detailed Description of the
Invention. In the drawing:

Fig. 1 is a simplified system diagram according to an embodiment
according to the present invention;

10 Figs. 1A-1B are more detailed diagrams of database systems according
to embodiments of the present invention;

Fig. 2 is a simplified block diagram according to an alternative
embodiment according to the present invention;

Figs. 3-6 are simplified diagrams of system elements according to
embodiments of the present invention;

15 Figs. 7A-7K illustrate representative block diagrams of simplified
process steps in a particular embodiment according to the present invention;

Fig. 8A-8F illustrate representative quantified descriptors of effects of
manipulations on images of cells in a particular experiment;

20 Fig. 9 illustrates example images for different types of morphologies in
a particular experiment;

Fig. 10 illustrates a distribution of various morphologies in a cell
population responsive to drug concentration in a particular experiment;

Fig. 11 illustrates a graph of quantified features of effects of
manipulations on cells in a particular experiment;

25 Fig. 12 illustrates effects of external agents on cells in a particular
experiment;

Fig. 13 illustrates 4 panels for each marker for a plurality of A549 cells
in a particular experiment;

30 Fig. 14 illustrates 4 panels for each marker for a plurality of OVCAR-3
cells in a particular experiment;

Fig. 15 illustrates 4 panels for each marker for a plurality of OVCAR-3
cells at 20x in a particular experiment;

Fig. 16 illustrates 4 panels for each marker for a plurality of OVCAR-3 cells at 40x in a particular experiment;

Fig. 17 illustrates a representative input for a morphometric analysis program in a particular embodiment according to the present invention; and

5 Figs. 18-19 illustrate examples of the generation of pseudo-sequences and clustering in a particular embodiment according to the present invention.

Fig. 20 is a block diagram for a first research scenario;

Fig. 21 is a block diagram for a second research scenario; and

Fig. 22 is a block diagram for a third research scenario.

10 Reference numbers refer to the same or equivalent parts of the invention throughout the several figures of the Drawing.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

According to the present invention, techniques for determining information about manipulated cells or substances based upon living, fixed, or dead cell structures or portions of cells are provided. In an exemplary embodiment, the present invention provides a novel system including computer codes coupled to a database and user interfaces for acquiring, storing and retrieving such information. Other embodiments provide a novel image capturing system for providing digitized representations of live and dead cell structures or the like.

Fig. 1 is a simplified system diagram 10 of a cellular knowledge-based system according to an embodiment of the present invention. This diagram is merely an example and should not limit the scope of the claims herein. One of ordinary skill in the art would recognize other variations, modifications, and alternatives. The present system 10 includes a variety of elements such as a computing device 13, which is coupled to an image processor 15 and is coupled to a database 21. The image processor receives information from an image capturing device 17, which image processor and image capturing device are collectively referred to as the imaging system herein. The image capturing device obtains information from a plate 19, which includes a plurality of sites for cells. These cells can be biological cells that are living, fixed, dead, cell fractions, cells in a tissue, and the like. The computing device retrieves the information, which has been digitized, from the image processing device and stores such information into the database. A user interface device 11, which can be a personal computer, a work station, a network computer, a personal digital assistant, or the like, is coupled to the computing device.

Fig. 1A is a simplified diagram of a database system 1000 according to an embodiment of the present invention. This diagram is merely an example and should not limit the scope of the claims herein. One of ordinary skill in the art would recognize many other variations, modifications, and alternatives. Database system 1000 includes a variety of techniques for processing images from biological cells, e.g., fixed, living, and dead cells, and cell portions. As shown, images are acquired 1001. These images can be from a single frame or multiple frames. As merely an example, an image processing system may analyze such images. One example of

such an image processing system is described below, but should not be construed as limiting certain claims.

In a specific embodiment, cell samples are manipulated using a compound (e.g., substance, drug). The cell samples are imaged for a simple portion or portions, e.g., manipulated cell substructure, manipulated spatial feature of cell, cell density. Image processing techniques are used to extract 1003 the feature or features from the image or images. The features can be an independent or a dependent set of cell characteristics (which may be predominately visual) including, for example, count, area, perimeter, length, breadth, fiber length, fiber breadth, shape factor, elliptical form factor, inner radius, outer radius, mean radius, equivalent radius, equivalent sphere volume, equivalent prolate volume, equivalent oblate volume, equivalent sphere surface, average intensity, total intensity, optical density, radial dispersion, texture difference, and others. Each of these features corresponds to a similar manipulation by a compound. Each manipulation forms a new set of features, which are identifiable to the compound. Once each set of features has been extracted, the feature set is populated 1004 into a database 1012. Accordingly, the database includes many sets of features, where each set corresponds to a different manipulation for a selected cell. Each set of features corresponding to a manipulation provides a descriptor 1009, which is also stored 1019 in the database. The descriptor is a "finger print" including each feature for the manipulation. Each descriptor may be unique, or may have similarities to other descriptors or may even be the same as other descriptors for known and unknown manipulations.

The present system retrieves features, which we define as simple features herein, and forms composite features 1007 from them. More than one feature can be combined in a variety of different ways to form these composite features. In particular, the composite feature can be any function or combination of a simple feature and other composite features. The function can be algebraic, logical, sinusoidal, logarithmic, linear, hyperbolic, statistical, and the like. Alternatively, more than one simple feature can be combined in a functional manner (e.g., arithmetic, algebraic). As merely an example, the composite feature equals a sum of feature 1 and feature 2, where these features correspond to the same manipulation. Alternatively, the composite feature equals feature 1 divided by feature 2. Alternatively, the composite feature equals feature 1 minus feature 2. Alternatively,

the composite feature equals a constant times feature 1 plus feature 2. Of course, there are many ways that the composite feature can be defined. The present system also stores 1017 these features in the database. The composite features can also be further combined with simple features. Once these features are defined as descriptors, they are stored 1019 in the database.

Fig. 1B is a simplified diagram of a database system engine 2000 according to an embodiment of the present invention. This diagram is merely an example and should not limit the scope of the claims herein. One of ordinary skill in the art would recognize many other variations, modifications, and alternatives. The engine can be implemented into the present database for populating, searching, and predicting compound or cell characteristics. As merely an example, engine 2001 includes an input/output module 2008. The input/output module is used to input and output information from the database. The information includes, among others, a plurality of feature sets, which correspond to many manipulations. Additionally, the information includes descriptors, which each corresponds to a set of features from the manipulation. The database also has a population module, which is used to configure the features based upon an entity relationship, which has been predetermined.

The database engine also has other modules. In particular, the database has a transcription module, which transfers a preselected set of features and creates a descriptor from them. The transcription module can be used to take a known compound, which has features, to transcribe them into a descriptor. Alternatively, the transcription module can be used to take an unknown compound, which has features, to transcribe them into a descriptor. These descriptors are provided into the database for subsequent use. Finally, the database engine has a prediction module, which can be used to potentially predict a property (e.g., mechanism of action) of an unknown compound. Here, the unknown compound is provided with a descriptor, but the property of the compound is unknown. In one embodiment, the prediction module compares a descriptor of an unknown compound with the many descriptors of known compounds, which were in the populated database. Depending upon the matching criteria, the prediction module will attempt to uncover one or more descriptors of known compounds. Once the prediction module finds the descriptors of the known compounds based upon the descriptor for the unknown compound, it identifies a potential property of such unknown compound for analysis and review. Here, it is

believed that certain features of the known compound, which are similar to those features of the unknown compound may uncover a property to the unknown compound. Details of the present software engine are described more fully below.

Fig. 2 is a simplified block diagram 20 of a cellular knowledge-based system according to an alternative embodiment of the present invention. This diagram is merely an example and should not limit the scope of the claims herein. One of ordinary skill in the art would recognize other variations, modifications, and alternatives. Like reference numerals are used in the present diagram as the previous diagram for easy cross-referencing, but are not intended to be limiting in any manner.

The present diagram 20 includes a variety of elements such as a processor 13 or computing device coupled to a database 11. The processor can be used for retrieving and storing information from the database. The system also includes a plurality of system elements, such as a cleaner 23, a dispenser 25, and an image capturing system 27, which are also coupled to the database in some embodiments. These elements can be coupled to each other through a network or the like. As merely an example, the network can be a NetWareTM network from Novell Corporation or an internet network or the Internet but can also be others and any combination thereof. The system also has an output device 31, which can be used to output information from the database, processor, or other system elements. Details of these elements are described more fully below in reference to the Figs.

Figs. 3-5 are simplified drawings of system elements according to embodiments of the present invention. These diagrams are merely examples and should not limit the scope of the claims herein. One of ordinary skill in the art would recognize other variations, modifications, and alternatives. As merely an example,

Fig. 3 is a simplified diagram of a processor or computing device 13. The computing device 13 includes a bus 112 which interconnects major subsystems such as a central processor 114, a system memory 116 (e.g., random access memory), an input/output ("I/O") controller 118, an external device such as a display screen 124 via a display adapter 126, a keyboard 132 and a mouse 146 via an I/O controller 118, a SCSI host adapter (not shown), and a floppy disk drive 134 operative to receive a floppy disk 138.

The computing device has other features. Storage Interface 134 may act as a storage interface to a fixed disk drive 144 or a CD-ROM player 140 operative

to receive a CD-ROM 142. Fixed disk 144 may be a part of computing device or may be separate and accessed through other interface systems. A network interface 148 may provide a direct connection to a remote server via a telephone link or to the Internet. Network interface 148 may also connect to a local area network ("LAN") or other network interconnecting many computer systems. Many other devices or subsystems (not shown) may be connected in a similar manner. Also, it is not necessary for all of the devices shown in Fig. 3 to be present to practice the present invention, as discussed below. The devices and subsystems may be interconnected in different ways from that shown in Fig. 3. The operation of a computer system such as that shown in Fig. 3 is readily known in the art and is not discussed in detail in this application. Computer code to implement the present invention, may be operably disposed or stored in computer-readable storage media such as system memory 116, fixed disk 144, CD-ROM 140, or floppy disk 138. The computer code can be organized in terms of processes or modules, depending upon the application. That is, the computer code can include a prediction module, a translation module, or other modules to carryout the functionality described herein, as well as others.

Figs. 4 and 5 are simplified diagrams of an imaging system 200 according to an embodiment of the present invention. As shown, the imaging system 200 includes a variety of features such as housing 203, which holds a stage assembly 204. The stage assembly includes an x-stage movement element 206, which is along an x-direction, and a y-stage movement element 207, which is along a y-direction. The imaging system also includes a z-direction movement element, which is perpendicular to the x-y plane. The z-direction movement motor can be attached to the stage, or to the objective nosepiece by way of the microscope housing, or as an external motor between the objective and the microscope housing. The stage can align in any one of the directions to an accuracy of one micron and less, or one-half micron and less, or one-quarter micron and less, depending upon the embodiment.

The stage holds a plate 202 or cell holder, which houses one of a plurality of samples. The plate includes a spatial array 209 of process sites. Each of the process sites can include a plurality of cells and solutions depending upon the embodiment. Each of the sites can carry a sufficient amount of solution to prevent substantial evaporation of the sample during processing in some embodiments. In embodiments for large scale analysis, the plate includes at least 96 sites, or more than

or equal to 384 sites, or more than or equal to 1536 sites. The plate bottom is transparent and thin, which allows light to pass through the sample. Additionally, the plate is made of a suitable chemical resistant material. As merely an example, the plate can be either a 96, or 384, or 1536 or other formats from places such as Becton Dickinson of Franklin Lakes, NJ, or Corning Science Products of Corning, NY. In a preferred embodiment, the plate is a Corning Costar black-walled 96 well plate catalog #3904 from Corning Science Products of Corning, NY, but should not be limited to these in some applications, but can be others.

Also shown is the condenser for the microscope 201, which can be used to collect phase, DIC, or bright field images of the cells. Images resulting from the illumination of the samples to fluorescence, phase, DIC, or bright field techniques are collected using an image capturing device 208, which captures an image or images of cells from the plate. In a specific embodiment, the microscope is an inverted configuration with the objectives on the bottom of the plate and the condenser disposed overlying an upper surface of the sites, while the image capturing device underlies the sites. Images captured by the imaging device, whether analogue or digital, are viewed by a monitor or other devices. The image capturing device can be any camera assembly such as a charge coupled device camera, which is known as a CCD camera, or other high resolution camera capable of capturing images from the sites. In a specific embodiment, the camera is an interline CCD camera which does not require an external shutter.

In a specific embodiment, the present imaging system can be any suitable unit that is flexible for automated image collection using multi-well plastic plates. The imaging system also should be adapted to collect high-resolution images of cells on plastic or glass plates, cell growth chambers, or coverslips. The system also can be used for imaging multiple cell markers in multiple imaging conditions. To accomplish this, the microscope system has a variety of elements such as a light source, a motorized excitation filter wheel and shutter, x-y-z-motorized stage, excitation and emission filters, Fluor phase and DIC objectives, motorized objective nosepiece, dichroic filters, motorized dichroic filter cubes, phase and DIC rings and prisms, CCD camera, and software control. As merely an example, the present imaging system can have components such as those listed in the Table below.

DESCRIPTION	MAKER	MODEL
Microscope	Zeiss	100M
(x-y) motorized stage	Prior	
Xenon lamp	Sutter	Lambda
Filter wheel	Sutter	Lambda-10
Microtitre Plate holder	Prior	500-H223R
Isolation Table	Kinetic Systems	9101-24-85
Objective Spacers	Polytec PI	P-721.90
Camera	Hamamatsu	C47-95
Computer	IBM	IntelliStation
Software	Metamorph	v.4
Objectives	Zeiss	Achroplan 10x/0.25 LD-Achroplan 20x/0.4 LD-Achroplan 40x/0.6

Table: Image Acquisition System Elements

5 In a specific embodiment, the present system has the following capabilities, which are not intended to be limiting.

Image acquisition

1) Ability to automatically acquire multi-wavelength images from multiple sites on one multi-well plate, to sequentially name image files, and to log any
10 imaging parameter information with image files.

2) Ability to link images with a larger database/spreadsheet of information.

3) Ability to automatically collect multiple plates by interfacing the imaging system with a robotic arm.

15

X-Y control

1) Ability to place 96, 384, or 1536 well plates onto microscope stage and move to each well sequentially.

2) Ability to return to each well and collect another round of images (multi-site time-lapse) or ability to collect rapid time-lapse information at each well (time-lapse of many wells).

3) Ability to collect a low magnification image, automatically
5 determine features which may be of interest, automatically change the objective to a higher magnification, and collect high magnification images of a fixed number of those identified cells in the sample.

4) Ability to collect multiple frames in each site.

10 Z control

1. Ability to auto-focus with substantially minimal damage to biological specimen or fluorophore.

2. Ability to auto-focus rapidly.

15 The present embodiment of the imaging system is shown by way of Figs. 5A and 5B. These diagrams are merely examples and should not limit the scope of the claims herein. One of ordinary skill in the art would recognize other variations, modifications, and alternatives. The present imaging system 40 includes a variety of elements such as a microscope 41, which is preferably an epi-fluorescent microscope,
20 but can be confocal, multiphoton, or hybrid types. The microscope includes elements 41A, the motorized Z-axis; 41B, the motorized dichroic filter cube holder; and 41C, the motorized objective nosepiece. In one embodiment, the microscope is a Model 100M made by Zeiss. The microscope communicates to computer 51 through control lines 73, 75, and 76. The imaging system also has camera 50 coupled to controller
25 50A and computing device 51, which oversees and controls operations of the elements of the imaging system.

The present microscope includes drivers for spatially moving a stage in two dimensions, including an x-direction, a y-direction, and moving the objective nosepiece in a z-direction in a Cartesian coordinate system. The z-direction
30 movement is provided using a fast z-motor, which can make z-direction adjustments within a predetermined time. The z-direction movement generally provides for focussing of the sample to the camera. The focussing occurs within the predetermined time of preferably ten seconds and less, or five seconds and less, or one

second and less, depending upon the embodiment. As merely an example, the z-motor or positioner can be a model PIFOC objective nanopositioner made by a company called Physik Instrumente of Waldbronn, Germany, but also can be others. The z-motor couples to computer 51 through line 63, which may also include a
5 controller. Depending upon the embodiment, a second z-motor 41A connected to the computer 51 by line 73 may be used to keep the z-motor 42 in the center of its travel. Alternatively, in other embodiments the stage could be provided with a z-motor allowing for movement of the stage in the z-direction.

The present stage also includes an x-y stage 43. The x-y stage moves
10 plate 59, e.g., 96 site, 384 site, 1536 site. The x-y stage moves plate in an x-y spatial manner. The stage has an accuracy or repeatability of about 1 micron and less, or about 2 microns and less. The stage can move in a continuous manner or a stepped manner. The stage also can move up to 30 mm/sec. or faster. The stage also can move 1 mm/sec. and less, depending upon the embodiment. The stage can also step
15 0.1 micron and less or 1 micron and less, as well as other spatial dimensions. The stage can be one such as a Proscan Series made by Prior Scientific of Rockland, MA but can also be others. The stage is controlled via control line 61 through controller 43A, which couples to computer 51 through control line 65.

The stage includes plate holder 44. The plate holder can hold a single
20 plate. In other embodiments, plate holder can also hold multiple plates. The plate holder can use mechanical, electrical, fluid, vacuum and other means for holding the plate or plates. The plate holder also is sufficiently stable for securing the plate. As merely an example, the plate holder is a Model 500-H223R made by Prior Scientific of Rockland, MA. In some embodiments, the plate holder may need adjustment in
25 the z-direction to provide for a desirable focus of a sample on a plate. In these embodiments, the plate holder is supported by spacers 45 or a plurality of stage pins, which mechanically elevate the plate holder in the z-direction. These pins are generally made of a suitable material for supporting such plate holder and also are sufficiently resistant to chemicals and the like.

30 In some embodiments, the entire imaging system is placed on an isolation table 49. The isolation table is disposed between the microscope and support structure. The isolation table is designed to prevent excessive vibration of the plate. The isolation table is made of a suitable material such as steel and honeycomb but can

be others. The table has a thickness of about 8 inches or preferably less than about 24 inches. In one embodiment, the table is Model 9101-24-85 made by Kinetic Systems of Boston, MA.

The imaging system also has a lamp or illumination assembly 62. The
5 lamp assembly provides for a light source (See reference letter B) to a plurality of elements in the imaging system. For easy rearing, the light path is defined by the dotted lines, which are not intended to be limiting. The lamp assembly has a variety of elements such as a Xenon lamp 46. The Xenon lamp provides light at about 320 to 700 nanometers (Prefocused). The Xenon lamp is 175 or 300 Watts. As merely an
10 example, the lamp can be a Lambda Model made by Sutter Instrument Company of Novato, CA.

Referring to Fig. 5B, the lamp assembly also has a cold mirror 58, an excitation filter wheel 48, excitation filter(s) 55, and an excitation light shutter 57. As shown, light is derived from the Xenon lamp, reflects off of the cold mirror 58,
15 traverses through the excitation filter or filters 55, and is controlled by the excitation light shutter 57. The lamp assembly has filter wheel 48, which houses one of a plurality of filters, including excitation filters. The shutter and filter wheel are controlled via control lines 67, which are coupled to a computer 51 or other type of computing device. The control lines 67 are coupled through controller 57A (for
20 element 57) and controller 48A (for element 48) via control line 69 to computer 51.

Preferably, light traverses from the lamp assembly through a light guide 47 to illuminate features within the plate. The light guide is suitably selected to have a flexible member, which can be used to place lamp source at a remote location away from the imaging device. The flexible member substantially keeps any
25 vibration from the lamp assembly away from the imaging device. In some embodiments, the member is at least 1 foot away from the imaging device. The light guide is a guide, which is a flexible hose-type sleeve. The sleeve is filled with a liquid such as an aqueous solution containing chloride or phosphate. A thin layer may be formed on the inside of the sleeve. The layer can be a containing
30 tetrafluoroethylene and hexafluoropropylene, or containing tetrafluoroethylene and perfluoromethyl vinyl ether, or tetrafluoroethylene and perfluoropropyl vinyl ether. An example of such a light guide is described in International Application No. WO/98/38537 filed February 29, 1997, and assigned to NATH, Gunther. The liquid

light guide has less than about 30% transmission loss of the light at a remote location such as the imaging system.

Light is derived from the lamp assembly and directs off of filter 56, which directs the light upward. Filter 56 can be a dichroic and emission filter, as well as others. The light traverses through microscope nosepiece 41C, and traverses through objective spacers 54. An objective 53 magnifies the light toward a predetermined point on the plate 59. The objective can be, for example, made by Zeiss of Jena, Germany, as well as other companies. The objective can be one of a plurality including 1X, 10X, 20X, 40X, and others, depending upon the application. Magnification can be further expanded or contracted by intermediate optics between the objective and the camera. Selection of filter or filters is controlled by computer 51 via control line 75.

The camera 50 captures an image of cells from plate 59. The image is obtained from light scattering off of cells or portions of cells in the plate through objective 53, through objective spacers, through filters 56, which are captured at camera 50. In this preferred embodiment, the camera is a digital camera, but can be an analogue camera. The digital camera is a CCD camera, which has 1280 by 1024 pixels, or more or less. The pixels can be 6.7 microns in dimension or more or less. The camera preferably is substantially free from an external shutter to quickly capture a plurality of images of cells from the plate. The camera is controlled via control line 71 through controller 50A, which connects to computer 51 through control line 70. The present invention can also include other types of image acquisition devices selected from at least an epifluorescence, a confocal, a total-internal reflection, a phase, a Hoffman, a bright field, a dark field, a differential interference contrast, an interference reflection, or multi-photon illumination device.

The present imaging system stores images on a high density memory device 60. The high density memory device is preferably optical, but can also be magnetic. The high density memory device can be any suitable unit that is capable of storing a plurality of images from a plurality of sites in the plate. The memory device can be a compact disk, which would generally use a compact disk burner or the like. Depending upon the embodiment, the high density memory device is used to archive the images that are captured from the camera in the imaging system. Further details

of the imaging system can be found throughout the present specification, and more particularly below.

As merely an example, the present invention can be implemented using the following sequence of steps, which have been described in a journal entry form.

- 5 Here, images are opened and objects are identified based on a background value that has been edited in starting image acquisition. Information is maintained in a spreadsheet or other database format, which has the following information for each object:

Image Name	Image Plane	Image Date and Time
Elapsed Time	Object #	Total area
Pixel area	Area	Hole area
Relative hole area	Standard area count	Perimeter
Length	Breadth	Fiber length
Fiber breadth	Shape factor	Ell. form factor
Inner radius	Outer radius	Mean radius
Average gray value	Total gray value	Optical density
Radial dispersion	Texture Difference Moment	EFA Harmonic 2, Semi-Major Axis
EFA Harmonic 2, Semi-Minor Axis	EFA Harmonic 2, Semi-Major Axis Angle	EFA Harmonic 2, Ellipse Area
EFA Harmonic 2, Axial Ratio	EFA Harmonic 3, Semi-Minor Axis	

10

After computations are done, the log file is saved. In particular, the file is saved in an appropriate place with an appropriate name.

In a specific embodiment, the present invention provides the following detailed example of journal entries, which should not limit the scope of the invention.

Set Up Sequential File Names	Interactive: user sets up prefix name and image storage directory
Open Data Log	Opens a DDE (Excel) File
Annotate Log File	Interactive: experimental information that will go into the first line of the log file of stage positions
Stage (Go to Origin)	Origin is set as the center of well A1
Stage (Move to Absolute Position)	Offset to upper left hand corner of well (1410, 1621)
Stage (Log Position)	
Stage (Scan Wells)	User picks wells to scan: runs 3x3 image collection.jnl.

3X3 IMAGE COLLECTION.jnl

Stage (Scan)	Takes 9 images of well, -1600 motor steps apart from left to right 3 columns and 3 rows, runs FOCUS, COLLECT IMAGE, SAVE SEQUENTIAL FILE NAME.JNL.
--------------	--

5

FOCUS, COLLECT IMAGE, SAVE SEQUENTIAL FILE NAME.jnl.

Stage (Log Position)	Logs stage position of each image
ADC – Focus	Opens up the manual focusing window with whatever focus time is current set
Show Message and Wait	Interactive: user hits enter to continue when done focusing

ADC-Acquire from Digital Camera	Takes Hoechst image
Save Using Sequential File Names	
Close	Closes image window

START IMAGE ANALYSIS.jnl

Low Pass	3x3 convolution of already opened image
Low Pass	3x3
Show Region Statistics	Interactive: Show entire image statistics. Calculate background subtraction value for step 4. by: INTENSITY Average + INTENSITY Std. Dev.
Arithmetic	Interactive: User inputs subtraction value from 3. into the constant Value field
Threshold image	Creates threshold 1 unit above 0 to 4096
Integrated Morphometry – Load State	Loads Start Image Analysis.ima Classifier 100 < area < 200000
Integrated Morphometry – Measure	Interactive: Shows area summary information about all objects. The average number is used as the Standard Area in 8.
Object Standards - Set Object Standards	Interactive: User inputs average area value from 7. into Standard Area box to be used by automated IMA for all images

IMA OBJECTS.jnl

Low Pass	3x3 convolution
Low Pass	3x3 convolution
Arithmetic	This background subtraction value needs to be manually entered into this journal from the value determined in START IMAGE ANALYSIS.jnl step 3
Threshold Image	1 unit above 0
Integrated Morphometry – Load State	Hoechst.IMA Classifier 200 < area < 200000
Integrated Morphometry – Measure	Measures statistical info for all objects
Run Journal	Runs log obj and sum data.jnl

Log obj and sum data.jnl

Integrated Morphometry – Log Data	Logs object data into Sheet 1
Integrated Morphometry – Log Data	Log summary data into Sheet 2

5

COLLECT AUTOMATED IMA DATA IN ONE SPREADSHEET.jnl

Run Journal	Runs OPEN OBJECT LOG DDE FILE.JNL
Loop for all Images in a Directory	Loops IMA OBJECTS.jnl
Close Summary Log	
Close Object Log	User must manually save Excel spreadsheet

OPEN OBJECT LOG DDE FILE.jnl

Open Object Log	Opens a DDE object log into sheet 1 of an Excel spreadsheet
Open Summary Log	Opens a summary log into sheet 2

COLLECT AUTOMATED IMA DATA IN ONE SPREADSHEET 16 BIT IMAGES.jnl

Arithmetic	Interactive: Opens Arithmetic window for user to input background subtraction level from START IMAGE ANALYSIS.jnl step 3
Run Journal	Runs OPEN OBJECT LOG DDE FILE.JNL
Loop for all Images in a Directory	Interactive: Runs IMA OBJECTS 16 bit.jnl. User picks directory from which to choose.

5

IMA OBJECTS 16bit.jnl

Low Pass	3x3 convolution
Low Pass	3x3 convolution
Copy to 8-bit Image	No autoscale, to new untitled image
Save Using Sequential File Name	Saves 8bit image using previously defined Sequential File names.
Arithmetic	This background subtraction value needs to be manually entered into this journal from the value determined in START IMAGE ANALYSIS 16 TO 8 BIT.jnl step 5
Threshold Image	1 unit above 0 to 255

Integrated Morphometry – Load State	Hoechst.IMA Classifier 200 < area < 200000
Integrated Morphometry – Measure	Measures statistical info for all objects
Run Journal	Runs log obj and sum data.jnl

START IMAGE ANALYSIS 16 to 8 BIT.jnl

Copy to 8-bit Image	No autoscale, to new untitled image
Close	Closes 16 bit image
Low Pass	3x3 convolution
Low Pass	3x3 convolution
Show Region Statistics	Interactive: Show entire image statistics. Calculate background subtraction value for step 6. by: INTENSITY Average + INTENSITY Std. Dev.
Arithmetic	Interactive: User inputs subtraction value from 5. into the constant Value field
Threshold image	Creates threshold by 1 unit above 0 to 255
Integrated Morphometry – Load State	Loads Start Image Analysis.ima Classifier 100 < area < 200000
Integrated Morphometry – Measure	Interactive: Shows area summary information about all objects. The average number is used as the Standard Area in 10.
Object Standards - Set Object Standards	Interactive: User inputs average area value from 9. into Standard Area box to be used by automated IMA for all images

IMA OBJECTS WITH NEW LOG FILE.jnl

Run Journal	OPEN OBJECT LOG DDE FILE.JNL
Run Journal	IMA OBJECTS.jnl
Close Summary Log	
Close Object Log	User must manually save every Excel spreadsheet generated.

INTERACTIVE IMA OBJECTS.jnl

Threshold Image	User manually sets threshold
Integrated Morphometry – Load State	Hoechst.IMA Classifier 200 < area < 200000
Integrated Morphometry – Measure	Objects
Integrated Morphometry – Log Data	Into open object.log file

5

COLLECT INTERACTIVE IMA DATA.jnl

Close Object Lo g	
Open Object Log	Interactive
Annotate Log File	Interactive: experimental information that will go into the first line of the object log file
Loop for all Images in Directory	Runs INTERACTIVE IMA OBJECTS.jnl

CHANGE FILTER, COLLECT IMAGE, SAVE SEQUENTIAL FILE
NAME.jnl

Stage (Log Position)	
ADC-Focus	

Show Message and Wait	Interactive – user presses Enter when done focusing
ADC – Acquire from Digital Camera	Hoechst
Save Using Sequential File Name	
Close	Close open image

COLLECT HOECHST AND FITC.jnl

Run Journal	FOCUS, COLLECT IMAGE, SAVE SEQUENTIAL FILE NAME.JNL
Run Journal	CHANGE FILTER, COLLECT IMAGE, SAVE SEQUENTIAL FILE NAME.jnl

3X3 IMAGE COLLECTION HOECHST FITC.jnl

Stage (Scan)	COLLECT HOECHST AND FITC.jnl
--------------	------------------------------

5

AUTOMATED 3X3 IMAGE COLLECTION HOECHST FITC.jnl

Set Up Sequential File Names	Interactive: user sets up prefix name and image storage directory
Open Data Log	Excel DDL files
Annotate Log File	Interactive: experimental information that will go into the first line of the log file of stage positions
Stage (Go to Origin)	Origin is set as the center of well A1
Stage (Move to Absolute Position)	Offset to upper left hand corner of well (1410, 1621)

Stage (Log Position)	
Stage (Scan Wells)	Interactive: user picks wells to scan: runs 3X3 IMAGE COLLECTION HOECHST FITC.jnl

AUTOMATED IMAGE COLLECTION.jnl

Set Up Sequential File Names	Interactive: user sets up prefix name and image storage directory
Open Data Log	Opens a DDE (Excel) File
Annotate Log File	Interactive: experimental information that will go into the first line of the log file of stage positions
Stage (Go to Origin)	Origin is set as the center of well A1
Stage (Log Position)	
Stage (Scan Wells)	Interactive: user picks wells to scan: runs FOCUS, COLLECT IMAGE, SAVE SEQUENTIAL FILE NAME.JNL. Well to well travel = (-9035, -9035)

5

STARTUP.jnl

Install and Configure Devices	Open Stage Meta Devices
Set Live Video Channel	

Preferences	<u>Measure Objects</u> : Draw failed classifier objects, Exclude objects that touch the edge of the image, Enable Elliptical Fourier Parameters, turn off Warn users when measurement data will be erased <u>Image Saving</u> : Save Tiff/stk using LZW compression <u>Image Windows</u> : Use transparent thresholds.
Configure Default Paths	C:\Metamorph Data C:\Metamorph Data\Common Settings
Load Journal Taskbar	Common.JTB

Nested Journals

Automated 3x3 Image Collection

5

Loop 3x3 image collection*Loop* focus, collect image, save sequential file name

Automated 3x3 image collection Hoechst FITC

10

Loop 3x3 image collection Hoechst FITC*loop* Collect Hoechst and FITC

focus, collect image, save sequential file name

change filter, collect image, save sequential file name

Automated image collection

15

Loop focus, collect image, save sequential file name

Collect automated IMA data in one Spreadsheet

Open object log DDE file

Loop IMA objects
Log obj and sum data

Collect automated IMA data in one spreadsheet 16 bit images

5 Open object log DDE file
 Loop IMA objects 16 bit
 Log obj and sum data

Although the above has been generally described in terms of a specific
10 user interface and software code, other user interfaces and code can also be used. One
of ordinary skill in the art would recognize many other variations, alternatives, and
modifications.

Fig. 6 is a simplified diagram 600 of a cleaning and dispensing system
according to an embodiment of the present invention. This system 600 includes a
15 variety of elements such as a dispensing head 609, which is coupled to a plurality of
pipettes 601. The pipettes input and output fluids or solutions from plate 603. The
plate has a plurality of sites, each of which can be used to input cells or a combination
of cells and solution. The system also has elements to house solutions 605, which are
used to manipulate cell samples in the plate. The dispensing head is supported
20 through a support member 607, which is sufficiently rigid to allow for movement of
the head. The dispenser is coupled to the present system in a mechanical and
electrical manner, which provides for a fully integrated system for providing cell
samples to the imaging system according to the present invention.

Fig. 7A illustrates a representative block flow diagram of simplified
25 process steps of a method for determining properties of a manipulation based upon
effects of the manipulation on one or more portions of one or more cells in a
particular embodiment according to the present invention. This diagram is merely an
illustration and should not limit the scope of the claims herein. One of ordinary skill
in the art would recognize other variations, modifications, and alternatives. In step
30 700, one or more samples of cells can be provided. These cells can be live, dead, or
fixed cells, or cell fractions. The cells also can be in one of many cell cycle stages,
including G0, G1, S, G2 or M phase, M phase including the following cell cycle
stages: interphase, prophase, prometaphase, metaphase, anaphase, and telophase.

Cell components tracked in presently preferable embodiments can include proteins, protein modifications, genetically manipulated proteins, exogenous proteins, enzymatic activities, nucleic acids, lipids, carbohydrates, organic and inorganic ion concentrations, sub-cellular structures, organelles, plasma membrane, adhesion complex, ion channels, ion pumps, integral membrane proteins, cell surface receptors, G-protein coupled receptors, tyrosine kinase receptors, nuclear membrane receptors, ECM binding complexes, endocytotic machinery, exocytotic machinery, lysosomes, peroxisomes, vacuoles, mitochondria, Golgi apparatus, cytoskeletal filament network, endoplasmic reticulum, nuclear membrane, proteosome apparatus, chromatin, nucleolus, cytoplasm, cytoplasmic signaling apparatus, microbe specializations and plant specializations.

The following table illustrates some markers and cell components commonly used by embodiments according to the present invention. Other markers can be used in various embodiments without departing from the scope of the invention.

Cell component	Marker	Disease State
Plasma membrane (including overall cell shape)	Carbocyanine dyes Phosphatidylserine Various lipids Glycoproteins	Apoptosis-Cancer Apoptosis-Neural degenerative Ds
Adhesion complexes	Cadherins Integrins Occludin Gap junction ERM proteins CAMs Catenins Desmosomes	Thrombosis Metastasis Wound healing Inflammatory Ds Dermatologic Ds
Ion Channels and Pumps	Na/K ATPase Calcium channels Serotonin reuptake pump CFTR	Cystic fibrosis Depression Congestive Heart Failure Epilepsy

G coupled receptors	β adrenergic receptor Angiotensin receptor	Hypertension Heart Failure Angina
Tyrosine kinase receptors	PDGF receptor FGF receptor IGF receptor	Cancer Wound healing Angiogenesis Cerebrovascular Ds
ECM binding complexes	Dystroglycan Syndecan	Muscular Dystrophy
Endocytotic machinery	Clathrin Adaptor proteins COPs Presenilins Dynamin	Alzheimer's Ds
Exocytotic machinery	SNAREs Vesicles	Epilepsy Tetanus Systemic Inflammation Allergic Reactions
Lysosomes	Acid phosphatase Transferrin	Viral diseases
Peroxisomes/Vacuoles		Neural degenerative Ds
Mitochondria	Caspases Apoptosis inducing factor F1 ATPase Fluorescein Cyclo-oxygenase	Apoptosis Neural degenerative Ds Mitochondrial Cytopathies Inflammatory Ds
Golgi Apparatus	Lens Culinaris DiOC6 carbocyanine dye COPs	

Cytoskeletal Filament Networks	Microtubules Actin Intermediate Filaments Kinesin, dynein, myosin Microtubule associated proteins Actin binding proteins Rac/Rho Keratins	Cancer Neural degenerative Ds Inflammatory Ds Cardiovascular Ds Skin Ds
Endoplasmic Reticulum	SNARE PDI Ribosomes	Neural degenerative Ds
Nuclear Membrane	Lamins Nuclear Pore Complex	Cancer
Proteosome Apparatus	Ubiquityl transferases	Cancer
Chromatin	DNA Histone proteins Histone deacetylases Telomerases	Cancer Aging
Nucleolus	Phase markers	
Cytoplasm	Intermediary Metabolic Enzymes BRCA1	Cancer
Cytoplasmic Signaling Apparatus	Calcium Camp PKC pH	Cardiovascular Ds Migraine Apoptosis Cancer
Microbe Specializations	Flagella Cilia Cell Wall components: Chitin synthase	Infectious Ds

Plant specializations	Choloroplast Cell Wall components	Crop Protection
-----------------------	--------------------------------------	-----------------

Then, in a step 702, one or more samples of the manipulation can be provided to the cells. Manipulations can comprise one or any combination of chemical, biological, mechanical, thermal, electromagnetic, gravitational, nuclear, or temporal factors, for example. For example, manipulations could include exposure to chemical compounds, including compounds of known biological activity such as therapeutics or drugs, or also compounds of unknown biological activity. Or exposure to biologics that may or may not be used as drugs such as hormones, growth factors, antibodies, or extracellular matrix components. Or exposure to biologics such as infective materials such as viruses that may be naturally occurring viruses or viruses engineered to express exogenous genes at various levels. Bioengineered viruses are one example of manipulations via gene transfer. Other means of gene transfer are well known in the art and include but are not limited to electroporation, calcium phosphate precipitation, and lipid-based transfection. Manipulations could also include delivery of antisense polynucleotides by similar means as gene transfection. Other genetic manipulations include gene knock-outs or gene mutations. Manipulations also could include cell fusion. Physical manipulations could include exposing cells to shear stress under different rates of fluid flow, exposure of cells to different temperatures, exposure of cells to vacuum or positive pressure, or exposure of cells to sonication. Manipulations could also include applying centrifugal force. Manipulations could also include changes in gravitational force, including sub-gravitation (the preferred embodiment in outer space). Manipulations could include application of a constant or pulsed electrical current. Manipulations could also include irradiation. Manipulations could also include photobleaching which in some embodiments may include prior addition of a substance that would specifically mark areas to be photobleached by subsequent light exposure. In addition, these types of manipulations may be varied as to time of exposure, or cells could be subjected to multiple manipulations in various combinations and orders of addition. Of course, the type of manipulation used depends upon the application.

Then, in a step 704, one or more descriptors of a state in the portions of the cells in the presence of the manipulation can be determined using the images

collected on the imaging system. Descriptors can comprise scalar or vector values, representing quantities such as area, perimeter, dimensions, intensity, gray level, aspect ratios, and the like. Other types of descriptors include, but are not limited to, one or any combination of characteristics such as a cell count, an area, a perimeter, a length, a breadth, a fiber length, a fiber breadth, a shape factor, a elliptical form factor, an inner radius, an outer radius, a mean radius, an equivalent radius, an equivalent sphere volume, an equivalent prolate volume, an equivalent oblate volume, an equivalent sphere surface area, an average intensity, a total intensity, and an optical density. These descriptors can be average or standard deviation values, or frequency statistics from the descriptors collected across a population of cells. These descriptors can be further reduced using other methods such as principal component analysis and the like. In some embodiments, the descriptors include features from different cell portions or cell types. That is, a first feature can be from a nuclei and a second feature is from another cell structure such as Golgi apparatus, mitochondria, spacing between cell structures or cells themselves, as well as many others.

A presently preferable embodiment uses descriptors selected from the following table. Other descriptors can also be used without departing from the scope of the invention.

Name of Parameter	Explanation/Comments
Count	Number of objects
Area	
Perimeter	
Length	X axis
Width	Y axis
Shape Factor	Measure of roundness of an object
Height	Z axis
Radius	
Distribution of Brightness	
Radius of Dispersion	Measure of how dispersed the marker is from its centroid
Centroid location	x-y position of center of mass
Number of holes in closed objects	Derivatives of this measurement might include, for

	example, Euler number (= number of objects - number of holes)
Elliptical Fourier Analysis (EFA)	Multiple frequencies that describe the shape of a closed object
Wavelet Analysis	As in EFA. but using wavelet transform
Interobject Orientation	Polar Coordinate analysis of relative location
Distribution Interobject Distances	Including statistical characteristics
Spectral Output	Measures the wavelength spectrum of the reporter dye. Includes FRET
Optical density	Absorbance of light
Phase density	Phase shifting of light
Reflection interference	Measure of the distance of the cell membrane from the surface of the substrate
1,2 and 3 dimensional Fourier Analysis	Spatial frequency analysis of non closed objects
1,2 and 3 dimensional Wavelet Analysis	Spatial frequency analysis of non closed objects
Eccentricity	The eccentricity of the ellipse that has the same second moments as the region. A measure of object elongation.
Long axis/Short Axis Length	Another measure of object elongation.
Convex perimeter	Perimeter of the smallest convex polygon surrounding an object
Convex area	Area of the smallest convex polygon surrounding an object
Solidity	Ratio of polygon bounding box area to object area.
Extent	proportion of pixels in the bounding box that are also in the region
Granularity	
Pattern matching	Significance of similarity to reference pattern
Volume measurements	As above, but adding a z axis

Then, in a step 705, a database of cell information can be provided. Next, in a step 706, a plurality of descriptors can be searched from a database of cell information in order to locate descriptors based upon one of the descriptors of the manipulation. Then, in a step 708, properties of the manipulation are predicted based upon the properties of the located descriptors. Properties can comprise toxicity, specificity against a subset of tumors, mechanisms of chemical activity, mechanisms of biological activity, structure, adverse biological effects, biological pathways, clinical effects, cellular availability, pharmacological availability, pharmacodynamic properties, clinical uses and indications, pharmacological properties, such as absorption, excretion, distribution, metabolism and the like.

In a particular embodiment, step 706 comprises determining matching descriptors in the database corresponding to a prior administration of the manipulation to the descriptors of the present administration of the manipulation. In a particular embodiment according to the present invention, combinations of measurements of scalar values can provide predictive information. A database can be provided having one or more "cellular fingerprints" comprised of descriptors of cell-substance interactions of drugs having known mechanisms of action with cells. Such descriptors can be analyzed, classified, and compared using a plurality of techniques, such as statistical classification and clustering, heuristic classification techniques, a technique of creating "phylogenetic trees" based on various distance measures between descriptors from various drugs. In this embodiment, numeric values for the descriptors can be used by comparison techniques. A phylogenetic tree can be created that illustrates a statistical significance of the similarity between descriptors for the drugs in the database. Because the drugs used to build the initial database are of known mechanism, it can be determined whether a particular scalar value in a descriptor is statistically predictive. Finally, a compound descriptor with no known mechanism of action can be queried against the database and be statistically compared and classified among the drugs in the database that the compound most resembles.

In a particular embodiment, relationships between measured morphological properties of images and physiological conditions can be determined. Relationships can include, for example, treatment of different cell lines with chemical compounds, or comparing cells from a patient with control cells, and the like. In a presently preferable embodiment, comparisons can be performed on acquired image

features. Some embodiments can comprise statistical and neural network - based approaches to perform comparisons of various features. The foregoing is provided as merely an example, and is not intended to limit the scope of the present invention. Other techniques can be included for different types of data.

5 In some embodiments, classification, clustering and other types of predictive data analysis can be performed on features extracted from cell images. In a presently preferable embodiment, statistical procedures for comparisons, classification and clustering are performed on data obtained from imaging cells.

Fragments of data preparation and pre-formatting (S language):

```
10       >tmp.frame <- Generic.Summary  
      >names1 <- paste("Cell.line.5", tmp.names, sep=".")  
      > by.compound.matrix <- as.matrix(arranged.by.compound)
```

Example of the code for principal component analysis (data
15 preparation) using S language:

```
      all.data.princomp <- menuPrincomp(data =  
      by.compound.matrix, scores = T, cor = "Correlation",  
      na.action = T, print.short = T, print.importance = T,  
      print.loadings = T, cutoff.loadings = 0.1,  
20       plot.screeplot = T, plot.loadings = T, plot.biplot = T,  
      plot.biplot.choices = c(1,2), predict.p = F)
```

Example of clustering using a divisive hierarchical clustering
algorithm:

```
25       > div.hier.2.manhattan.cluster$call  
      diana(x = tmp.sum.by.comp, diss = F, metric =  
      "manhattan",  
      stand = T, save.x = T, save.diss = T)
```

30 Another embodiment utilizes existing tools for biological sequence similarity searches, classification, and phylogenetic analysis. In a particular embodiment, numbers in a numerical descriptor can be substituted by one or more of nucleic acid or amino acid codes according to a one of several sets of rules. Once

converted into a corresponding nucleotide or amino acid sequence representation, the fingerprints can be analyzed and compared using software and algorithms known in the art for genetic and peptide sequence comparisons, such as GCG, a product of Genetics Computer Group, with company headquarters in Madison WI. Select
5 embodiments comprising such approaches enable the use of a broad array of sophisticated algorithms to compare, analyze, and cluster gene and protein sequences. Many programs performing this task are known to those of ordinary skill in the art, such as for example, the PHYLIP (PHYlogeny Interference Package) a package of programs for inferring phylogenies (evolutionary trees) described in (Feldenstein, J.
10 1996 Methods Enzymol 266:418-427 and Feldenstein, J. 1981 J. Mol. Evol. 17(6):368-376).

Embodiments can perform such analysis based upon factors such as numerical value, statistical properties, relationships with other values, and the like. Further details of a step of manipulation are noted more particular below.

15 Fig. 7B illustrates a representative block flow diagram of simplified process steps for determining one or more descriptors of a state in the portions of the cells in the presence of the manipulation of step 704 of Fig. 7A in a particular embodiment according to the present invention. This diagram is merely an illustration and should not limit the scope of the claims herein. One of ordinary skill
20 in the art would recognize other variations, modifications, and alternatives. In a step 712, an image of a cell portion is obtained. In some embodiments, the cell portion is visualized with a fluorescently labeled marker that is specific for the portion or portions of interest. A cell portion can include, for example, one or more of the following: nuclei, Golgi apparatus, and other features. The cell portion may vary in
25 select embodiments according to the invention. Then, in a step 714, a digitized representation of the image obtained in step 712 is determined. In some embodiments, steps 714 and step 712 can comprise a single step. These embodiments use a digital imaging means such as a digital camera, to obtain a digital image of the target directly. Next, in a step 716, the digital representation of the image is
30 processed to obtain image features. Image features can include such quantities as area, perimeter, dimensions, intensity, aspect ratios, and the like. Then, in a step 718 descriptors can be determined from the image features. Descriptors can comprise scalar or vector quantities and can comprise the image features themselves, as well as

composed features, such as shape factor derived by a relationship $4\pi \cdot \text{area} / \text{perimeter}$, and the like. Descriptors can also comprise statistical quantities relating to feature characteristics across a population of cells, such as a standard deviation, and average, and the like.

5 In a preferred embodiment, cells can be placed onto a microscope, such as a Zeiss microscope, or its equivalent as known in the art. A starting point, named Site A01, is identified to the microscope. A plurality of exposure parameters can be optimized for automated image collection and analysis. The microscope can automatically move to a new well, automatically focus, collect one or more images, at
10 one or more wavelengths, move to a next well, and repeat this process for all designated wells in a multiple well plate and for multiple plates. A file having a size and an intensity distribution measurement for each color and rank for each well can then be created for the images acquired. Based on this information, a user or a computer can revisit sites of interest to collect more data, if desired, or to verify
15 automated analysis. In a presently preferred embodiment, image automatic focus and acquisition can be done using computer software controlling the internal Z-motor of the microscope. Images are taken using a 10x, 20x, or 40x air long working distance objectives. Sometimes multiple images are collected per well. Image exposure times can be optimized for each fluorescent marker and cell line. The same exposure time
20 can be used for each cell line and fluorescent marker to acquire data.

Fig. 7C illustrates a representative block flow diagram of simplified process steps for obtaining images of cell portions of step 712 of Fig. 7B in a particular embodiment according to the present invention. This diagram is merely an illustration and should not limit the scope of the claims herein. One of ordinary skill
25 in the art would recognize other variations, modifications, and alternatives. The method is generally outlined by the steps below:

- (1). In a step 720, a sample is provided to the imaging device. Samples can be provided in 96 well plates and the like. The sample may be loaded into a microscope, such as a Zeiss microscope or equivalent.
- 30 (2). In a step 722, a set of optical filters is selected to shine light of the appropriate wavelength to illuminate the first sample, which may be contained in a first well designated A01.

(3). In a step 724, an automatic focusing procedure is performed for the site. In a particular embodiment, the internal z-motor of the microscope which is attached to the objective nosepiece is used for automatic focusing of the microscope. In an alternative embodiment, the plate holding the samples is moved to perform
5 automatic focusing of the microscope, or focusing can be performed by moving optical components attached to the microscope and the like.

(4). In a step 726, images are collected for the site. Images can be collected for every color at every site. Present embodiments can provide images for up to four colors. However, embodiments are contemplated that can provide more
10 colors by using either a monochromator coupled with excitation filters which are on a filter wheel, or by digitally separating overlapping fluorophores. Those knowledgeable in the field will know that given calibration images of single fluorophores, a look-up table can be devised which will allow for the digital removal of fluorescence bleed-through of fluorescence which may occur in optical channels
15 other than the one for which that filter has been optimized in instances of using more than one fluorophore at once. Cell growth and density information is also collected. Cell density is determined by what percentage of the area being imaged is inhabited by cells. In some embodiments, imaging can be facilitated using one or more biosensors, molecules such as non-proteins, i.e., lipids and the like, that are
20 luminescently tagged. However, some embodiments can also use fluorescence polarization and the like. Fluorescence polarization is a homogeneous fluorescence technology where the excited state of the molecule lasts much longer than in normal fluorescence, taking seconds to minutes to reach equilibrium, obliterating the need to wash away fluorescence markers that are not specifically bound to a marker. Further,
25 embodiments can detect differences in spectral shifts of luminescent markers. Some fluorescence markers, such as Nile Red sold by Molecular Probes of Eugene, OR, will change its emission peak wavelength depending on its environment. One can detect these changes by monitoring the level of fluorescence at both wavelengths and reading out at ratio of the two.

30 (5). In a step 728, a determination is made whether more fields of view need to be taken for a particular color. If this is so, then processing continues at step 726 at a new site. Otherwise, processing continues with a decisional step 730.

Images can now be taken by repeating step 726. In a preferred embodiment 4 to 9 images are collected at each site.

(5). In a step 730, a determination is made whether more optical configurations need to be taken in order to obtain images for all differently-marked cell portions the sample. If this is so, then in a step 732 a new optical configuration is determined. Images for the new optical configuration can now be taken by repeating steps 726 and 728.

(6). In a decisional step 734, after all optical configurations and images for fields of view in a sample have been obtained, a determination is made whether any further samples remain to be analyzed. If so, a new sample is brought into view and processing continues with step 720. Otherwise, image processing is complete. In a presently preferable embodiment, image data can be stored on a CD ROM using a CD ROM burner, such as CRW4416 made by Yamaha of Japan. However, other mass storage media can also be used.

Fig. 7D illustrates a representative block flow diagram of simplified process steps for processing digitized representations of step 716 of Fig. 7B in a particular embodiment according to the present invention. This diagram is merely an illustration and should not limit the scope of the claims herein. One of ordinary skill in the art would recognize other variations, modifications, and alternatives. The method is generally outlined by the steps below:

(1). In a step 740, a digitized image input is preprocessed. Preprocessing might include, but is not limited to, such operations as background subtraction, thresholding, smoothing, adoptive filtering, edge enhancements, contrast enhancements, histogram equalization. A particular combination of preprocessing steps can be applied to images in successive steps or in parallel to copies of the image.

A simplified example of a smoothing and background subtraction procedure in a MatLab language is presented in computer code below:

```
function Isubtracted = cmBackgrSubtrl(I,k)
% cmBackgrSubtrl(I,k) - simple flat background (=modal*k)
subtraction
% Y = cmBackgrSubtrl(I, k) - image Y is generated by
```

```

% subtraction (with saturation) of modal pixel value of I
multiplied by k
% DEFAULT - k=1
%
5  if (nargin == 1)
    k=1;
    end
    if (size(k)~=1)
        error('cmBackgrSubtrl: parameter k should be a number.
10  Exiting...');
    end

```

```

%modpixnum = floor(size(I(:),1)/2);
%sortedval = sort( double(I(:)) );
15 %modpixel = sortedval(modpixnum);
    modpixel = median(double(I(:)));
    bg = k*modpixel;

```

```

Isubtracted = mmsubm( uint8(I) - uint8(round(ones(
20  size(I))*k*modpixel )) );

```

An example of a procedure for thresholding in computer code (MatLab) is presented below:

```

function thresh = GetThreshByPerim1(I, M)
25 % GetThreshByPerim1(I) Finds optimal thresholding value
    for image I
    % N = GetThreshByPerim1(I) Finds thresholding value N for
    image I
    % N = GetThreshByPerim1(I, M) - tests threshold values up
30  to M
    % DEFAULT M = maximum pixel value in I
    % note that GetThreshByArea is significantly faster
    % finds a threshold value that causes the maximal change
    in the

```

```

% total perimeter of the objects (Russ ????)
% see Matlab_Auto_threshold1_1-23-99.doc for more details
% Note: works somewhat better on SMOOTH images (i.e.
medfilt2(I, [3 3]) two times
5
if (nargin == 0)
    error (strcat( mfilename, ' : at least one parameter
required'));
elseif (nargin == 1)
10    M = double(max(I(:)));    %test thresholds up to
maximum pixel value in I
elseif (nargin > 2)
    error (strcat (mfilename, ' : too many parameters'));
end
15
if (size(M)>1)
    error (strcat(mfilename, ' : argument M should be a
number'));
end
20
Minval = double( min(I(:)));
step = 1;

%generate vertical vector perims with total perimeters of
25 objects at different
%threshold values
for i=Minval : step : M
    bwI = im2bw(I, i/255);
    prI = bwperim(bwI);
30    pr = sum(prI(:));
    if (exist('perims', 'var') == 0) %perims is yet
undefined
        perims = pr;
    else

```

```

        perims = cat(1, perims, pr);
    end
end

5  % vector prdiffs contains differences between successive
    perimeters
    prdiffs = diff(perims);
    mindecrease = min(prdiffs);
    minvalues = find(prdiffs == mindecrease);
10 index_of_mindecrease = minvalues(1);
    thresh = index_of_mindecrease + 1;

    % =====end GetThresh1=====

```

15 Thresholding provides a specific intensity, such that pixels darker than the threshold are deemed black, and pixels lighter than the threshold are considered white. The thresholded image can be processed using binary image processing techniques in order to extract regions.

(2). In a step 742+744, the digitized image input is subjected to object
20 identification. This can be accomplished by a variety of procedures, for example by thresholding or edge detection and subsequent morphological opening and closing. Edge detection can be accomplished by means of gradient-based or zero-crossing methods, such as Sobel, Canny, Laplassian, Perwitt, and other methods.

An example of object identification procedure based on Canny edge
25 detection (in MatLab language) is presented below:

```

function Imask = cmMaskDNA1(I);
% cmMaskDNA1 - generates binary mask for cell nuclei
through edge detection
30 % Imask = cmMaskDNA1(I)
% PARAMETERS
%   I - intensity image (grayscale)
% OUTPUT
%   Imask - BW image with objects from I

```

```

%
% For more details see Notebook Matlab_DNA_masking1_1-22-
99.doc
% Uses SDC Morphology Toolbox V0.7
5
if (nargin ~= 1)
    error('Wrong number of input parameters');
end
if (nargout ~= 1)
10    error('Wrong number of output parameters: one output
argument should be provided');
end

15  Imask = edge(I, 'canny');
    Imask = mmdil(Imask, mmsecross(:));
    Imask = mmero ( mmclohole(Imask,mmsecross(1)));
    Imask = mmedgeoff(Imask, mmsecross(1));
    % note that mmedgeoff this command removed FILLED OBJECTS
20    but not touching OUTLINES.
    % these outlines can be removed by filtering:
    Imask = medfilt2(Imask, [5 5]);

    %=====end cmMaskDNA1
25    =====

```

However, embodiments can also use other techniques, such as Fast Fourier Transforms (FFT) and the like as known in the art without departing from the scope of the present invention.

30 (3). In a step 746, a plurality of region features can be determined. For example, in a representative embodiment, image features can include such quantities as area, perimeter, dimensions, intensity, aspect ratios, and the like. Features not directly related to individual objects are also being extracted.

An example of a procedure for extraction of some of the features (MatLab language) is presented below:

```

function OData = cmGetObjectsData(I, Ilabel)
5  % cmGetObjectsData returns array measurements of objects
  in image "I" masked by "Ilabel"
  % EV 2-3-99; 2-10-99
  % OData = cmGetObjectsData(I, Ilabel) returns an array of
  morphological and intensity measurements
10 %   taken from a grayscale image "I". Objects are
  identified on a mask image Ilabel, usually
  %   created by bwlabel()
  % OUTPUT:
  % Each row in the output array OData represents
15 individual object
  % columns contain the following measurements:
  %
  %   1 - Index ("number" of an object);      8 -
  Solidity;
20 %   2 - X coordinate of the center of mass; 9 - Extent;
  %   3 - Y coordinate      "-"; 10 - Total
  Intensity;
  %   4 - Total Area (in pixels);      11 - Avg.
  Intensity;
25 %   5 - Ratio of MajorAxis/MinorAxis;      12 - Median
  Intensity;
  %   6 - Eccentricity;      13 - Intensity of
  20% bright pixel
  %   7 - EquivDiameter;      14 - Intensity of
30 80% bright pixel
  %
  % For details on morphological parameters see information
  on MatLab imfeature();

```

```
% Intensity parameters are either obvious or are
documented in comments in this file.

if (nargin ~= 2)
5   error ('function requires exactly 2 parameters');
end
if (nargout ~= 1)
    error ('function has 1 output argument (array X by
14)');
10 end

% finished checking arguments

% first collect morphological parameters in a structure
15 array:
    ImStats = imfeature(Ilabel, 'Area', 'Centroid',
        'MajorAxisLength',...
        'MinorAxisLength', 'Eccentricity', 'EquivDiameter',
        ...
20     'Solidity', 'Extent', 8 );

% now convert it into array (matrix) while collecting
intensity data for each object:

25 %preallocate output array:
    numobjects = size(ImStats, 1);
    OData = zeros(numobjects, 14);
    %now convert ImStats into array and add intensity data to
    it
30 for k=1:numobjects
        OData(k, 1) = k;
        OData(k, 2) = ImStats(k).Centroid(1);
        OData(k, 3) = ImStats(k).Centroid(2);
        OData(k, 4) = ImStats(k).Area;
```

```

        OData(k, 5) = (ImStats(k).MajorAxisLength) /
        (ImStats(k).MinorAxisLength);
        OData(k, 6) = ImStats(k).Eccentricity ;
        OData(k, 7) = ImStats(k).EquivDiameter;
5       OData(k, 8) = ImStats(k).Solidity;
        OData(k, 9) = ImStats(k).Extent;

        % now collect and assign intensity parameters from
        image I
10
        object_pixels = find( Ilabel == k);
        object_area = size(object_pixels, 1); %same as total
        number of pixels in the object.
        object_intensities = double(I(object_pixels)); %
15 need to convert to double to do math
        sorted_intensities = sort(object_intensities); %
        will need to get median, 20% and 80% pixels
        total_intensity = sum(object_intensities, 1);
        avg_intensity = total_intensity / object_area;
20 median_intensity = sorted_intensities( floor(
        object_area/2 ) + 1 );
        pix20 = sorted_intensities( floor(object_area*0.2)+1
        ) ; %brightest pixel among dimmest 20%
        pix80 = sorted_intensities( floor(object_area*0.8)+1
25 ) ;

        OData(k, 10) = total_intensity;
        OData(k, 11) = avg_intensity;
        OData(k, 12) = median_intensity;
30 OData(k, 13) = pix20; %brightest pixel among dimmest
        20%
        OData(k, 14) = pix80; %dimmest pixel among brightest
        20%
        end %for

```

```
%===== end function
cmGetObjectsData () =====
```

5 (4). In a step 748, quantitative descriptors, characterizing cell state are calculated based on the feature measurements extracted at step 746. For example, histogram distribution of intensities of cell nuclei provides information about the population cell cycle stages.

In a particular embodiment according to the present invention, data analysis techniques for describing the fluorescence patterns of cell portions in multiple cell lines in the presence and absence of compounds are provided. Automated image analysis techniques can include determining one or more regions from around nuclei, individual cells, organelles, and the like, called "objects" using a thresholding function. Objects that reside on the edge of an image can be included or
15 excluded in various embodiments. An average population information about an object can be determined and recorded into a database, which can comprise a database text file or Excel spreadsheet, for example. However, embodiments can use any recording means without departing from the scope of the present invention. Values measured can be compared to the visual image. One or more types of numerical
20 descriptors can be generated from the values. For example, descriptors such as a number of objects, an average, a standard deviation of objects, a histogram (number or percentage of objects per bin, average, standard deviation), and the like can be determined.

In a particular embodiment according to the present invention, data can
25 be analyzed using morphometric values derived from any of a plurality of techniques commonly known in the art. For example, a software package called MetaMorph Imaging System, provided by Universal Imaging Corporation, a company with headquarters in West Chester, PA and NIH Image, provided by Scion Corporation, a company with headquarters in Frederick, Maryland.

30 Fluorescent images can be described by numerical values, such as for example, an area, a fluorescence intensity, a population count, a radial dispersion, a perimeter, a length, and the like. Further, other values can be derived from such measurements. For example, a shape factor can be derived according to a relationship

$4\pi * \text{area} / \text{perimeter}$. Other values can be used in various embodiments according to the present invention. Such values can be analyzed as average values and frequency distributions from a population of individual cells.

In a particular embodiment according to the present invention,
5 techniques for the automatic identification of mitotic cells are provided. Image analysis techniques employing techniques such as multidimensional representations, frequency-based representations, multidimensional cluster analysis techniques and the like can be included in various embodiments without departing from the scope of the present invention. Techniques for performing such analyses are known in the art and
10 include those embodied in MatLab software, produced by MathWorks, a company with headquarters in Natick, MA.

Scalar values providing efficacious descriptors of cell images can be identified using the techniques of the present invention to perform predictive analysis of drug behavior. In a presently preferred embodiment, a plurality of heterogeneous
15 scalar values can be combined to provide descriptors for each manipulation. By applying predictive analysis routines to the collections of these descriptors, predictive information about any number of manipulations and cell interactions can be extracted.

Fig. 7E illustrates a representative block flow diagram of simplified process steps for analyzing image feature values to obtain descriptors of cell state of
20 step 718 of Fig. 7B in a particular embodiment according to the present invention. This diagram is merely an illustration and should not limit the scope of the claims herein. One of ordinary skill in the art would recognize other variations, modifications, and alternatives. Fig. 7E illustrates an input data of descriptors of known manipulations 319. A step 320 of reformatting and transforming data 319 to
25 formats suitable for analysis is performed. Additionally, a "cleaning" process can eliminate outlying data points and the like in the data. Then, in a step 322, a decision is made whether to continue with step 324 or with step 326 based upon determining a particular type of analysis appropriate for the present application or particular type of prediction. If decisional step 322 determines processing should continue with step
30 324, then, in that step, an error estimate using a set of test descriptors is performed to estimate the quality of a prediction and processing continues with step 320. Once an optimal prediction is achieved, processing continues with step 326. In step 326, optimal transformation parameters and prediction methods are selected for use in

steps 328 and 330 which analyze data about a unknown manipulation. In a step 328, a solution is generated based upon any of techniques including training a neural network, solving a mathematical equation, applying decision tree rules and/or the like. In a step 330, an input data set of unknown descriptors 318 is reformatted and
5 transformed based upon the optimal transformation parameters selected in step 326 using the transformation procedures in steps 320, 322 and 324. In a step 332, predictions techniques are applied to the reformatted manipulations from step 330 and the solution generated in step 328 and a plurality of properties of known manipulations 317 (e.g., therapeutic properties, and the like) in order to determine a
10 prediction of properties of unknown manipulation 316.

Fig. 7F illustrates a representative block flow diagram of simplified process steps for a method of mapping a manipulation of cells to a physiological characteristic in a particular embodiment according to the present invention. This diagram is merely an illustration and should not limit the scope of the claims herein.
15 One of ordinary skill in the art would recognize other variations, modifications, and alternatives. The method is generally outlined by the steps below:

(1) In a step 750, a plurality of cells, e.g., dead, live, cell fractions or mixtures of cells are provided.

(2) Then, in a step 752, the plurality of cells is manipulated, where
20 manipulation occurs using a source(s) from one or a combination selected from an electromagnetic, electrical, chemical, thermal, gravitational, nuclear, temporal, or a biological source.

(3) Next, in a step 754, a feature value is captured from the plurality of cells. The feature value can include one or any combination of characteristics such as
25 cell count, area, perimeter, length, breadth, fiber length, fiber breadth, shape factor, elliptical form factor, inner radius, outer radius, mean radius, equivalent radius, equivalent sphere volume, equivalent prolate volume, equivalent oblate volume, equivalent sphere surface area, average intensity, total intensity, and optical density. This list is not meant to be limiting.

(4) Then, in a step 756, a degree of presence of one or more feature
30 values is assigned for each manipulation.

(5) In a step 758, the feature values from the plurality of cells are stored in memory locations. From the memory locations the values can be used for

statistical analyses to produce predictive information about the relatedness of the descriptors of the manipulations to one another. This information is used to infer properties of the manipulations.

Fig. 7G illustrates a representative block flow diagram of a simplified process steps for a method for populating a database with manipulated biological cell information in a particular embodiment according to the present invention. This diagram is merely an illustration and should not limit the scope of the claims herein. One of ordinary skill in the art would recognize other variations, modifications, and alternatives. The method is generally outlined by the steps below:

(1) In a step 760, a plurality of cells in various stages of the cell cycle, A montage image that was used as a source to generate data in Appendix A is presented in Fig. 12., such as for example, the stages of interphase, prophase, metaphase, anaphase, and telophase are provided.

(2) Then, in a step 762, each of the cells in the various stages of mitotic development is manipulated.

(3) Next, in a step 764, an image of the plurality of manipulated cells is captured using image acquisition techniques in order to provide a morphometric characteristic of each of the manipulated cells.

(4) As a preferable option, in a step 766, an image database may be populated with the image of the plurality of manipulated cells.

(5) Following step 764 or optional step 766, a morphological value is calculated from the image in a step 768.

(6) In a step 770, the database is populated with the morphological value.

Fig. 7H illustrates a representative block flow diagram of simplified process steps for a method for populating a database with manipulated biological information, e.g., image acquisition parameters, image feature summary information, and well experimental parameters in a particular embodiment according to the present invention. This diagram is merely an illustration and should not limit the scope of the claims herein. One of ordinary skill in the art would recognize other variations, modifications, and alternatives. Fig. 7H illustrates a step 780 in which cells are placed into site on a plate and a manipulation is applied. Then, in a step 781 an image is taken of the cells. In step 782, the image is transferred to an image archive

database. Then, in a step 783, well experimental parameters are entered into the database 787. Well experimental parameters can include cell type, manipulation and the like. In a step 784, image acquisition parameters are transferred to database 787. Image acquisition parameters can include file name, fluorophores and the like. In a
5 step 785, the image acquired in step 781 is analyzed. Then, in step 786, an image feature summary from the analysis step 785 is transferred to database 787.

In step 788, a lookup table for all analyses is provided to database 787. The lookup table provides information about the analyses. In a step 789, a query of database 787 for process data is performed. The results are reformatted. Then in a
10 step 790, the database 787 is queried. Next, in a step 791, features of the manipulations stored in the database are combined and reduced. Next, in a step 793, reduced features of step 791 can be compared. In a step 792, the results of step 793 are recorded in database 787. Then, in a step 794, a report of predictions based on comparisons performed in step 793 is generated.

15 Fig. 7I illustrates a representative block flow diagram of simplified process steps for acquiring images of manipulated biological information, e.g., cells, cell tissues, and cell substituents in a particular embodiment according to the present invention. This diagram is merely an illustration and should not limit the scope of the claims herein. One of ordinary skill in the art would recognize other variations,
20 modifications, and alternatives. Fig. 7I illustrates a step 770 in which a user sets up an image analysis procedure. Then, in a step 772, an image is read into image analysis software. Next, in a step 774, patterns and objects are identified in the image using one or more algorithms. Next, in a step 776, sets of features are extracted from the image. Then, in a step 778, feature information, descriptor values and the like are
25 exported to the database, such as database 787 of Fig. 7H, for recording. Next, in a decisional step 779, a determination is made whether any more images should be taken. If this is so, processing continues with step 772. Otherwise, image acquisition processing is completed.

Fig. 7J illustrates a representative block flow diagram of simplified
30 process steps for populating, acquiring and analyzing images of manipulated biological information in a particular embodiment according to the present invention. This diagram is merely an illustration and should not limit the scope of the claims herein. One of ordinary skill in the art would recognize other variations,

modifications, and alternatives. Fig. 7J illustrates a step 300 of placing a plate onto an imaging stage and reading a bar code. Then, in a step 301 an autofocus procedure is performed. Next, in a step 302, a first optical filter configuration is selected and an image is collected. Then, in a decisional step 303, a determination is made whether
5 more than one image per optical configuration can be taken. If so, then, in a step 304, a new position within the well is targeted and another image is collected. Then, in a decisional step 305, a determination is made whether any more images need to be collected. If this is so, step 304 is repeated until all images for a particular well have been collected. After one or more images are collected for the well, in a step 306, the
10 stage is returned to a starting position within the well, and a montage is created from collected images. The results are named with a unique file name and stored.

In a decisional step 307, a determination is made whether any more optical channels in the well can be imaged. If this is so, then in a step 308 the next optical filter configuration is selected and an image is collected. Processing then
15 continues with decisional step 303, as described above. Otherwise, if no further optical channels in the well can be imaged, then in a decisional step 309 a determination is made whether any wells remain to be imaged. If not all wells have been imaged, then in a step 310, the stage moves to the next well and processing continues with step 301, as described above. Otherwise, if all wells on the plate have
20 been imaged, then in a decisional step 311, a determination is made whether any more plates can be processed. If this is so, then processing continues with step 300 as described above. Otherwise, in a step 312, the information is stored to a CD or other storage device as a backup.

Fig. 7K illustrates a representative block flow diagram of simplified
25 process steps compound based upon information about effects of one or more known compounds on a cell population in a particular embodiment according to the present invention. This diagram is merely an illustration and should not limit the scope of the claims herein. One of ordinary skill in the art would recognize other variations, modifications, and alternatives. Fig. 7K illustrates a step 340 of populating a database
30 with descriptors for known compounds. Such descriptors can be determined from imaging the cell population. However, in some embodiments, descriptors can be derived by measurements and combinations of measurements and the like. Then, in a step 342, descriptors for the unknown compound are determined from imaging a

second cell population. The second cell population has been treated with the unknown compound. Then, in a step 344, a relationship between the descriptors determined from the unknown compound with the descriptors determined from the known compounds can be determined. Finally, in a step 346, an inference can be made about the unknown compound based upon the descriptors of the known compounds from the relationship determined in step 344.

Accordingly, the present invention provides a novel database design. In a particular embodiment according to the present invention, a method for providing a database comprises measurement of a potentially large number of features of one or more sub-cellular morphometric markers. Markers can be from any of a large variety of normal and transformed cell lines from sources such as for example, human beings, fungi, or other species. The markers can be chosen to cover many areas of cell biology, such as, for example markers comprising the cytoskeleton of a cell. The cytoskeleton is one of a plurality of components that determine a cell's architecture, or "cytoarchitecture". A cytoarchitecture comprises structures that can mediate most cellular processes, such as cell growth and division, for example. Because the cytoskeleton is a dynamic structure, it provides a constant indication of the processes occurring within the cell. The cytoarchitecture of a cell can be quantified to produce a one or more scalar values corresponding to many possible cellular markers, such as cytoskeleton, organelles, signaling molecules, adhesion molecules and the like. Such quantification can be performed in the presence and absence of drugs, peptides, proteins, anti-sense oligonucleotides, antibodies, genetic alterations and the like. Scalar values obtained from such quantification can provide information about the shape and metabolic state of the cell.

In a presently preferred embodiment, scalar values can comprise morphometric, frequency, multi-dimensional parameters and the like, extracted from one or more fluorescence images taken from a number of cellular markers from a population of cells. Two or more such scalar values extracted from a plurality of cell lines and markers grown in the same condition together comprise a unique "fingerprint" or descriptor that can be incorporated into a database. Such cellular descriptors will change in the presence of drugs, peptides, proteins, antisense oligonucleotides, antibodies or genetic alterations. Such changes can be sufficiently unique to permit a correlation to be drawn between similar descriptors. Such

correlations can predict similar properties or characteristics with regard to mechanism of action, toxicity, animal model effectiveness, clinical trial effectiveness, patient responses and the like. In a presently preferred embodiment, a database can be built from a plurality of such descriptors from different cell lines, cellular markers, and compounds having known mechanisms of action (or structure, or gene response, or toxicity).

The present invention also provides database and descriptor comparisons according to other embodiments. In a particular embodiment according to the present invention, measurement of scalar values or features can provide predictive information. A database can be provided having one or more "cellular fingerprints" comprised of descriptors of cell substance interactions of drugs having known mechanisms of action with cells. Such descriptors can be compared using a plurality of techniques, such as a technique of creating "phylogenetic trees" of a statistical similarity between the descriptors from various drugs. In a present embodiment, scalar, numeric values can be converted into a nucleotide or amino acid letter. Once converted into a corresponding nucleotide representation, the descriptors can be analyzed and compared using software and algorithms known in the art for genetic and peptide sequence comparisons, such as GCG, a product of Genetics Computer Group, with company headquarters in Madison WI. In an alternative embodiment, numeric values for the fingerprints can be used by comparison techniques. A phylogenetic tree can be created that illustrates a statistical significance of the similarity between descriptors for the drugs in the database. Because the drugs used to build the initial database are of known mechanism, it can be determined whether a particular scalar value in a descriptor is statistically predictive. Finally, a compound fingerprint with no known mechanism of action can be queried against the database and be statistically compared and classified among the drugs in the database that the compound most resembles.

In a particular embodiment, relationships between measured morphometric properties and features of images and physiological conditions can be determined. Relationships can include, for example, treatment of different cell lines with chemical compounds, or comparing cells from a patient with control cells, and the like. In a presently preferable embodiment, a clustering can be performed on acquired image descriptors. Some embodiments can comprise statistical and neural

network - based approaches to perform clustering and comparisons of various descriptors. The foregoing is provided as merely an example, and is not intended to limit the scope of the present invention. Other techniques can be included for different types of data. In some embodiments, clustering and comparing can be performed on features extracted from cell images. In a presently preferable embodiment, procedures for comparisons and phylogenetic analysis of biological sequences can be applied to data obtained from imaging cells.

Select embodiments comprising such approaches enable the use of a broad array of sophisticated algorithms to compare, analyze, and cluster gene and protein sequences. Many programs performing this task are known to those of ordinary skill in the art, such as for example, the program Phylip, available at <http://evolution.genetics.washington.edu/phylip.html>, and other packages listed at <http://evolution.genetics.washington.edu/phylip/software.html>. However, select embodiments according to the present invention can comprise a technique of statistical classification, statistical clustering, distance based clustering, linear and non-linear regression analysis, self-organizing networks, and rule-based classification.

Embodiments can perform such analysis based upon factors such as numerical value, statistical properties, relationships with other values, and the like. In a particular embodiment, numbers in a numerical descriptor can be substituted by one or more of nucleic acid or amino acid codes. Resulting "pseudo-sequences" can be subjected to analysis by a sequence comparison and clustering program.

Other types of databases can also be provided according to other embodiments. The database includes details about the properties of a plurality of standard drugs. When the descriptor of a test compound is compared to the database, predictions about the properties of the test compound can be made using any known property of the other compounds in the database. For example, properties about a compound in the database could include structure, mechanism of action, clinical side effects, toxicity, specificity, gene expression, affinity, pharmacokinetics, and the like. The descriptor of a compound of unknown structure from a natural products library could be compared to the descriptors of compounds with known structure and the structure could be deduced from such a comparison. Similarly, such information could lead to better approaches to drug discovery research including target validation

and compound analogizing, as well as pre-clinical animal modeling, clinical trial design, side effects, dose escalation, patient population and the like.

According to the present invention, databases can be integrated with and complementary to existing genomic databases. Differential genomic expression strategies can be used for drug discovery using database technology. In one particular embodiment, cell data and cellular response data can be associated with a genetic expression profile assay to form a single assay. Live cells expressing fluorescence markers can be treated with a drug, imaged and analyzed for morphometry; and then analyzed for mRNA for expression. Such embodiments can provide rapid development of tools to link cellular behavior with functional genomics.

Database methods according to the present invention can be used to predict gene function and to assist in target validation. Databases that include genetic diversity, i.e., having cellular descriptors from cells of differing genetic backgrounds (tumor, tissue specific, and gene knock out cell lines), can provide the capability to compare cells of unknown genetic background to those in the database. Similarly, the descriptor of an unknown cellular portion in the presence of multiple drugs can be queried against the descriptors of the known markers in the database. For example, if an unknown gene is tagged with Green Fluorescent Protein (GFP), the database may be used to identify the cellular portions for which that unknown gene encodes.

According to the present invention, target validation and specialized cell-based assay screening can be performed using database systems and methods to serve as a universal high-throughput cell-based assay that can evaluate the molecular mechanism of drug action. As new genes are isolated and identified, a large collection of available gene-based knowledge is becoming available. From this large collection of new genes, potential protein targets can be identified using the genomic tools of sequence analysis and expression profiling. However, unless a gene mutation is tightly linked to a disease state, further validation of individual targets is a time consuming process, becoming a bottleneck in drug discovery. Furthermore, robotics and miniaturization are making "High Throughput Screening (HTS)" the industry standard, substantially reducing the time and cost of running a target-based biochemical assay. Therefore, it is now possible to routinely screen large libraries and use a resulting "hit" to validate the target. In such approaches, a specialized cell-based assay would be developed to test hits for each target. Since this often involves

the creation of cell lines expressing new markers, this stage may also become a bottleneck that cannot keep pace with HTS. In addition, these cell-based assays may not be amenable to high-throughput screening, making it difficult to test the increasing number of analogs arising from combinatorial chemistry.

5 In a particular embodiment according to the invention, a rapid characterization of large compound libraries for potential use as pharmaceutical products can be provided by predicting properties of compounds that relate to the compounds' potential as bioactive drugs. In many drug discovery situations, virtually millions of compounds can be passed through a HTS assay against a small number of
10 validated targets. These assays produce hundreds to thousands of potential hits. These hits can then be subsequently screened by a pipeline of secondary and tertiary screens to further characterize their specificity, often time completely missing non-specific interactions with other proteins. Techniques according to the present invention can provide a replacement to such screening operations by providing
15 information about cellular accessibility and mechanism of action for the hits coming from a HTS system. Furthermore, it can replace the biochemical HTS assay and allow rapid and accurate identification of attractive compounds from large libraries without an intervening biochemical assay. The cell information can be predictive of whether to continue into an animal model for each compound, and which animal model to
20 pursue.

 The principles of the present specifically contemplate a wide variety of research methodologies, or usage scenarios, implementing these principles. The following discussion of three such scenarios is by way of illustration and not limitation. Study of the principles enumerated herein will render evident to those
25 skilled in the art certain additional methodologies or usage scenarios enabled by the teachings hereof. The present invention specifically contemplates all such modifications. The following description presents some specific embodiments and scenarios that represent a broader use of cellular phenotypic data and characterizations to deduce mechanisms of action and other features of cellular
30 responses to various stimuli. Such procedures generally involve producing a quantitative cellular phenotype based upon two or more cellular attributes and then comparing that phenotype to phenotypes previously stored and indexed. Such

procedures make use of databases or other repositories of biological information. The invention is not limited to the specific embodiments described here.

Considering first the procedure 2000 depicted in Figure 20, a compound has been identified as having a particular cellular activity. See 2004. For example, a compound may be found to inhibit the growth of certain cancer cell *in vitro* by a specific and desired mechanism of action. This may be a particular company's "gold standard."

Next, the compound is analyzed at 2006 in terms of its effect on one or more cell lines. More specifically, the compound is linked, virtually, to a particular phenotype. Two or more values or measures of cellular attributes characterize that phenotype. These attributes are quantified in the context of specific cellular markers.

In one example, the cellular marker is an organelle such as a nucleus or Golgi apparatus. Measured attributes useful for characterizing an associated phenotype include geometric parameters (e.g., size, shape, and/or location of the organelle) and composition (e.g., concentration of particular biomolecules within the organelle).

The phenotype may be characterized by administering the compound of interest to various cell lines and in various concentrations. In each example within this matrix, the attributes of interest are measured. Ultimately, certain phenotypic features (combinations of attribute values) are associated with the compound of interest. These features provide a template for the phenotype.

Next, using the phenotype as identified at 2006, the process identifies other compounds providing similar features. The goal here is to present a list of compounds having a mechanism of action similar to that of the compound that started the process. This allows researchers to identify a mechanism of action, if not already known, for their compound and to draw conclusions based upon their compound's link to other known compounds (which may not be chemically/structurally similar to the compound of interest).

Identifying similar compounds based upon phenotype can take many paths. Most will involve some mathematical basis. For example, the phenotype defined at 2006 can be represented as a fingerprint or vector comprised of multiple scalar values of cellular attributes (as described above). The phenotype representation can then be compared against known phenotypes characterized by the same format

(e.g., they are all characterized as vectors having the same attribute set, but with different values of the attributes). The comparison may be as simple as a Euclidean distance or more sophisticated as a neural network or multivariate statistical correlation.

5 The known compounds and associated phenotypes may be stored as database records or other data structures that can be queried or otherwise accessed as part of the identification procedure. The compounds may also be associated with other relevant data such as clinical toxicity, cellular toxicity, hypersensitivity, mechanism of action, etc. (when available).

10 Compounds found to be sufficiently similar to the starting compound are returned for consideration by researchers. A data processing system may rank such compounds based on degree of similarity to the starting compound. In some cases, the system may even provide similarity scores associated with the listed compounds.

15 Often researchers wish to determine whether their particular compound has clinical or biochemical effects beyond those that they are already aware of. In a typical scenario, the compound of interest was selected based upon its strong binding a target or its stimulation or inhibition of cell growth in a particular cell line. The process associated with 2010 has likely identified the compound of interest as having
20 a particular mechanism of action based on phenotypic similarity to other compounds having a similar mechanism of action. However, within the region of biochemical space, there may be subspaces (characterized by subphenotypes) that correspond to separate properties. For example, within the phenotypic space associated with one mechanism of action, there may be subspaces associated with clinical toxicity,
25 cellular toxicity (likely overlapping the clinical toxicity space), and little or no toxicity. Obviously, a researcher would like to know whether her compound is likely to be toxic.

 Thus, the process 2000 may include characterizing the compound of interest in terms of its distance from (i.e., similarity to) specific phenotypes having
30 known characteristics. In a typical example, the known characteristic is toxicity. This feature allows the researcher to quantify her compound in terms of mechanism of action AND toxicity (or in terms of two or more other relevant properties associated

with phenotype). To allow simple ranking or characterization, compounds of interest may be scored according to a simple or weighted Boolean expression.

A second scenario of interest is depicted in Figure 21. This scenario again defines a phenotype in terms of a quantifiable vector or other measure.

- 5 However, rather than using a compound of interest to generate the phenotype, some other cellular stimulus is used to generate the phenotype.

As shown, a process 2100 begins with receipt of cells of interest. See 2104. In many situations, the cells are produced by a genetic or epigenetic process that affects the expression level or activity of a particular protein. More generally,
10 any cellular stimulus (e.g., radiation level and type, gravity level, magnetic field, acoustic perturbations, etc.) can be used to generate the cell line of interest. Importantly, this stimulus affects the phenotype and can be correlated therewith.

In the context of drug discovery, a gene encoding for a particular target can be genetically knocked out, underexpressed, overexpressed, expressed in a non-
15 native state, etc. This may be accomplished via standard procedures involving genomic modification, translation or transcription apparatus modification (e.g., use of antisense nucleic acids), blocking target activity (using antibodies to a receptor site for example), and the like. These processes will generally affect the phenotype in some quantifiable way. Importantly, they clearly and unambiguously define a cellular
20 phenotype associated with altering the activity of the target protein.

At 2106, the process involves measuring one or more cellular features from the cell line of interest to define/quantify the phenotype. This may be accomplished as described above with reference to 2006. Next, at 2108, the cellular phenotype generated in this manner is used to identify and rank a set of compounds
25 associated with the phenotype. This operation may proceed in the manner of operations 2008 and/or 2010 from Figure 20.

Finally, at 2110, the process clusters the compounds returned at 2108 by a mechanism of action. The operation 2106 has tightly bound a mechanism of action to a phenotype. Various compounds characterized and stored in a system
30 database may be tentatively assigned a mechanism of action or may have no suggested mechanism of action. By matching their virtual phenotype to the phenotype generated at 2106, one can create or strengthen an association between the compounds and mechanism of action relevant to the stimulus at 2104.

Considering now Figure 22, a third scenario is depicted. This scenario again involves using a virtual phenotype to glean information relevant to a mechanism of action or other cellular activity. In this case, assay data from a group of compounds (e.g., a primary or focused library) is used to elucidate a phenotype.

5 As shown, a process 2200 begins by identifying a target protein. See 2204. Then, at 2206, the process involves identifying positive and negative biochemical hits. More generally, this may involve ranking a number of compounds based upon their interaction with the target. In a specific case, the compounds are ranked based upon their binding affinities to or ability to inhibit the enzymatic activity
10 of the target protein.

After the compounds have been characterized in some manner based upon their interaction with the target, they are used to define a cellular phenotype. See 2208. Generally, the techniques to accomplish are the same as described with reference to operation 2006 of Figure 20. In this case however, one may obtain a
15 strong correlation between mechanism of action (involving the target) and phenotype by using multiple of the compounds identified at 2206. For example, some of the "best hits" may be administered to cell lines in various concentrations. And some of the least effective compounds may also be administered. Cellular attributes that are more strongly exhibited with increasing concentration of the best hits (and not
20 exhibited or exhibited only weakly upon administration of the negative hits) can be used to define the virtual phenotype. In a related approach, compounds having widely varying levels interaction with the target are administered to cells. Those cellular attributes that vary linearly or at least monotonically with the degree of interaction between the target and compound represent attributes that can be used to define the
25 virtual phenotype.

After the cellular phenotype has been defined, previously characterized compounds may be clustered with that phenotype. See 2210. As with operation 2110 of Figure 2, this may create or strengthen an association between a mechanism of action and various compounds in a database.

30 Finally, and optionally, procedure 2200 may provide a "higher resolution" mechanism of action for the compounds identified at 2206. See 2212. Presumably interaction with the target suggests a specific mechanism of action or at least some aspect of a mechanism of action. However, a given target may participate

in a larger cellular mechanism of action – unknown to researchers. Further, a compound may that binds with the target may participate in multiple mechanisms of action – some of which do not involve the target. By linking the target (and its positive hits) to a particular phenotype, some of these additional cellular level activities can be elucidated. The defined phenotype may have been previously identified as associated with other mechanisms of action or higher resolution mechanisms of action. Thus, the phenotype identified at 2208 can be leveraged to generate a higher resolution mechanism of action at 2212.

As suggested in the above discussion, compounds and associated phenotypes may be stored as database records. Such databases can take on many flavors. In one example, a database includes various pieces of information relevant to oncology. Such database may include numerous compounds classified by cellular phenotype, mechanism of action, toxicity, etc. More specifically, the database may include data on commercially available compounds clustered by cellular phenotypes corresponding to mechanisms of action. Further the databases of interest may extended or combined (via standard relational tables and algebra for example) to include additional data such as pharmacology data, cellular genomics data, gene expression data, protein expression data, etc. In a specific example, the database includes measurements made on a subset of the NCI60 cell lines, using DNA, Golgi apparatus, and/or microtubules as markers for defining the phenotypes. Other data includes dosage response information, variation in effect over time, etc. The compounds populating the database could include known National Cancer Institute oncology study compounds. In a specific embodiment, the compound set includes some or all of the compounds mentioned in the article “A gene expression database for the molecular pharmacology of cancer,” Nature Genetics, 24, pp. 236-244 (March 2000).

Various biological analyses may be conducted to develop additional information for characterizing compound mechanisms of action, etc. For example, a cell count analysis may be used to develop dose response curves, GI 50 data, etc. The cell cycle may also be analyzed to find out how various stages in the cycle vary in response to particular stimuli. The Golgi apparatus may be analyzed to determine whether it is in a normal state, a dispersed state, a diffused state, etc. As another example, tubulin may be analyzed to determine whether it is normal, de-polymerized,

over-polymerized, bundled, etc. Obviously, combinations of such analyses may be performed. For example, properties of the Golgi apparatus or tubulin may be analyzed over one or more cell cycles.

In some embodiments, techniques according to the present invention
5 can provide tools for the later stages of drug development such as clinical trial design and patient management. The properties of known drugs, such as clinical trial and patient response information, will be used in a similar fashion as the pre-clinical information to provide predictions about the properties of novel compounds. Because the human cell is the locus of drug action, a database containing drug-cell interactions
10 will be able to provide predictive value for this aspect of drug development.

Although the above has generally been described in terms of specific hardware, software, and methods, it is understood that many alternatives can exist. In particular, the present invention is not limited to a particular kind of data about a cell, but can be applied to virtually any cellular data where an understanding about the
15 workings of the cell is desired. Thus, in some embodiments, the techniques of the present invention could provide information about many different types or groups of cells, substances, and genetic processes of all kinds. Of course, one of ordinary skill in the art would recognize other variations, modifications, and alternatives. Some examples according to the present invention are provided below.

20

EXPERIMENTS

To prove the principle and demonstrate the objects of the present invention, experiments have been performed to determine the effects of manipulations on cell structure using imaging and analysis techniques applied to a variety of
25 situations. These experiments were performed by growing multiple cell lines in the presence of multiple compounds, or substances. Cells were fixed and stained with fluorescent antibodies or labels to multiple cellular portions. One or more images of the cells were then obtained using a digital camera. Descriptors were built by quantifying and/or qualifying patterns of one or more feature from each image in the
30 cell lines under study. A database was built from the descriptors. As the database grows, it should be able to predict the mechanism of action of an unknown drug by comparing its effect with the effects of known compounds or to identify data clusters within large libraries of compounds.

In a first experiment, an automated method to count the number of cells and differentiate normal, mitotic, and apoptotic cells was created.

Approximately, 5,000 HeLa cells were plated per well in a 96 well plate and grown for 3.5 days. The cells were fixed with -20° MEOH for 5 minutes, washed with TBS for 15 minutes, and then incubated in 5 mg/ml Hoechst 33342 in TBS for 15 minutes. Then, 72 images were collected with a 40x objective and 75 ms exposure time.

The analysis was performed on objects that met a certain size criteria that was based on 1) measuring the size of objects in the image that were clearly not cells and 2) excluding the first peak of the area histogram (Fig. 8B values 1-4654).

Histograms of the individual object data were generated for each type of feature. Fig. 8A shows the histogram for average intensity, and Fig. 8B shows histogram data for the area of each object. Fig. 8C shows the scatter plot of the average intensity vs. the area of all of the objects. The pattern of the scatter plot showed an interesting pattern: a large cluster of cells in one region of the graph, with a scattering of object points in other regions. Because mitotic structures are identified as particularly bright objects, most likely due to the biological fact that the chromatin is condensed, the original Hoechst images could be used to identify which cells were either undergoing mitosis, or otherwise looked abnormal. Manual inspection of 917 cells resulted in the classification of each object. Fig. 8D shows a graph where each type of cellular classification is delimited. This graph clearly shows that the mitotic nuclei are brighter than the interphase nuclei. Further, the different phases of the cell cycle can be separated using these two features. Figs. 8E-8F show bar graphs of the average and standard deviations of the areas and average intensities for each cell classification type. These graphs show that interphase nuclei are statistically less bright than mitotic nuclei and that telophase nuclei are statistically smaller than other mitotic nuclei.

Each image was thresholded to an intensity level of 20. A standard area value was set at 9500 pixels. Automated information gathering about all of the objects was done and collected into an Excel spreadsheet (for more information see, section on imaging system). The following information was recorded:

IMAGE NAME
OBJECT #

AREA
STANDARD AREA COUNT
PERIMETER
FIBER LENGTH
FIBER BREADTH
SHAPE FACTOR
ELL. FORM FACTOR
INNER RADIUS
OUTER RADIUS
MEAN RADIUS
AVERAGE INTENSITY
TOTAL INTENSITY
OPTICAL DENSITY
RADIAL DISPERSION
TEXTURE DIFFERENCE MOMENT
EFA HARMONIC 2, SEMI-MAJOR AXIS
EFA HARMONIC 2, SEMI-MINOR AXIS
EFA HARMONIC 2, SEMI-MAJOR AXIS
ANGLE
EFA HARMONIC 2, ELLIPSE AREA
EFA HARMONIC 2, AXIAL RATIO
EFA HARMONIC 3, SEMI-MINOR AXIS

The following results were obtained:

- 1,250 objects were counted
- 201 of those objects has standard area counts > 2 (area > 19000 pixels)
- 195 objects had areas < 6000 pixels
- 1529 objects estimated in total
- 1328 object areas are > 6000 pixels
- The data was reduced to 917 objects that were $6000 < \text{area} < 19000$
- For the 917 objects a scatter plot of area vs. average intensity and a histogram of the average intensity were generated.

- 116 objects that had average intensity intensities > 60 were manually looked at to determine their morphology.
 - Of those 116 objects:
 - 6 were dead or indistinguishable
 - 4 were interphase
 - 30 were prophase
 - 32 were metaphase
 - 24 were anaphase
 - 20 were telophase (10 pairs)
- 10
- 12 prophase objects were missed because of gray scale cut off. (8 of those prophase cells had gray scale values > 57 , as did 7 interphase)
 - 1 telophase object was missed because it was too small (< 6000)
 - 1 prophase object was missed because it was too big (> 1900)
- 15
- 16 mitotic objects were missed because they were parts of objects with standard count > 2 .

In sum, out of 917 single objects, the analysis correctly identified 106 out of 130 mitotic objects, or (81% predictive, 91% of identified mitotics). Out of 917 single objects, the analysis incorrectly identified only 10 non-mitotics as mitotics (1% total, 8% of identified mitotics); 14 mitotics as interphase (1.4% total, 1% interphase). An automated classification system that would automatically assign values to each object using these or other measurement features can thus be developed, utilizing the principles set forth herein.

In a second experiment, the effects of Taxol on MDCK cells and the different types of morphological effects were observed. A plurality of MDCK cells grown in 96 well plates were treated with Taxol for 4.5 hours at different concentrations (10 uM-1pM). They were then fixed, labeled with Hoechst, and imaged.

This experiment used a labeling protocol comprising: MEOH fix at - 20°, Wash in PBS, Block in PBS/BSA/Serum/Triton-X 100, Incubate with 5 µg/ml Hoechst 10 minutes, and wash.

Cells were inspected for different morphologies and manually counted at each different drug concentration in one well. Fig. 9 shows example images from each drug concentration and the different types of morphologies and cells are highlighted. Fig. 10 shows the distribution of each morphology within the cell population as a function of drug concentration. The higher the concentration of Taxol, the larger proportion of cells underwent apoptosis, and the fewer number of normal mitotic cells were detected.

In a third experiment, the purpose was to determine whether the automated analysis methods developed in the first experiment can detect differences in Hoechst morphology in the presence of 6 known compounds at one concentration and exposure time in one cell line. In this experiment, HeLa cells were separately treated with 6 compounds with known mechanism of action. The quantitative methods described in the first experiment were applied to the Hoechst images.

Approximately 5,000 HeLa cells per well were plated in a Costar black-walled 96 well tissue culture treated plate and left to recover in the incubator for 24 hours. After this time, 10 ug/mL of cytochalasin D (CD), Taxol, hydroxyurea, vinblastine, nocodazole, and staurosporine was added to different wells at a 1:100 addition in DMSO.

The cells were incubated in the presence of drug for 24 more hours. After 24 hours, the cells were removed and fixed as in the first experiment. Then, 9 images per well were collected of the Hoechst staining using a 10x objective.

The low magnification images taken of Hoechst were run through the
5 automated image analysis method described in the first experiment. Plots of the average intensity and area were made of each compound. Fig. 11 shows the scatter plots of the compounds. The scatter plots of each compound are visually distinct. For example, cells treated with CD are smaller than control, and cells treated with Hydroxyurea are larger and brighter. Furthermore, the number of cells per well was
10 very different (data not shown).

The effects of different compounds can be clearly and automatically distinguished by identifying changes in cellular morphology. This method can also be used to count adherent cells.

The next experiment was to develop clustering algorithms that assign
15 statistically meaningful values to the representative two dimensional data shown in Fig. 10, and even more complicated clustering of all of the multidimensional data that can be extracted across one, and multiple images.

A fourth experiment was performed to obtain high magnification images of two markers in the presence of drugs. In this experiment, HeLa cells were
20 treated with 80 generic compounds with known mechanism of action. The quantitative methods described in the first experiment were applied to the Hoechst images.

Approximately 5,000 HeLa cells per well were plated in a Costar black walled 96 well tissue culture-treated plate and left to recover in the incubator for 24
25 hours. After this time, 10 ug/mL of each compound from the Killer Plate from Microsource Discovery Systems (Gaylordsville, CT) was added to different wells at a 1:100 addition in DMSO. The cells were incubated in the presence of drug for 24 more hours. After 24 hours, the cells were removed and fixed as in the first experiment. In addition to being labeled with Hoechst 33342 (against chromatin),
30 cells were also labeled with 1 unit of rhodamine-conjugated phalloidin (against actin) for 30 minutes.

The 96 well plate was imaged twice. Once, 9 images per well were collected of the Hoechst staining using a 10x objective. After this, one image per well of both the phalloidin and Hoechst staining was collected using a 40x objective.

The resulting high magnification images were analyzed qualitatively and distinct pattern differences were detected in both the Hoechst and phalloidin images. Fig. 12 shows three example images from the experiment. The top row is the Hoechst staining, and the bottom row is the phalloidin staining from the same well. The columns show the images from wells treated with just DMSO (control), cytochalasin D, and Colchicine. The morphology of each marker is different in the presence of each drug. Interestingly, there is an effect in the morphology of the chromatin in the Hoechst image of cytochalasin D, which directly targets the actin cytoskeleton (and thus there is an expected effect in the phalloidin image). Also, there is an effect on the actin cytoskeleton, compared to control, in the presence of colchicine that directly targets the microtubule network.

The low magnification images were analyzed as described in the first experiment, and different patterns were seen in both the average intensity vs. area plots, and in the number of cells per well (data not shown). Thus, changes in patterns of a marker that is "down-stream" from the direct target of a compound are detectable. Automated image analysis protocols for actin and other markers can be developed similarly, again utilizing the principles set forth herein.

A fifth experiment was performed to test quadruple labeling of 9 different cell lines grown in normal conditions. In this experiment, NCI-H460, A549, MDA-MD-231, MCF-7, SK-OV-3, OVCAR-3, A498, U-2 OS, and HeLa cells were plated. Then, the cells were fixed and stained for portions of the each cell known as DNA, tubulin, actin, and Golgi.

The following table summarizes the procedures for this experiment:

Action	Active Ingredient/Notes	Buffer	Vol/ well	Desired Time	Temp
Remove media	NOTE: gently by pipetting, not aspiration				
Fix	4% Formaldehyde	PBS	100µl	20 min	rt
Wash		TBS	100µl	5 min	rt
Wash		TBS	100µl	5 min	rt

Permeabliz e	0.1% Triton X-100	TBS	100 μ l	10 min	rt
Permeabliz e	0.1% Triton X-100	TBS	100 μ l	10 min	rt
Block	% BSA % Serum Filter sterilize before use	TBS w/azide	100 μ l	1hr or o/n	rt or 4°C
Primary Antibody	1:1000 dilution of DM1 α	TBS + 1% BSA + 0.1% TX-100	50 μ l	1hr or o/n	rt or 4°C
Wash		TBS	100 μ l	5 min	rt
Wash		TBS	100 μ l	5 min	rt
Wash		TBS	100 μ l	5 min	rt
Fluorescent Stain	FITC lens culinaris 1:500 Rhodamine-Phalloidin 1:500 CY5 goat anti-mouse 1:100	TBS + 1% BSA + 0.1% TX-100	50 μ l	1 hr.	rt, dark
Wash		PBS	100 μ l	5 min	rt, dark
Hoechst	1:1000 dilution of 5mg/ml	TBS	100 μ l	15 min	rt, dark
Wash		PBS	100 μ l	5 min	rt, dark
Wash		PBS	100 μ l	5 min	rt, dark
Wash		PBS	100 μ l	5 min	rt, dark
Store		PBS	200 μ l	1 month	4°C

Cells were plated out at different densities for 48 hours. Cells were fixed and labeled by the above method. Cells were imaged using an automated imaging system that collected 9 images from each marker using a 10x objective.

Higher magnification images were collected of a few cells for demonstration purposes.

In this experiment, each cell line demonstrated different morphological patterns as determined by phase. For example, A549 cells are much more compacted than OVCAR-3 cells as determined by phase contract imaging (data not shown). The different fluorescent markers showed even bigger differences between different cell lines. Figs. 13 and 14 show 4 panels of each marker for A549 (Fig. 13) and OVCAR-3 cells (Fig. 14). The markers are Hoechst (upper left), Phalloidin (upper right), Lens culinaris (lower left), and DM1a antibody (lower right). The following table summarizes the qualitative differences between these images:

MARKER	A549	OVCAR3
Hoechst/DNA	small	large
Phalloidin/actin	fuzzy	crisp - many stress fibers
Lens culinaris/Golgi	compact	Disperse/punctate
DM1alpha/Tubulin	perinuclear	evenly distributed

Higher magnification images were taken of the OVCAR3 cells. Fig. 15 shows the same markers at 20x, and Fig. 16 shows the markers at 40x. While the highest magnification images show the most detail, these images illustrate that very little morphological or feature information is lost in the 10x images.

These data exemplify the differences in morphology seen between different cell types. Thus the automated image analysis software can be customized for each marker in each cell type. Different drugs should effect these morphologies differentially.

An automated quantification method for each marker and cell line can be similarly developed.

A sixth experiment was conducted with a more sophisticated software package and to develop more flexible image recognition algorithms. In this experiment, prototype image features extraction was performed using MatLab programming language with image toolbox and SDC morphology toolboxes. Algorithms are being developed that will automatically identify objects on images and

to measure various morphological and feature parameters of these objects. Many different features for each of the cellular markers were acquired.

An example of a MatLab program called "AnalyseDNA" that takes as an input an unlimited number of images, identifies individual objects in these images
5 based on either their intensities, or based on edge-detection algorithms, and extracts a number of morphological and intensity characteristics of these objects. A copy of this program follows:

Listing of the AnalyseDNA.m program and of some of the supporting subroutines

10

```
function files_analysed = AnalyseDNA(filemask, outpath,  
nx, ny, filter_range, dext, modifier, sfname)  
% AnalyseDNA performs measurements on files of DNA images  
% V1. EV 2-11-99; 2-15-99; 2-16-99
```

15

```
%  
% files_analysed = AnalyseDNA(filemask, outpath, nx, ny,  
filter_range, dext, modifier, sfname)  
%  
% PARAMETERS:
```

20

```
% ALL PARAMETERS ARE OPTIONAL
```

```
%  
% FILEMASK - mask for file names to be analyzed  
INCLUDING PATH(for example c:\images\*.tif)  
% DEFAULT '.*.tif' (all *.tif files in the current  
25 directory).
```

```
%  
% OUTPATH - path to a directory where all the output  
files will be placed.
```

```
% DEFAULT - output is saved in the same directory  
30 which contains images
```

```
%  
% NX, NY - number of individual images in montage  
images along X and Y axes (DEFAULT 1)  
%
```

```
%    FILTER_RANGE - 3 col-wide array (or[]). Specifies
how data is filtered when summary is calculated
%    this parameter internally is passed to GetDNADData
and then to GetSummaryData - see these
5 %    functions for details. For example: [2 2 Inf; 6 100
8000] will case all raws of data: for which
%    values in column 2 are less than 2 and all raws
where values in column 6 are less than 100 or
%    more than 8000 to be excluded from all
10 calculations of a summary.
%    DEFAULT - [] (means do not filter, summarize all
data)
%
%    DEXT - string. Extension for data files being saved.
15 %    DEFAULT 'dat';
%
%    MODIFIER - this modifier is 'SUMMARY', summary file
is created;
%    'SUMMARY ONLY' - only summary is generated,
20 data for individual files are not saved
%
%    sfname - string. File name of a summary file
%    DEFAULT 'summary[date].dat'
%
25 % OUTPUT:
%
%    AnalyseDNA works on image files or montages. For
each image file it creates a tab-delimits file of
measured
30 %    parameters of all the objects in the montage with
the same base name as a montage file and extension
specified
```

```
%    by dext parameter (or .dat by default) and file
'errors[date].err' - with the list of files that matched
the
%    filemask but could not be processed.
5 %    If 'summary' or 'summary only' modifier is
specified, it also creates a single file
'summary[date].dat' (or
%    different extension, if specified by DEXT) which
contains summary information for all analyzed files.
10 %
%    ALL OUTPUT FILES are saved in a directory specified
by OUTPATH parameter
%
%    RETURNS *files_analysed* - number of files that have
15 been successfully processed.
%
%    Column designations in the output files are
described in GetDNADData
%
20 % FILE NAME CONVENTIONS
%    AnalyseDNA attempts to identify a number for each
file to identify the file in summary output.
%    It does that by looking for the first space or
underscore, followed by a number and then takes
25 %    as many successive numbers as it can find. If it
fails to identify a number it assigns a
%    default which is -1
%
%
30 % SEE ALSO GetDNADData, GetSummaryData
%
% TO DO    improve error handling in opening and writing
files (GLOBAL error_file ?)
```

```
%      include procedures for writing text headers
into the output files

if nargin > 8
5   error ('Wrong number of input parameters');
end
if nargin > 1
    error ('Wrong number of output parameters: only one
allowed');
10 end

% set defaults
need_summary = 0;
summary_only = 0;
15 use_default_outpath = 0;
datestring = datestr(floor(now));
if nargin == 7      % set default summary file name
    sfname = ['summary' deblank(datestring)]; % extension
will be appended later based on dext
20   if deblank(upper(modifier)) == 'SUMMARY'
        need_summary = 1;
    elseif deblank(upper(modifier)) == 'SUMMARY ONLY'
        need_summary = 1;
        summary_only = 1;
25   else
        error (['Wrong parameter: unknown modifier '
modifier]);
    end
end
30
if nargin == 5
    % default data file extension
    set_dext = 'dat';
end
```



```
    if nargin == 4
        % default filter range
        filter_range = [];
    end
5   if nargin == 3
        ny = 1; % default number of images in montage along Y
    end
    if nargin == 2
        nx = 1;
10  end
    if nargin == 1
        use_default_outpath = 1;
    end
    if nargin == 0
15  filemask = '*.tif'
    end

    % check parameters
    if ( ~ischar(filemask) | ~ischar(dext) | ~ischar(sfname)
20  )
        error('Wrong parameter type: filename, filepath,
dext and sfname should be strings');
    end
    if ( ( size(nx) ~= [1 1] ) | ( size(ny) ~= [1 1] ) )
25  error ('Wrong parameter type: nx and ny should be
scalars (1x1 arrays)');
    end
    if (~isempty(filter_range) & size(filter_range, 2) ~= 3)
        error ('Wrong parameter type: filter range should be
30  [] or 3 - cols-wide array');
    end
    % end testing parameters

    % Generate list of files to process
```

```
datapath = getpath(filemask);
if use_default_outpath == 1
    outpath = datapath;
5  end
if exist(outpath, 'dir') ~= 7
    error(['Path ' outpath, 'not found. Exiting..']);
elseif exist(datapath, 'dir') ~= 7
    error(['Path ' datapath, 'not found. Exiting..']);
10 end

sfname = makefullname(outpath, sfname, dext);
if need_summary == 1
    if exist(sfname, 'file')
15     disp(['File ', sfname, 'already exists!']);
        input ('Press ^C to abort. Enter to delete and
continue');
        delete(sfname);
    end
20 end

flist = FileList(getfname(filemask), datapath);
numfiles = size(flist, 1); % total number of files to
25 process
disp(['About to process ', num2str(numfiles), ' files']);
%DEBUG - commented out "input" to run from Wrod
input('Press ^C to abort, Enter to continue');

30 % main loop where the job gets done:
error_file = makefullname(outpath, ['error' datestring
'.err']);
num_processed = 0;
num_error = 0;
```

```
for i = 1:numfiles
    % first generate file name for a data output file
    current_fullname = flist(i, :); % full name with path
    and extension
5    current_datafile = makefullname(outpath,
    makefname(getbasefname(current_fullname), dext) );

    %extract number from a filename
    fnumber = getfilenumber(current_fullname);
10

    % load an imagefile, record errors
    read_error = 0;
    try
        I = imread(current_fullname);
15        %DEBUG
        disp(['Image file #', num2str(fnumber), '
loaded']);
    catch
        % record file-opening error in an error_file
20        read_error = 1;
        num_error = num_error + 1;
        msg = [current_fullname ': ' lasterr];
        add_error_msg(error_file, msg);
    end
25

    % extract and write data to a file in outpath
    if read_error ~= 1
        if (need_summary == 0)
            %DEBUG
30            disp(['Starting analysis of file #',
num2str(fnumber), '.']);
            current_data = GetDNADData(I, nx, ny, fnumber);
            %DEBUG
```

```

        disp (['Finished analysis of file #',
num2str(fnumber), '.']);
        %load current_data.mat 'current_data';
        write_data(current_data, current_datafile);
5         else      %summary needed
            %DEBUG
            [current_data, current_summary] = GetDNADData(I,
nx, ny, fnumber, filter_range);
            %load current_data.mat 'current_data';
10         %load current_summary.mat 'current_summary';
            write_summary (current_summary, sfname);
            if summary_only ~= 1
                write_data(current_data, current_datafile);
            end
15         end
        end
    end % of the main for loop
    num_processed = numfiles - num_error;

20    %=====end function AnalyseDNA()
    %=====

    %=====
    %=====

25    function result = add_error_msg(filename, msg)
        % adds string MSG to an errorfile FILENAME
        % returns 1 if success, 0 if failure

        err_FID = fopen(filename, 'at');
30    if err_FID == -1
        warning(['Can not open error file ' filename]);
    else
        fprintf(err_FID, '%s\n', msg);
        fclose(err_FID);
    end

```

```

end
%=====end function add_error_masg()
=====

5  %=====
=====

function N = getfilenumber(fname)
% returns the first number extracted from a file name
% (string) or -1 if fails to extract any number
10 numbers = NumbersFromString( getfname(fname) ); % vector
    of all numbers encoded in the name

                                % (but not in the path, even if
    present)
15 if isempty(numbers)
    N = (-1); % return -1 if no numbers found in the
    name
    else
    N = numbers(1);
20 end

%===== end function getfilenumber()
=====

25 %=====
=====

function result = write_data(data_array, file_name)
% writes data in a data_array in a tab-delimited ascii
file.
30 % result is 0 if success and -1 if failure
    % if file_name exists, overwrites it
    result = -1;
    try
        fid = fopen(file_name, 'wt');

```

```

    if fid ~= -1
        for k = 1:size(data_array, 1)
            fprintf(fid, '%g\t', data_array(k, :));
            fprintf (fid, '\n');
5         end
        test = fclose(fid);
        result = -1;
    catch
        result = -1;
10    end

%===== end function write_data()
=====

15 %=====
=====

function result = write_summary (s_vector, file_name)
% appends summary vector s_vector to a file_name (ASCII
tab-delimited file).
20 % if file_name does not exist, creates it.
% result is 0 if success and -1 if failure
%
result = -1;
try
25     % debug
    fid = fopen(file_name, 'at');
    result = fprintf(fid, '%g\t', s_vector);
    result = fprintf(fid, '\n');
    result = fclose(fid);
30     result = 0;
catch
    result = -1;
end

```

```

% ===== end function write_summary()
% =====

function Data = GetObjectsData(I, Ilabel)
5 % GetObjectsData returns array measurements of objects in
  image "I" masked by "Ilabel"
  % EV 2-3-99; 2-10-99
  % OData = GetObjectsData(I, Ilabel) returns an array of
  morphological and intensity measurements
10 %   taken from a grayscale image "I". Objects are
    identified on a mask image Ilabel, usually
    %   created by bwlabel()
    % OUTPUT:
    % Each row in the output array OData represents
15 individual object
    % columns contain the following measurements:
    %
    %   1 - Index ("number" of an object);      8 -
    Solidity;
20 %   2 - X coordinate of the center of mass; 9 - Extent;
    %   3 - Y coordinate      -"-      ; 10 - Total
    Intensity;
    %   4 - Total Area (in pixels);      11 - Avg.
    Intensity;
25 %   5 - Ratio of MajorAxis/MinorAxis;      12 - Median
    Intensity;
    %   6 - Eccentricity;      13 - Intensity of
    20% bright pixel
    %   7 - EquivDiameter;      14 - Intensity of
30 80% bright pixel
    %
    % For details on morphological parameters see information
    on MatLab imfeature();

```

```
% Intensity parameters are either obvious or are
documented in comments in this file.
% Procedures in this file are documented in notebook file
"MATLAB Measuring Nuclei (1) 1-29-98.doc"
5
if (nargin ~= 2)
    error ('function requires exactly 2 parameters');
end
if (nargout ~= 1)
10    error ('function has 1 output argument (array X by
    14)');
end

% finished checking arguments
15
% first collect morphological parameters in a structure
array:
ImStats = imfeature(Ilabel, 'Area', 'Centroid',
    'MajorAxisLength',...
20    'MinorAxisLength', 'Eccentricity', 'EquivDiameter',
    ...
    'Solidity', 'Extent', 8 );

% now convert it into array (matrix) while collecting
25 intensity data for each object:

%preallocate output array:
numobjects = size(ImStats, 1);
OData = zeros(numobjects, 14);
30 %now convert ImStats into array and add intensity data to
it
for k=1:numobjects
    OData(k, 1) = k;
    OData(k, 2) = ImStats(k).Centroid(1);
```



```

        OData(k, 3) = ImStats(k).Centroid(2);
        OData(k, 4) = ImStats(k).Area;
        OData(k, 5) = (ImStats(k).MajorAxisLength) /
        (ImStats(k).MinorAxisLength);
5       OData(k, 6) = ImStats(k).Eccentricity ;
        OData(k, 7) = ImStats(k).EquivDiameter;
        OData(k, 8) = ImStats(k).Solidity;
        OData(k, 9) = ImStats(k).Extent;

10      % now collect and assign intensity parameters from
        image I

        object_pixels = find( Ilabel == k);
        object_area = size(object_pixels, 1); %same as total
15     number of pixels in the object
        object_intensities = double(I(object_pixels)); %
        need to convert to double to do math
        sorted_intensities = sort(object_intensities); %
        will need to get median, 20% and 80% pixels
20     total_intensity = sum(object_intensities, 1);
        avg_intensity = total_intensity / object_area;
        median_intensity = sorted_intensities( floor(
        object_area/2 ) + 1 );
        pix20 = sorted_intensities( floor(object_area*0.2)+1
25 ) ; %brightest pixel among dimmest 20%
        pix80 = sorted_intensities( floor(object_area*0.8)+1
        ) ;

        OData(k, 10) = total_intensity;
30     OData(k, 11) = avg_intensity;
        OData(k, 12) = median_intensity;
        OData(k, 13) = pix20; %brightest pixel among dimmest
        20%

```

```

        OData(k, 14) = pix80; %dimnest pixel among brightest
    20%
    end %for

5  %===== end function
    GetObjectsData()=====

function Imask = MaskDNA1(I);
10 % MaskDNA1 - generates binary mask for cell nuclei
    through edge detection
    % EV 1-22-99; 2-6-99; 2-10-99
    % Imask = MaskDNA1(I)
    % PARAMETERS
15 %     I - intensity image (grayscale)
    % OUTPUT
    %     Imask - BW image with objects from I
    %
    % For more details see Notebook Matlab_DNA_masking1_1-22-
20 99.doc
    % Uses SDC Morphology Toolbox V0.7

    if (nargin ~= 1)
        error('Wrong number of input parameters');
25 end
    if (nargout ~= 1)
        error('Wrong number of output parameters: one output
        argument should be provided');
    end
30

    Imask = edge(I, 'canny');
    Imask = mmdil(Imask, mmsecross(1));
    Imask = mmero ( mmclohole(Imask,mmsecross(1)));

```

```

Imask = mmedgeoff(Imask, mmsecross(1));
% note that mmedgeoff this command removed FILLED OBJECTS
but not touching OUTLINES.
% these outlines can be removed by filtering:
5  Imask = medfilt2(Imask, [5 5]);

%=====end MaskDNA1 =====

```

Given the list of image files or montages of images as an input, this
 10 program creates an individual file for each image that contains the following
 quantitative measurements for all objects identified in the image:

1 - Index ("number" of an object);	8 - Solidity;
2 - X coordinate of the center of mass;	9 - Extent;
15 3 - Y coordinate "-";	10 - Total Intensity;
4 - Total Area (in pixels);	11 - Avg. Intensity;
5 - Ratio of MajorAxis/MinorAxis;	12 - Median Intensity;
6 - Eccentricity;	13 - Intensity of 20% bright pixel
7 - EquivDiameter;	14 - Intensity of 80% bright pixel

20 A fragment of an output for a single file, containing 9 images of cells
 stained for DNA and acquired with a 10x objective. A montage image that was used
 as a source to generate data in A is presented in Fig. 17.

The same program also summarizes measurements across many files
 and performs statistical analysis of the summary data. It creates a summary file with
 25 the following data:

1 - Image file number;	
2 - Average object Area (in pixels);	3 - STD (standard deviation) of
2;	
30 4 - Avg. of Ratio of MajorAxis/MinorAxis;	5 - STD of 4;
6 - Avg. Eccentricity;	7 - STD of 6;
8 - Avg. EquivDiameter;	9 - STD of 8;
10 - Avg. of Solidity;	11 - STD of 10;

- | | |
|---|----------------|
| 12 - Avg. of Extent; | 13 - STD of 11 |
| 14 - Avg. of objects Total Intensity; | 15 - STD of 14 |
| 16 - Avg. of objects Avg Intensity; | 16 - STD of 15 |
| 18 - Avg. of objects Median intensity; | 19 - STD of 18 |
| 5 20 - Avg. of objects intensity of 20% bright pixel; | 21 - STD of 19 |
| 22 - Avg. of objects intensity of 80% bright pixel; | 23 - STD of 21 |

An example of summary output obtained by running AnalyseDNA against 10 montage files also is shown in Appendix B.

10 A seventh experiment was conducted in order to use sequence analysis algorithms to analyze features of cell images. In this experiment, HeLa cells were treated for 24 hours with several different compounds, and then fixed, and stained with a fluorescent DNA dye. One image of these cells was acquired for each of the treatments and morphometric parameters and features were measured:

15 Resulting measurements were arranged into a string of numbers and reduced to a pseudo- nucleic acid sequence using following rules: At any given position in the sequence a number was substituted by "t" (a code for thymidine) if its value is among highest 25% of the values at the corresponding position in the data set, "g" if it is between 50% and 25%, "c" if it is between 75% and 50%, and "a" if it
20 belongs to lowest 25% of values. Thus one descriptor or sequence was generated per treatment as illustrated in Fig. 18.

Resulting sequences were clustered using an AlignX module commercial software package Vector NTI (<http://informaxinc.com>), which uses a Neighbor Joining algorithm for sequence clustering.

25 The resulting dendrogram is presented in Fig 18. On the dendrogram the closest "leafs" correspond to the closest pseudo-sequences. Interestingly, compounds with similar mechanisms of action cluster together on the dendrogram. Another example of the generation of pseudo-sequences and clustering is shown in Fig. 19.

30 In some embodiments, techniques according to the present invention can provide tools for the later stages of drug development such as clinical trial design and patient management. The properties of known drugs such as clinical trial and patient response information will be used in a similar fashion as the pre-clinical

information to provide predictions about the properties of novel compounds. Because the human cell is the locus of drug action, a database containing drug-cell interactions can be able to provide predictive information for this aspect of drug development.

Although the above has generally described the present invention

5 according to specific systems, the present invention has a much broader range of applicability. In particular, the present invention is not limited to a particular kind of data about a cell, but can be applied to virtually any cellular data where an understanding about the workings of the cell is desired. Thus, in some embodiments, the techniques of the present invention could provide information about many

10 different types or groups of cells, substances, and genetic processes of all kinds. Of course, one of ordinary skill in the art would recognize other variations, modifications, and alternatives.

APPENDIX A

EV Table 1.doc

Example of the output of AnalysedDNA.m program
(measurements for a single 3 by 3 montage image)

File	Subimage	object	X coord	Y coord	Area	Axis ratio	Eccentricity	Equidiam	Solidity	Extent	Intensity	Avg. Intensity	Median Intensity	20% pta	80% pta
1	1	1	32.2897	152.655	165	1.17253	0.521624	13.5875	0.921561	0.739196	4805	31.7586	34	25	37
1	1	2	34.352	146.032	125	1.05956	0.182471	12.4137	0.905797	0.781851	4806	36.846	38	30	45
1	1	3	35.158	150.525	127	1.05956	0.182471	12.4137	0.905797	0.781851	4806	36.846	38	30	45
1	1	4	36.1486	142.744	96	1.30215	0.420092	2.39928	0.814894	0.767457	3490	55.814	83	72	105
1	1	5	37.0938	184	96	1.30215	0.420092	2.39928	0.814894	0.767457	3490	55.814	83	72	105
1	1	6	38.3322	259.534	206	2.31104	0.803109	16.1953	0.848889	0.713239	4502	46.4558	45	38	56
1	1	7	39.6239	187.533	89	1.31894	0.471684	10.4451	0.927082	0.711677	4325	30.9709	33	24	37
1	1	8	40.0111	16.9724	146	1.25174	0.401695	13.4819	0.929924	0.748718	4115	47.4739	40	34	54
1	1	9	41.1489	142.744	125	1.05956	0.182471	12.4137	0.905797	0.781851	4806	37.009	40	34	54
1	1	10	42.1076	170.001	212	1.90481	0.851127	17.181	0.852341	0.703051	8932	42.3793	41	33	51
1	1	11	43.0769	156.534	231	1.95104	0.859555	17.7166	0.824686	0.683335	7840	31.6552	33	25	37
1	1	12	44.7355	14.9932	147	1.31627	0.463301	13.4809	0.907407	0.705731	4745	32.415	34	26	39
1	1	13	46.464	356.854	171	2.27225	0.857583	14.7555	0.872448	0.705412	9378	54.8421	56	43	68
1	1	14	46.4029	282.272	206	1.93782	0.854844	16.1953	0.913757	0.64375	7137	34.6658	37	28	41
1	1	15	47.0648	227.176	309	1.73895	0.818089	13.7265	0.913757	0.701299	4444	43	33	51	
1	1	16	48.1718	332.181	315	1.11194	0.432286	20.0267	0.75	0.528758	3151	48.0964	50	38	42
1	1	17	49.1009	402.414	220	1.70147	0.80906	14.7364	0.820502	0.670559	2905	46.1814	46	35	50
1	1	18	50.1489	142.744	125	1.05956	0.182471	12.4137	0.905797	0.781851	4806	37.009	40	34	54
1	1	19	51.616	184.744	125	1.05956	0.182471	12.4137	0.905797	0.781851	4806	37.009	40	34	54
1	1	20	52.4859	332.181	306	1.4378	0.739388	19.7388	0.822581	0.622329	14559	47.5784	50	38	57
1	1	21	54.7377	204.27	122	1.3357	0.662891	12.4631	0.910448	0.739388	4403	36.7159	40	32	43
1	1	22	56.4184	52.5612	117	1.42713	0.791614	12.2053	0.910448	0.642959	4466	40.0513	43	32	47
1	1	23	58.7291	281.534	313	1.17388	0.487916	21.7926	0.843891	0.531339	16109	43.1871	46	34	52
1	1	24	60.1765	341.976	83	1.20789	0.560931	10.4031	0.874283	0.708273	4549	53.9882	57	43	63
1	1	25	61.6008	176.231	143	1.43273	0.717545	13.4823	0.940789	0.791464	4818	34.1118	35	23	41
1	1	26	62.5229	371.755	280	1.21525	0.645198	16.7182	0.819711	0.606116	10663	37.0143	33	29	43
1	1	27	63.864	184.744	125	1.05956	0.182471	12.4137	0.905797	0.781851	4806	37.0143	33	29	43
1	1	28	65.5941	230.343	313	1.08925	0.413109	11.9348	0.846423	0.686329	4510	40.3177	43	32	51
1	1	29	66.9492	246.402	318	1.2774	0.623219	12.2513	0.921675	0.746231	4813	61.2866	43	32	51
1	1	30	68.1031	92.3279	122	1.46415	0.738977	12.4614	0.943746	0.813333	4623	38.2213	40	31	47
1	1	31	69.3279	155.507	124	1.52008	0.753411	13.0619	0.917808	0.681778	4358	32.5224	31	27	38
1	1	32	70.5396	57.1271	119	1.50339	0.850469	12.2533	0.907632	0.594138	4655	39.7881	42	30	43
1	1	33	71.8123	285.08	124	1.70282	0.805314	20.2784	0.905252	0.743275	4454	46.4558	45	38	56
1	1	34	73.1454	184.744	125	1.05956	0.182471	12.4137	0.905797	0.781851	4806	46.4558	45	38	56
1	1	35	74.5181	370.355	244	1.75689	0.822208	13.4116	0.821212	0.747471	6815	55.2303	47	36	54
1	1	36	76.003	128.083	244	1.845	0.840375	18.4033	0.786407	0.534662	8110	36.0797	31	26	45
1	1	37	77.302	411.5	164	1.3276	0.64007	14.4503	0.827143	0.788462	7337	44.7178	47	35	53
1	1	38	78.635	352.555	167	1.39705	0.690312	13.4304	0.835	0.795149	7277	47.5515	47	32	34
1	1	39	79.919	16.1534	13	1.19221	0.50579	4.06443	0.828391	0.8125	51	7.23071	8	3	11
1	1	40	81.214	297.099	101	1.21013	0.430546	11.4001	0.818463	0.715511	1343	72.3071	8	3	11
1	1	41	82.518	184.744	125	1.05956	0.182471	12.4137	0.905797	0.781851	4806	46.4558	45	38	56
1	1	42	83.833	102.008	121	1.47787	0.713105	12.1322	0.916667	0.723333	10614	39.7574	41	32	48
1	1	43	85.144	358.8199	272	1.75519	0.821025	14.4097	0.914704	0.725333	10614	39.7574	41	32	48
1	1	44	86.459	438.135	161	1.3071	0.64397	14.3175	0.828287	0.715556	8060	55.8066	58	44	68
1	1	45	87.772	155.824	226	1.08008	0.377872	16.868	0.872228	0.777778	7564	43.0982	45	33	53
1	1	46	89.085	178.546	141	1.79135	0.852253	13.3988	0.921565	0.801136	7729	54.8156	57	44	65
1	1	47	90.398	362.354	148	1.71531	0.812322	7.41164	0.851143	0.525533	4809	31.688	33	20	31
1	1	48	91.712	11.727	158	1.42148	0.710255	12.2777	0.933862	0.532333	7800	32.3762	38	29	42
1	1	49	93.025	184.744	125	1.05956	0.182471	12.4137	0.905797	0.781851	4806	50.1556	50	38	63
1	1	50	94.338	370.355	244	1.41188	0.720118	14.7154	0.825005	0.5425	7900	36.7712	36	28	43
1	1	51	95.651	184.744	125	1.05956	0.182471	12.4137	0.905797	0.781851	4806	41.3604	44	33	54
1	1	52	96.964	192.963	118	1.17784	0.47704	12.2513	0.900743	0.686329	4611	35.5847	42	32	47
1	1	53	98.277	210.274	127	1.34529	0.67664	12.7342	0.92079	0.755552	4823	38.2035	40	30	45
1	1	54	99.590	410.354	149	1.21127	0.593435	11.4409	0.924338	0.75	8096	61.4776	67	50	72
1	1	55	100.903	252.719	194	1.57768	0.755867	14.7123	0.939277	0.714786	8335	54.8156	58	44	66
1	1	56	102.216	371.919	215	1.47064	0.834936	15.7973	0.913888	0.742424	8020	25.6533	27	20	31
1	1	57	103.529	156.725	31	1.30583	0.634458	14.4642	0.814211	0.747464	8645	45.2756	48	38	53
1	1	58	104.842	184.744	125	1.05956	0.182471	12.4137	0.905797	0.781851	4806	46.4558	45	38	56
1	1	59	106.155	370.355	244	1.41188	0.720118	14.7154	0.780034	0.621489	8826	41.3604	44	33	54
1	1	60	107.468	184.744	125	1.05956	0.182471	12.4137	0.905797	0.781851	4806	42.4609	44	34	53
1	1	61	108.781	366.695	151	1.13579	0.475897	15.4716	0.828287	0.804196	7014	25.6011	36	27	44
1	1	62	110.094	234.29	183	1.41662	0.827588	15.7165	0.92423	0.776	4635	23.9318	23	18	29
1	1	63	111.407	292.953	173	1.34123	0.666785	15.3446	0.913299	0.628054	5078	27.7466	28	21	35
1	1	64	112.720	410.354	149	1.46427	0.79937	14.7555	0.913253	0.692008	8053	29.5497	30	23	36
1	1	65	114.033	330.721	172	1.73572	0.81491	14.7966	0.924731	0.671871	8010	29.2023	31	22	35
1	1	66	115.346	427.1	201	1.23372	0.634458	15.3975	0.824747	0.739171	4944	30.3164	32	25	38
1	1	67	116.659	184.744	125	1.05956	0.182471	12.4137	0.905797	0.781851	4806	35.8468	38	30	45
1	1	68	117.972	366.695	151	1.20117	0.625855	23.3742	0.74339	0.402779	14810	31.046	27	26	37
1	1	69	119.285	210.274	127	1.48408	0.738887	14.5619	0.918202	0.755556	5158	30.1852	32	25	37

45	342,509	88,7957	724	1,81991	0.64582	16.884	0.89958	0.63614	8827	35,4051	62	30	49
46	248,231	312,344	340	1,19581	0.82019	11,273	0.81584	0.16555	5025	31,4053	33	25	48
47	248,234	413,026	74	1,15266	0.48851	8,80149	0.815	0.7	4352	56,5185	59	46	47
48	286,545	431,816	143	1,56857	0.77002	14,4052	0.91573	0.67937	7770	22,9971	30	23	34
49	293,031	398,948	66	1,30349	0.24500	9,167	0.91667	0.41815	1400	41,2727	71	36	50
50	243,402	375,59	251	1,95991	0.79029	11,3175	0.91173	0.68034	5136	31,9006	33	25	38
51	244,282	323,401	131	1,95991	0.64972	11,3175	0.91173	0.27078	6584	41,7658	45	36	52
52	244,282	323,401	131	1,95991	0.64972	11,3175	0.91173	0.27078	6584	41,7658	45	36	52
53	244,282	323,401	131	1,95991	0.64972	11,3175	0.91173	0.27078	6584	41,7658	45	36	52
54	244,282	323,401	131	1,95991	0.64972	11,3175	0.91173	0.27078	6584	41,7658	45	36	52
55	244,282	323,401	131	1,95991	0.64972	11,3175	0.91173	0.27078	6584	41,7658	45	36	52
56	244,282	323,401	131	1,95991	0.64972	11,3175	0.91173	0.27078	6584	41,7658	45	36	52
57	244,282	323,401	131	1,95991	0.64972	11,3175	0.91173	0.27078	6584	41,7658	45	36	52
58	244,282	323,401	131	1,95991	0.64972	11,3175	0.91173	0.27078	6584	41,7658	45	36	52
59	244,282	323,401	131	1,95991	0.64972	11,3175	0.91173	0.27078	6584	41,7658	45	36	52
60	244,282	323,401	131	1,95991	0.64972	11,3175	0.91173	0.27078	6584	41,7658	45	36	52
61	244,282	323,401	131	1,95991	0.64972	11,3175	0.91173	0.27078	6584	41,7658	45	36	52
62	244,282	323,401	131	1,95991	0.64972	11,3175	0.91173	0.27078	6584	41,7658	45	36	52
63	244,282	323,401	131	1,95991	0.64972	11,3175	0.91173	0.27078	6584	41,7658	45	36	52
64	244,282	323,401	131	1,95991	0.64972	11,3175	0.91173	0.27078	6584	41,7658	45	36	52
65	244,282	323,401	131	1,95991	0.64972	11,3175	0.91173	0.27078	6584	41,7658	45	36	52
66	244,282	323,401	131	1,95991	0.64972	11,3175	0.91173	0.27078	6584	41,7658	45	36	52
67	244,282	323,401	131	1,95991	0.64972	11,3175	0.91173	0.27078	6584	41,7658	45	36	52
68	244,282	323,401	131	1,95991	0.64972	11,3175	0.91173	0.27078	6584	41,7658	45	36	52
69	244,282	323,401	131	1,95991	0.64972	11,3175	0.91173	0.27078	6584	41,7658	45	36	52
70	244,282	323,401	131	1,95991	0.64972	11,3175	0.91173	0.27078	6584	41,7658	45	36	52
71	244,282	323,401	131	1,95991	0.64972	11,3175	0.91173	0.27078	6584	41,7658	45	36	52
72	244,282	323,401	131	1,95991	0.64972	11,3175	0.91173	0.27078	6584	41,7658	45	36	52
73	244,282	323,401	131	1,95991	0.64972	11,3175	0.91173	0.27078	6584	41,7658	45	36	52
74	244,282	323,401	131	1,95991	0.64972	11,3175	0.91173	0.27078	6584	41,7658	45	36	52
75	244,282	323,401	131	1,95991	0.64972	11,3175	0.91173	0.27078	6584	41,7658	45	36	52
76	244,282	323,401	131	1,95991	0.64972	11,3175	0.91173	0.27078	6584	41,7658	45	36	52
77	244,282	323,401	131	1,95991	0.64972	11,3175	0.91173	0.27078	6584	41,7658	45	36	52
78	244,282	323,401	131	1,95991	0.64972	11,3175	0.91173	0.27078	6584	41,7658	45	36	52
79	244,282	323,401	131	1,95991	0.64972	11,3175	0.91173	0.27078	6584	41,7658	45	36	52
80	244,282	323,401	131	1,95991	0.64972	11,3175	0.91173	0.27078	6584	41,7658	45	36	52
81	244,282	323,401	131	1,95991	0.64972	11,3175	0.91173	0.27078	6584	41,7658	45	36	52
82	244,282	323,401	131	1,95991	0.64972	11,3175	0.91173	0.27078	6584	41,7658	45	36	52
83	244,282	323,401	131	1,95991	0.64972	11,3175	0.91173	0.27078	6584	41,7658	45	36	52
84	244,282	323,401	131	1,95991	0.64972	11,3175	0.91173	0.27078	6584	41,7658	45	36	52
85	244,282	323,401	131	1,95991	0.64972	11,3175	0.91173	0.27078	6584	41,7658	45	36	52
86	244,282	323,401	131	1,95991	0.64972	11,3175	0.91173	0.27078	6584	41,7658	45	36	52
87	244,282	323,401	131	1,95991	0.64972	11,3175	0.91173	0.27078	6584	41,7658	45	36	52
88	244,282	323,401	131	1,95991	0.64972	11,3175	0.91173	0.27078	6584	41,7658	45	36	52
89	244,282	323,401	131	1,95991	0.64972	11,3175	0.91173	0.27078	6584	41,7658	45	36	52
90	244,282	323,401	131	1,95991	0.64972	11,3175	0.91173	0.27078	6584	41,7658	45	36	52
91	244,282	323,401	131	1,95991	0.64972	11,3175	0.91173	0.27078	6584	41,7658	45	36	52
92	244,282	323,401	131	1,95991	0.64972	11,3175	0.91173	0.27078	6584	41,7658	45	36	52
93	244,282	323,401	131	1,95991	0.64972	11,3175	0.91173	0.27078	6584	41,7658	45	36	52
94	244,282	323,401	131	1,95991	0.64972	11,3175	0.91173	0.27078	6584	41,7658	45	36	52
95	244,282	323,401	131	1,95991	0.64972	11,3175	0.91173	0.27078	6584	41,7658	45	36	52
96	244,282	323,401	131	1,95991	0.64972	11,3175	0.91173	0.27078	6584	41,7658	45	36	52
97	244,282	323,401	131	1,95991	0.64972	11,3175	0.91173	0.27078	6584	41,7658	45	36	52
98	244,282	323,401	131	1,95991	0.64972	11,3175	0.91173	0.27078	6584	41,7658	45	36	52
99	244,282	323,401	131	1,95991	0.64972	11,3175	0.91173	0.27078	6584	41,7658	45	36	52
100	244,282	323,401	131	1,95991	0.64972	11,3175	0.91173	0.27078	6584	41,7658	45	36	52
101	244,282	323,401	131	1,95991	0.64972	11,3175	0.91173	0.27078	6584	41,7658	45	36	52
102	244,282	323,401	131	1,95991	0.64972	11,3175	0.91173	0.27078	6584	41,7658	45	36	52
103	244,282	323,401	131	1,95991	0.64972	11,3175	0.91173	0.27078	6584	41,7658	45	36	52
104	244,282	323,401	131	1,95991	0.64972	11,3175	0.91173	0.27078	6584	41,7658	45	36	52
105	244,282	323,401	131	1,95991	0.64972	11,3175	0.91173	0.27078	6584	41,7658	45	36	52
106	244,282	323,401	131	1,95991	0.64972	11,3175	0.91173	0.27078	6584	41,7658	45	36	52
107	244,282	323,401	131	1,95991	0.64972	11,3175	0.91173	0.27078	6584	41,7658	45	36	52
108	244,282	323,401	131	1,95991	0.64972	11,3175	0.91173	0.27078	6584	41,7658	45	36	52
109	244,282	323,401	131	1,95991	0.64972	11,3175	0.91173	0.27078	6584	41,7658	45	36	52
110	244,282	323,401	131	1,95991	0.64972	11,3175	0.91173	0.27078	6584	41,7658	45	36	52
111	244,282	323,401	131	1,95991	0.64972	11,3175	0.91173	0.27078	6584	41,7658	45	36	52
112	244,282	323,401	131	1,95991	0.64972	11,3175	0.91173	0.27078	6584	41,7658	45	36	52
113	244,282	323,401	131	1,95991	0.64972	11,3175	0.91173	0.27078	6584	41,7658	45	36	52
114	244,282	323,401	131	1,95991	0.64972	11,3175	0.91173	0.27078	6584	41,7658	45	36	52
115	244,282	323,401	131	1,95991	0.64972	11,3175	0.91173	0.27078	6584	41,7658	45	36	52
116	244,282	323,401	131	1,95991	0.64972	11,3175	0.91173	0.27078	6584	41,7658	45	36	52
117	244,282	323,401	131	1,95991	0.64972	11,3175	0.91173	0.27078	6584	41,7658	45	36	52
118	244,282	323,401	131	1,95991	0.64972	11,3175	0.91173	0.27078	6584	41,7658	45	36	52
119	244,282	323,401	131	1,95991	0.64972	11,3175	0.91173	0.27078	6584	41,7658	45	36	52
120	244,282	323,401	131	1,95991	0.64972	11,3175	0.91173	0.27078	6584	41,7658	45	36	52
121	244,282	323,401	131	1,95991	0.64972	11,3175	0.91173	0.27078	6584	41,7658	45	36	52
122	244,282	323,401	131	1,95991	0.64972	11,3175	0.91173	0.27078	6584	41,7658	45	36	52
123	244,282	323,401	131	1,95991	0.64972	11,3175	0.91173	0.27078	6584	41,7658	45	36	52
124	244,282	323,401	131	1,95991	0.64972	11,3175	0.91173	0.27078	6584	41,7658	45	36	52
125	244,282	323,401	131	1,95991	0.64972	11,3175	0.91173	0.27078	6584	41,7658	45	36	52
126	244,282	323,401	131	1,95991	0.64972	11,3175	0.91173	0.27078	6584	41,7658	45	36	52
127	244,282	323,401	131	1,95991	0.64972	11,3175	0.91173	0.27078	6584	41,7658	45	36	52
128	244,282	323,401	131	1,95991	0.64972	11,3175	0.91173	0.27078	6584	41,7658	45	36	52
129	244,282	323,401	131	1,95991	0.64972	11,3175	0.91173	0.27078	6584	41,7658	45	36	52
130	244,282	323,401	131</										

94

1.05	642.718	316.912	291	2.5992	0.932026	19.2407	0.716749	0.524826	9465	37.8594	32
1.06	655.74	345.437	319	1.57131	0.752022	11.16711	0.935215	0.732322	9038	37.9482	33
1.07	668.76	374.965	328	1.46473	0.729168	10.9875	0.946086	0.758569	8454	38.0424	34
1.08	682.772	403.039	337	1.2763	0.621331	12.7162	0.947261	0.826565	7919	38.1413	35
1.09	696.784	431.432	345	1.23102	0.653423	12.7092	0.89404	0.771429	9811	38.2407	36
1.10	710.796	459.825	353	1.23522	0.577795	15.1152	0.851852	0.657143	9861	38.3402	37
1.11	724.808	488.218	361	1.43252	0.577795	17.0052	0.813535	0.581281	9861	38.4402	38
1.12	738.820	516.611	369	1.43252	0.577795	17.0052	0.813535	0.581281	9861	38.5402	39
1.13	752.832	545.004	377	1.31867	0.523115	15.9127	0.931596	0.631514	9552	38.6402	40
1.14	766.844	573.397	385	1.31867	0.466136	15.9127	0.931596	0.631514	9552	38.7402	41
1.15	780.856	601.790	393	1.31867	0.466136	15.9127	0.931596	0.631514	9552	38.8402	42
1.16	794.868	630.183	401	1.47131	0.732523	13.2555	0.926174	0.732037	7638	38.9402	43
1.17	808.880	658.576	409	1.47131	0.732523	13.2555	0.926174	0.732037	7638	39.0402	44
1.18	822.892	686.969	417	1.47131	0.732523	13.2555	0.926174	0.732037	7638	39.1402	45
1.19	836.904	715.362	425	1.46523	0.732038	12.8159	0.921629	0.716657	6590	39.2402	46
1.20	850.916	743.755	433	1.46523	0.732038	12.8159	0.921629	0.716657	6590	39.3402	47
1.21	864.928	772.148	441	1.46523	0.732038	12.8159	0.921629	0.716657	6590	39.4402	48
1.22	878.940	800.541	449	1.46523	0.732038	12.8159	0.921629	0.716657	6590	39.5402	49
1.23	892.952	828.934	457	1.46523	0.732038	12.8159	0.921629	0.716657	6590	39.6402	50
1.24	906.964	857.327	465	1.46523	0.732038	12.8159	0.921629	0.716657	6590	39.7402	51
1.25	920.976	885.720	473	1.46523	0.732038	12.8159	0.921629	0.716657	6590	39.8402	52
1.26	934.988	914.113	481	1.46523	0.732038	12.8159	0.921629	0.716657	6590	39.9402	53
1.27	948.999	942.506	489	1.46523	0.732038	12.8159	0.921629	0.716657	6590	40.0402	54
1.28	963.011	970.899	497	1.46523	0.732038	12.8159	0.921629	0.716657	6590	40.1402	55
1.29	977.023	1000.292	505	1.46523	0.732038	12.8159	0.921629	0.716657	6590	40.2402	56
1.30	991.035	1028.685	513	1.46523	0.732038	12.8159	0.921629	0.716657	6590	40.3402	57
1.31	1005.047	1057.078	521	1.46523	0.732038	12.8159	0.921629	0.716657	6590	40.4402	58
1.32	1019.059	1085.471	529	1.46523	0.732038	12.8159	0.921629	0.716657	6590	40.5402	59
1.33	1033.071	1113.864	537	1.46523	0.732038	12.8159	0.921629	0.716657	6590	40.6402	60
1.34	1047.083	1142.257	545	1.46523	0.732038	12.8159	0.921629	0.716657	6590	40.7402	61
1.35	1061.095	1170.650	553	1.46523	0.732038	12.8159	0.921629	0.716657	6590	40.8402	62
1.36	1075.107	1200.043	561	1.46523	0.732038	12.8159	0.921629	0.716657	6590	40.9402	63
1.37	1089.119	1229.436	569	1.46523	0.732038	12.8159	0.921629	0.716657	6590	41.0402	64
1.38	1103.131	1258.829	577	1.46523	0.732038	12.8159	0.921629	0.716657	6590	41.1402	65
1.39	1117.143	1288.222	585	1.46523	0.732038	12.8159	0.921629	0.716657	6590	41.2402	66
1.40	1131.155	1317.615	593	1.46523	0.732038	12.8159	0.921629	0.716657	6590	41.3402	67
1.41	1145.167	1347.008	601	1.46523	0.732038	12.8159	0.921629	0.716657	6590	41.4402	68
1.42	1159.179	1376.401	609	1.46523	0.732038	12.8159	0.921629	0.716657	6590	41.5402	69
1.43	1173.191	1405.794	617	1.46523	0.732038	12.8159	0.921629	0.716657	6590	41.6402	70
1.44	1187.203	1435.187	625	1.46523	0.732038	12.8159	0.921629	0.716657	6590	41.7402	71
1.45	1201.215	1464.580	633	1.46523	0.732038	12.8159	0.921629	0.716657	6590	41.8402	72
1.46	1215.227	1493.973	641	1.46523	0.732038	12.8159	0.921629	0.716657	6590	41.9402	73
1.47	1229.239	1523.366	649	1.46523	0.732038	12.8159	0.921629	0.716657	6590	42.0402	74
1.48	1243.251	1552.759	657	1.46523	0.732038	12.8159	0.921629	0.716657	6590	42.1402	75
1.49	1257.263	1582.152	665	1.46523	0.732038	12.8159	0.921629	0.716657	6590	42.2402	76
1.50	1271.275	1611.545	673	1.46523	0.732038	12.8159	0.921629	0.716657	6590	42.3402	77
1.51	1285.287	1640.938	681	1.46523	0.732038	12.8159	0.921629	0.716657	6590	42.4402	78
1.52	1299.299	1670.331	689	1.46523	0.732038	12.8159	0.921629	0.716657	6590	42.5402	79
1.53	1313.311	1700.724	697	1.46523	0.732038	12.8159	0.921629	0.716657	6590	42.6402	80
1.54	1327.323	1730.117	705	1.46523	0.732038	12.8159	0.921629	0.716657	6590	42.7402	81
1.55	1341.335	1759.510	713	1.46523	0.732038	12.8159	0.921629	0.716657	6590	42.8402	82
1.56	1355.347	1788.903	721	1.46523	0.732038	12.8159	0.921629	0.716657	6590	42.9402	83
1.57	1369.359	1818.296	729	1.46523	0.732038	12.8159	0.921629	0.716657	6590	43.0402	84
1.58	1383.371	1847.689	737	1.46523	0.732038	12.8159	0.921629	0.716657	6590	43.1402	85
1.59	1397.383	1877.082	745	1.46523	0.732038	12.8159	0.921629	0.716657	6590	43.2402	86
1.60	1411.395	1906.475	753	1.46523	0.732038	12.8159	0.921629	0.716657	6590	43.3402	87
1.61	1425.407	1935.868	761	1.46523	0.732038	12.8159	0.921629	0.716657	6590	43.4402	88
1.62	1439.419	1965.261	769	1.46523	0.732038	12.8159	0.921629	0.716657	6590	43.5402	89
1.63	1453.431	1994.654	777	1.46523	0.732038	12.8159	0.921629	0.716657	6590	43.6402	90
1.64	1467.443	2024.047	785	1.46523	0.732038	12.8159	0.921629	0.716657	6590	43.7402	91
1.65	1481.455	2053.440	793	1.46523	0.732038	12.8159	0.921629	0.716657	6590	43.8402	92
1.66	1495.467	2082.833	801	1.46523	0.732038	12.8159	0.921629	0.716657	6590	43.9402	93
1.67	1509.479	2112.226	809	1.46523	0.732038	12.8159	0.921629	0.716657	6590	44.0402	94
1.68	1523.491	2141.619	817	1.46523	0.732038	12.8159	0.921629	0.716657	6590	44.1402	95
1.69	1537.503	2171.012	825	1.46523	0.732038	12.8159	0.921629	0.716657	6590	44.2402	96
1.70	1551.515	2200.405	833	1.46523	0.732038	12.8159	0.921629	0.716657	6590	44.3402	97
1.71	1565.527	2229.798	841	1.46523	0.732038	12.8159	0.921629	0.716657	6590	44.4402	98
1.72	1579.539	2259.191	849	1.46523	0.732038	12.8159	0.921629	0.716657	6590	44.5402	99
1.73	1593.551	2288.584	857	1.46523	0.732038	12.8159	0.921629	0.716657	6590	44.6402	100

EV Table 1.doc

1	273.009	316.61	323	1.39125	0.564794	12.3143	0.924812	0.323143	4533	29	41
2	273.905	323.083	171	1.48159	0.652322	14.7595	0.925334	0.71155	5687	35	26
3	280.203	300.973	176	1.64455	0.753858	15.0545	0.927032	0.684019	4781	26.8076	28
4	283.936	343.285	238	1.92764	0.862061	19.4789	0.948902	0.620023	5244	32.4666	34
5	243.415	495.713	480	1.27632	0.622281	24.7216	0.933632	0.699659	5364	49.6332	52
6	235.165	27.8994	159	1.52375	0.778656	16.2293	0.904571	0.684607	4050	48.0503	48
7	238.165	118.85	219	1.3017	0.601078	11.4781	0.80571	0.608321	1054	47.0178	50
8	248.111	107.352	219	1.40231	0.679219	11.4781	0.80571	0.608321	1054	47.0178	50
9	248.111	107.352	219	1.40231	0.679219	11.4781	0.80571	0.608321	1054	47.0178	50
10	248.111	107.352	219	1.40231	0.679219	11.4781	0.80571	0.608321	1054	47.0178	50
11	248.111	107.352	219	1.40231	0.679219	11.4781	0.80571	0.608321	1054	47.0178	50
12	248.111	107.352	219	1.40231	0.679219	11.4781	0.80571	0.608321	1054	47.0178	50
13	248.111	107.352	219	1.40231	0.679219	11.4781	0.80571	0.608321	1054	47.0178	50
14	248.111	107.352	219	1.40231	0.679219	11.4781	0.80571	0.608321	1054	47.0178	50
15	248.111	107.352	219	1.40231	0.679219	11.4781	0.80571	0.608321	1054	47.0178	50
16	248.111	107.352	219	1.40231	0.679219	11.4781	0.80571	0.608321	1054	47.0178	50
17	248.111	107.352	219	1.40231	0.679219	11.4781	0.80571	0.608321	1054	47.0178	50
18	248.111	107.352	219	1.40231	0.679219	11.4781	0.80571	0.608321	1054	47.0178	50
19	248.111	107.352	219	1.40231	0.679219	11.4781	0.80571	0.608321	1054	47.0178	50
20	248.111	107.352	219	1.40231	0.679219	11.4781	0.80571	0.608321	1054	47.0178	50
21	248.111	107.352	219	1.40231	0.679219	11.4781	0.80571	0.608321	1054	47.0178	50
22	248.111	107.352	219	1.40231	0.679219	11.4781	0.80571	0.608321	1054	47.0178	50
23	248.111	107.352	219	1.40231	0.679219	11.4781	0.80571	0.608321	1054	47.0178	50
24	248.111	107.352	219	1.40231	0.679219	11.4781	0.80571	0.608321	1054	47.0178	50
25	248.111	107.352	219	1.40231	0.679219	11.4781	0.80571	0.608321	1054	47.0178	50
26	248.111	107.352	219	1.40231	0.679219	11.4781	0.80571	0.608321	1054	47.0178	50
27	248.111	107.352	219	1.40231	0.679219	11.4781	0.80571	0.608321	1054	47.0178	50
28	248.111	107.352	219	1.40231	0.679219	11.4781	0.80571	0.608321	1054	47.0178	50
29	248.111	107.352	219	1.40231	0.679219	11.4781	0.80571	0.608321	1054	47.0178	50
30	248.111	107.352	219	1.40231	0.679219	11.4781	0.80571	0.608321	1054	47.0178	50
31	248.111	107.352	219	1.40231	0.679219	11.4781	0.80571	0.608321	1054	47.0178	50
32	248.111	107.352	219	1.40231	0.679219	11.4781	0.80571	0.608321	1054	47.0178	50
33	248.111	107.352	219	1.40231	0.679219	11.4781	0.80571	0.608321	1054	47.0178	50
34	248.111	107.352	219	1.40231	0.679219	11.4781	0.80571	0.608321	1054	47.0178	50
35	248.111	107.352	219	1.40231	0.679219	11.4781	0.80571	0.608321	1054	47.0178	50
36	248.111	107.352	219	1.40231	0.679219	11.4781	0.80571	0.608321	1054	47.0178	50
37	248.111	107.352	219	1.40231	0.679219	11.4781	0.80571	0.608321	1054	47.0178	50
38	248.111	107.352	219	1.40231	0.679219	11.4781	0.80571	0.608321	1054	47.0178	50
39	248.111	107.352	219	1.40231	0.679219	11.4781	0.80571	0.608321	1054	47.0178	50
40	248.111	107.352	219	1.40231	0.679219	11.4781	0.80571	0.608321	1054	47.0178	50
41	248.111	107.352	219	1.40231	0.679219	11.4781	0.80571	0.608321	1054	47.0178	50
42	248.111	107.352	219	1.40231	0.679219	11.4781	0.80571	0.608321	1054	47.0178	50
43	248.111	107.352	219	1.40231	0.679219	11.4781	0.80571	0.608321	1054	47.0178	50
44	248.111	107.352	219	1.40231	0.679219	11.4781	0.80571	0.608321	1054	47.0178	50
45	248.111	107.352	219	1.40231	0.679219	11.4781	0.80571	0.608321	1054	47.0178	50
46	248.111	107.352	219	1.40231	0.679219	11.4781	0.80571	0.608321	1054	47.0178	50
47	248.111	107.352	219	1.40231	0.679219	11.4781	0.80571	0.608321	1054	47.0178	50
48	248.111	107.352	219	1.40231	0.679219	11.4781	0.80571	0.608321	1054	47.0178	50
49	248.111	107.352	219	1.40231	0.679219	11.4781	0.80571	0.608321	1054	47.0178	50
50	248.111	107.352	219	1.40231	0.679219	11.4781	0.80571	0.608321	1054	47.0178	50
51	248.111	107.352	219	1.40231	0.679219	11.4781	0.80571	0.608321	1054	47.0178	50
52	248.111	107.352	219	1.40231	0.679219	11.4781	0.80571	0.608321	1054	47.0178	50
53	248.111	107.352	219	1.40231	0.679219	11.4781	0.80571	0.608321	1054	47.0178	50
54	248.111	107.352	219	1.40231	0.679219	11.4781	0.80571	0.608321	1054	47.0178	50
55	248.111	107.352	219	1.40231	0.679219	11.4781	0.80571	0.608321	1054	47.0178	50
56	248.111	107.352	219	1.40231	0.679219	11.4781	0.80571	0.608321	1054	47.0178	50
57	248.111	107.352	219	1.40231	0.679219	11.4781	0.80571	0.608321	1054	47.0178	50
58	248.111	107.352	219	1.40231	0.679219	11.4781	0.80571	0.608321	1054	47.0178	50
59	248.111	107.352	219	1.40231	0.679219	11.4781	0.80571	0.608321	1054	47.0178	50
60	248.111	107.352	219	1.40231	0.679219	11.4781	0.80571	0.608321	1054	47.0178	50
61	248.111	107.352	219	1.40231	0.679219	11.4781	0.80571	0.608321	1054	47.0178	50
62	248.111	107.352	219	1.40231	0.679219	11.4781	0.80571	0.608321	1054	47.0178	50
63	248.111	107.352	219	1.40231	0.679219	11.4781	0.80571	0.608321	1054	47.0178	50
64	248.111	107.352	219	1.40231	0.679219	11.4781	0.80571	0.608321	1054	47.0178	50
65	248.111	107.352	219	1.40231	0.679219	11.4781	0.80571	0.608321	1054	47.0178	50
66	248.111	107.352	219	1.40231	0.679219	11.4781	0.80571	0.608321	1054	47.0178	50
67	248.111	107.352	219	1.40231	0.679219	11.4781	0.80571	0.608321	1054	47.0178	50
68	248.111	107.352	219	1.40231	0.679219	11.4781	0.80571	0.608321	1054	47.0178	50
69	248.111	107.352	219	1.40231	0.679219	11.4781	0.80571	0.608321	1054	47.0178	50
70	248.111	107.352	219	1.40231	0.679219	11.4781	0.80571	0.608321	1054	47.0178	50
71	248.111	107.352	219	1.40231	0.679219	11.4781	0.80571	0.608321	1054	47.0178	50
72	248.111	107.352	219	1.40231	0.679219	11.4781	0.80571	0.608321	1054	47.0178	50
73	248.111	107.352	219	1.40231	0.679219	11.4781	0.80571	0.608321	1054	47.0178	50
74	248.111	107.352	219	1.40231	0.679219	11.4781	0.80571	0.608321	1054	47.0178	50
75	248.111	107.352	219	1.40231	0.679219	11.4781	0.80571	0.608321	1054	47.0178	50
76	248.111	107.352	219	1.40231	0.679219	11.4781	0.80571	0.608321	1054	47.0178	50
77	248.111	107.352	219	1.40231	0.679219	11.4781	0.80571	0.608321	1054	47.0178	50
78	248.111	107.352	219	1.40231	0.679219	11.4781	0.80571	0.608321	1054	47.0178	50
79	248.111	107.352	219	1.40231	0.679219	11.4781	0.80571	0.608321	1054	47.0178	50
80	248.111	107.352	219	1.40231	0.679219	11.4781	0.80571	0.608321	1054	47.0178	50
81	248.111	107.352	219	1.40231	0.679219	11.4781	0.80571	0.608321	1054	47.0178	50
82	248.111	107.352	219	1.40231	0.679219	11.4781	0.80571	0.608321	1054	47.0178	50
83	248.111	107.352	219	1.40231	0.679219	11.4781	0.80571	0.608321	1054	47.0178	50
84	248.111	107.352	219	1.40231	0.679219	11.4781	0.80571	0.608321	1054	47.0178	50
85	248.111	107.352	219	1.40231	0.679219	11.4781	0.80571	0.608321	1054	47.0178	50
86	248.111	107.352	219	1.40231	0.679219	11.4781	0.80571	0.608321	1054	47.0178	50
87	248.111	107.352	219	1.40231	0.679219	11.4781	0.80571	0.608321	1054	47.0178	50
88	248.111	107.352	219	1.40231	0.679219	11.4781	0.80571	0.608321	1054	47.0178	50
89	248.111	107.352	219	1.40231	0.679219	11.4781	0.80571	0.608321	1054	47.0178	50
90	248.111	107.352	219	1.40231	0.679219	11.4781	0.80571	0.608321	1054	47.0178	50
91	248.111	107.352	219	1.40231	0.679219	11.4781	0.80571	0.608321	1054	47.0178	50
92	248.111	107.352	219	1.40231	0.679219	11.4781	0.80571	0.608321	1054	47.0178	50
93	248.111	107.352	219	1.40231	0.679219	11.4781	0.80571	0.608321	1054	47.0178	50
94	248.111	107.352									

1	136	485.80	76.6	669	289	2.00072	0.734089	19.3115	0.69231	0.66894	14065	47.0401	50	39	57
2	137	488.732	106.747	190	1.75919	0.722058	15.3556	0.62056	0.646661	8786	46.7213	20	35		
3	138	492.336	177.287	185	1.3614	0.672885	15.757	0.520016	0.71281	8468	46.7213	23	33		
4	139	495.940	248.006	180	1.01511	0.605182	16.1961	0.418218	0.713251	5508	54				
5	140	500.000	319.076	107	0.748922	0.560158	13.6061	0.380024	0.576471	5059	38.4871	37	25		
6	141	504.615	390.054	102	0.548774	0.514054	14.9966	0.282316	0.670759	3966	51.0568	40	45		
7	142	509.800	461.032	176	0.420918	0.562266	10.7179	0.401579	0.670759	3966	51.0568	40	45		
8	143	515.615	532.010	171	0.314522	0.610522	12.1182	0.481579	0.703333	5518	55.2058	47	35		
9	144	521.957	603.000	166	0.229516	0.658179	9.76668	0.608952	0.740795	4078	55.1216	46	44		
10	145	528.800	674.000	161	0.165136	0.722059	9.37002	0.672018	0.69697	3983	57.7216	59	48		
11	146	536.157	745.000	156	0.116522	0.785687	15.4461	0.633983	0.52302	11784	39.6768	41	31		
12	147	544.000	816.000	151	0.082616	0.849246	17.321	0.531735	0.631964	8871	31.5259	33	24		
13	148	552.357	887.000	146	0.058778	0.910339	15.3545	0.486703	0.647222	9369	40.2103	42	31		
14	149	561.200	958.000	141	0.042932	0.969265	16.5995	0.486703	0.647222	9369	52.1132	56	42		
15	150	570.557	1029.000	136	0.033516	1.028385	18.4662	0.562205	0.609233	9759	44.5658	46	36		
16	151	580.414	1100.000	131	0.026198	1.087505	19.4462	0.646661	0.605018	7416	44.5658	46	36		
17	152	590.671	1171.000	126	0.020000	1.146626	20.4261	0.728167	0.571329	6911	44.5658	46	36		
18	153	601.428	1242.000	121	0.015000	1.205746	21.4060	0.809016	0.538018	6404	44.5658	46	36		
19	154	612.685	1313.000	116	0.011000	1.264867	22.3859	0.891016	0.505018	5897	44.5658	46	36		
20	155	624.542	1384.000	111	0.008000	1.323988	23.3658	0.973016	0.472018	5390	44.5658	46	36		
21	156	636.999	1455.000	106	0.006000	1.383109	24.3457	1.055016	0.439018	4883	44.5658	46	36		
22	157	649.956	1526.000	101	0.005000	1.442230	25.3256	1.137016	0.406018	4376	44.5658	46	36		
23	158	663.413	1597.000	96	0.004000	1.501351	26.3055	1.219016	0.373018	3869	44.5658	46	36		
24	159	677.370	1668.000	91	0.003000	1.560472	27.2854	1.301016	0.340018	3362	44.5658	46	36		
25	160	691.827	1739.000	86	0.002000	1.619593	28.2653	1.383016	0.307018	2855	44.5658	46	36		
26	161	706.784	1810.000	81	0.001000	1.678714	29.2452	1.465016	0.274018	2348	44.5658	46	36		
27	162	722.241	1881.000	76	0.000000	1.737835	30.2251	1.547016	0.241018	1841	44.5658	46	36		
28	163	738.698	1952.000	71	0.000000	1.796956	31.2050	1.629016	0.208018	1334	44.5658	46	36		
29	164	755.155	2023.000	66	0.000000	1.856097	32.1849	1.711016	0.175018	827	44.5658	46	36		
30	165	771.612	2094.000	61	0.000000	1.915238	33.1648	1.793016	0.142018	320	44.5658	46	36		
31	166	788.069	2165.000	56	0.000000	1.974379	34.1447	1.875016	0.109018	81	44.5658	46	36		
32	167	804.526	2236.000	51	0.000000	2.033520	35.1246	1.957016	0.076018	30	44.5658	46	36		
33	168	820.983	2307.000	46	0.000000	2.092661	36.1045	2.039016	0.043018	9	44.5658	46	36		
34	169	837.440	2378.000	41	0.000000	2.151802	37.0844	2.121016	0.010018	0	44.5658	46	36		
35	170	853.897	2449.000	36	0.000000	2.210943	38.0643	2.203016	0.000000	0	44.5658	46	36		
36	171	870.354	2520.000	31	0.000000	2.270084	39.0442	2.285016	0.000000	0	44.5658	46	36		
37	172	886.811	2591.000	26	0.000000	2.329225	40.0241	2.367016	0.000000	0	44.5658	46	36		
38	173	903.268	2662.000	21	0.000000	2.388366	41.0040	2.449016	0.000000	0	44.5658	46	36		
39	174	919.725	2733.000	16	0.000000	2.447507	41.9839	2.531016	0.000000	0	44.5658	46	36		
40	175	936.182	2804.000	11	0.000000	2.506648	42.9638	2.613016	0.000000	0	44.5658	46	36		
41	176	952.639	2875.000	6	0.000000	2.565789	43.9437	2.695016	0.000000	0	44.5658	46	36		
42	177	969.096	2946.000	1	0.000000	2.624930	44.9236	2.777016	0.000000	0	44.5658	46	36		
43	178	985.553	3017.000	0	0.000000	2.684071	45.9035	2.859016	0.000000	0	44.5658	46	36		
44	179	1002.010	3088.000	0	0.000000	2.743212	46.8834	2.941016	0.000000	0	44.5658	46	36		
45	180	1018.467	3159.000	0	0.000000	2.802353	47.8633	3.023016	0.000000	0	44.5658	46	36		
46	181	1034.924	3230.000	0	0.000000	2.861494	48.8432	3.105016	0.000000	0	44.5658	46	36		
47	182	1051.381	3301.000	0	0.000000	2.920635	49.8231	3.187016	0.000000	0	44.5658	46	36		
48	183	1067.838	3372.000	0	0.000000	2.979776	50.8030	3.269016	0.000000	0	44.5658	46	36		
49	184	1084.295	3443.000	0	0.000000	3.038917	51.7829	3.351016	0.000000	0	44.5658	46	36		
50	185	1100.752	3514.000	0	0.000000	3.098058	52.7628	3.433016	0.000000	0	44.5658	46	36		
51	186	1117.209	3585.000	0	0.000000	3.157199	53.7427	3.515016	0.000000	0	44.5658	46	36		
52	187	1133.666	3656.000	0	0.000000	3.216340	54.7226	3.597016	0.000000	0	44.5658	46	36		
53	188	1150.123	3727.000	0	0.000000	3.275481	55.7025	3.679016	0.000000	0	44.5658	46	36		
54	189	1166.580	3798.000	0	0.000000	3.334622	56.6824	3.761016	0.000000	0	44.5658	46	36		
55	190	1183.037	3869.000	0	0.000000	3.393763	57.6623	3.843016	0.000000	0	44.5658	46	36		
56	191	1199.494	3940.000	0	0.000000	3.452904	58.6422	3.925016	0.000000	0	44.5658	46	36		
57	192	1215.951	4011.000	0	0.000000	3.512045	59.6221	4.007016	0.000000	0	44.5658	46	36		
58	193	1232.408	4082.000	0	0.000000	3.571186	60.6020	4.089016	0.000000	0	44.5658	46	36		
59	194	1248.865	4153.000	0	0.000000	3.630327	61.5819	4.171016	0.000000	0	44.5658	46	36		
60	195	1265.322	4224.000	0	0.000000	3.689468	62.5618	4.253016	0.000000	0	44.5658	46	36		
61	196	1281.779	4295.000	0	0.000000	3.748609	63.5417	4.335016	0.000000	0	44.5658	46	36		
62	197	1298.236	4366.000	0	0.000000	3.807750	64.5216	4.417016	0.000000	0	44.5658	46	36		
63	198	1314.693	4437.000	0	0.000000	3.866891	65.5015	4.499016	0.000000	0	44.5658	46	36		
64	199	1331.150	4508.000	0	0.000000	3.926032	66.4814	4.581016	0.000000	0	44.5658	46	36		
65	200	1347.607	4579.000	0	0.000000	3.985173	67.4613	4.663016	0.000000	0	44.5658	46	36		
66	201	1364.064	4650.000	0	0.000000	4.044314	68.4412	4.745016	0.000000	0	44.5658	46	36		
67	202	1380.521	4721.000	0	0.000000	4.103455	69.4211	4.827016	0.000000	0	44.5658	46	36		
68	203	1396.978	4792.000	0	0.000000	4.162596	70.4010	4.909016	0.000000	0	44.5658	46	36		
69	204	1413.435	4863.000	0	0.000000	4.221737	71.3809	4.991016	0.000000	0	44.5658	46	36		
70	205	1429.892	4934.000	0	0.000000	4.280878	72.3608	5.073016	0.000000	0	44.5658	46	36		
71	206	1446.349	5005.000	0	0.000000	4.340019	73.3407	5.155016	0.000000	0	44.5658	46	36		
72	207	1462.806	5076.000	0	0.000000	4.399160	74.3206	5.237016	0.000000	0	44.5658	46	36		
73	208	1479.263	5147.000	0	0.000000	4.458301	75.3005	5.319016	0.000000	0	44.5658	46	36		
74	209	1495.720	5218.000	0	0.000000	4.517442	76.2804	5.401016	0.000000	0	44.5658	46	36		
75	210	1512.177	5289.000	0	0.000000	4.576583	77.2603	5.483016	0.000000	0	44.5658	46	36		
76	211	1528.634	5360.000	0	0.000000	4.635724	78.2402	5.565016	0.000000	0	44.5658	46	36		
77	212	1545.091	5431.000	0	0.000000	4.694865	79.2201	5.647016	0.000000	0	44.5658	46	36		
78	213	1561.548	5502.000	0	0.000000	4.754006	80.2000	5.729016	0.000000	0	44.5658	46	36		
79	214	1578.005	5573.000	0	0.000000	4.813147	81.1799	5.811016	0.000000	0	44.5658	46	36		
80	215	1594.462	5644.000	0	0.000000	4.8722									

[illegible]

EV Table 1.doc

1	1	1	1	150	491.486	286.086	35	1.14928	0.341385	6.47536	0.345816	0.832333	3545	101.286	103	89	117
1	1	1	1	151	497.438	76.3765	130	2.04204	0.471891	12.46555	0.502778	0.427255	4539	35.0231	36	26	46
1	1	1	1	152	498.436	144.508	128	1.24075	0.581561	7.16672	0.505843	0.711111	4836	39.9375	39	30	46
1	1	1	1	153	501.436	255.462	39	1.4304	0.711011	7.04673	0.505843	0.711111	3880	39.9375	39	30	46
1	1	1	1	154	504.436	366.416	152	1.35641	0.679449	13.9116	0.423212	0.730169	4322	31.7893	33	25	39
1	1	1	1	155	507.436	477.370	197	1.32173	0.642827	13.4236	0.423212	0.730169	4322	31.7893	33	25	39
1	1	1	1	156	510.436	588.324	242	1.28705	0.606242	13.9323	0.423212	0.730169	4322	31.7893	33	25	39
1	1	1	1	157	513.436	699.278	287	1.25237	0.569658	14.4410	0.423212	0.730169	4322	31.7893	33	25	39
1	1	1	1	158	516.436	810.232	332	1.21769	0.533074	14.9497	0.423212	0.730169	4322	31.7893	33	25	39
1	1	1	1	159	519.436	921.186	377	1.18301	0.496490	15.4584	0.423212	0.730169	4322	31.7893	33	25	39
1	1	1	1	160	522.436	1032.140	422	1.14833	0.459906	15.9671	0.423212	0.730169	4322	31.7893	33	25	39
1	1	1	1	161	525.436	1143.094	467	1.11365	0.423322	16.4758	0.423212	0.730169	4322	31.7893	33	25	39
1	1	1	1	162	528.436	1254.048	512	1.07897	0.386738	16.9845	0.423212	0.730169	4322	31.7893	33	25	39
1	1	1	1	163	531.436	1365.002	557	1.04429	0.350154	17.4932	0.423212	0.730169	4322	31.7893	33	25	39
1	1	1	1	164	534.436	1475.956	602	1.00961	0.313569	18.0019	0.423212	0.730169	4322	31.7893	33	25	39
1	1	1	1	165	537.436	1586.910	647	0.97493	0.276985	18.5106	0.423212	0.730169	4322	31.7893	33	25	39
1	1	1	1	166	540.436	1697.864	692	0.94025	0.240401	19.0193	0.423212	0.730169	4322	31.7893	33	25	39
1	1	1	1	167	543.436	1808.818	737	0.90557	0.203817	19.5280	0.423212	0.730169	4322	31.7893	33	25	39
1	1	1	1	168	546.436	1919.772	782	0.87089	0.167233	20.0367	0.423212	0.730169	4322	31.7893	33	25	39
1	1	1	1	169	549.436	2030.726	827	0.83621	0.130649	20.5454	0.423212	0.730169	4322	31.7893	33	25	39
1	1	1	1	170	552.436	2141.680	872	0.80153	0.094065	21.0541	0.423212	0.730169	4322	31.7893	33	25	39
1	1	1	1	171	555.436	2252.634	917	0.76685	0.057481	21.5628	0.423212	0.730169	4322	31.7893	33	25	39
1	1	1	1	172	558.436	2363.588	962	0.73217	0.020897	22.0715	0.423212	0.730169	4322	31.7893	33	25	39
1	1	1	1	173	561.436	2474.542	1007	0.69749	0.000000	22.5802	0.423212	0.730169	4322	31.7893	33	25	39
1	1	1	1	174	564.436	2585.496	1052	0.66281	0.000000	23.0889	0.423212	0.730169	4322	31.7893	33	25	39
1	1	1	1	175	567.436	2696.450	1097	0.62813	0.000000	23.5976	0.423212	0.730169	4322	31.7893	33	25	39
1	1	1	1	176	570.436	2807.404	1142	0.59345	0.000000	24.1063	0.423212	0.730169	4322	31.7893	33	25	39
1	1	1	1	177	573.436	2918.358	1187	0.55877	0.000000	24.6150	0.423212	0.730169	4322	31.7893	33	25	39
1	1	1	1	178	576.436	3029.312	1232	0.52409	0.000000	25.1237	0.423212	0.730169	4322	31.7893	33	25	39
1	1	1	1	179	579.436	3140.266	1277	0.48941	0.000000	25.6324	0.423212	0.730169	4322	31.7893	33	25	39
1	1	1	1	180	582.436	3251.220	1322	0.45473	0.000000	26.1411	0.423212	0.730169	4322	31.7893	33	25	39
1	1	1	1	181	585.436	3362.174	1367	0.42005	0.000000	26.6498	0.423212	0.730169	4322	31.7893	33	25	39
1	1	1	1	182	588.436	3473.128	1412	0.38537	0.000000	27.1585	0.423212	0.730169	4322	31.7893	33	25	39
1	1	1	1	183	591.436	3584.082	1457	0.35069	0.000000	27.6672	0.423212	0.730169	4322	31.7893	33	25	39
1	1	1	1	184	594.436	3695.036	1502	0.31601	0.000000	28.1759	0.423212	0.730169	4322	31.7893	33	25	39
1	1	1	1	185	597.436	3805.990	1547	0.28133	0.000000	28.6846	0.423212	0.730169	4322	31.7893	33	25	39
1	1	1	1	186	600.436	3916.944	1592	0.24665	0.000000	29.1933	0.423212	0.730169	4322	31.7893	33	25	39
1	1	1	1	187	603.436	4027.898	1637	0.21197	0.000000	29.7020	0.423212	0.730169	4322	31.7893	33	25	39
1	1	1	1	188	606.436	4138.852	1682	0.17729	0.000000	30.2107	0.423212	0.730169	4322	31.7893	33	25	39
1	1	1	1	189	609.436	4249.806	1727	0.14261	0.000000	30.7194	0.423212	0.730169	4322	31.7893	33	25	39
1	1	1	1	190	612.436	4360.760	1772	0.10793	0.000000	31.2281	0.423212	0.730169	4322	31.7893	33	25	39
1	1	1	1	191	615.436	4471.714	1817	0.07325	0.000000	31.7368	0.423212	0.730169	4322	31.7893	33	25	39
1	1	1	1	192	618.436	4582.668	1862	0.03857	0.000000	32.2455	0.423212	0.730169	4322	31.7893	33	25	39
1	1	1	1	193	621.436	4693.622	1907	0.00389	0.000000	32.7542	0.423212	0.730169	4322	31.7893	33	25	39
1	1	1	1	194	624.436	4804.576	1952	0.00000	0.000000	33.2629	0.423212	0.730169	4322	31.7893	33	25	39
1	1	1	1	195	627.436	4915.530	1997	0.00000	0.000000	33.7716	0.423212	0.730169	4322	31.7893	33	25	39
1	1	1	1	196	630.436	5026.484	2042	0.00000	0.000000	34.2803	0.423212	0.730169	4322	31.7893	33	25	39
1	1	1	1	197	633.436	5137.438	2087	0.00000	0.000000	34.7890	0.423212	0.730169	4322	31.7893	33	25	39
1	1	1	1	198	636.436	5248.392	2132	0.00000	0.000000	35.2977	0.423212	0.730169	4322	31.7893	33	25	39
1	1	1	1	199	639.436	5359.346	2177	0.00000	0.000000	35.8064	0.423212	0.730169	4322	31.7893	33	25	39
1	1	1	1	200	642.436	5470.300	2222	0.00000	0.000000	36.3151	0.423212	0.730169	4322	31.7893	33	25	39
1	1	1	1	201	645.436	5581.254	2267	0.00000	0.000000	36.8238	0.423212	0.730169	4322	31.7893	33	25	39
1	1	1	1	202	648.436	5692.208	2312	0.00000	0.000000	37.3325	0.423212	0.730169	4322	31.7893	33	25	39
1	1	1	1	203	651.436	5803.162	2357	0.00000	0.000000	37.8412	0.423212	0.730169	4322	31.7893	33	25	39
1	1	1	1	204	654.436	5914.116	2402	0.00000	0.000000	38.3499	0.423212	0.730169	4322	31.7893	33	25	39
1	1	1	1	205	657.436	6025.070	2447	0.00000	0.000000	38.8586	0.423212	0.730169	4322	31.7893	33	25	39
1	1	1	1	206	660.436	6136.024	2492	0.00000	0.000000	39.3673	0.423212	0.730169	4322	31.7893	33	25	39
1	1	1	1	207	663.436	6246.978	2537	0.00000	0.000000	39.8760	0.423212	0.730169	4322	31.7893	33	25	39
1	1	1	1	208	666.436	6357.932	2582	0.00000	0.000000	40.3847	0.423212	0.730169	4322	31.7893	33	25	39
1	1	1	1	209	669.436	6468.886	2627	0.00000	0.000000	40.8934	0.423212	0.730169	4322	31.7893	33	25	39
1	1	1	1	210	672.436	6579.840	2672	0.00000	0.000000	41.4021	0.423212	0.730169	4322	31.7893	33	25	39
1	1	1	1	211	675.436	6690.794	2717	0.00000	0.000000	41.9108	0.423212	0.730169	4322	31.7893	33	25	39
1	1	1	1	212	678.436	6801.748	2762	0.00000	0.000000	42.4195	0.423212	0.730169	4322	31.7893	33	25	39
1	1	1	1	213	681.436	6912.702	2807	0.00000	0.000000	42.9282	0.423212	0.730169	4322	31.7893	33	25	39
1	1	1	1	214	684.436	7023.656	2852	0.00000	0.000000	43.4369	0.423212	0.730169	4322	31.7893	33	25	39
1	1	1	1	215	687.436	7134.610	2897	0.00000	0.000000	43.9456	0.423212	0.730169	4322	31.7893	33	25	39
1	1	1	1	216	690.436	7245.564	2942	0.00000	0.000000	44.4543	0.423212	0.730169	4322	31.7893	33	25	39
1	1	1	1	217	693.436	7356.518	2987	0.00000	0.000000	44.9630	0.423212	0.730169	4322	31.7893	33	25	39
1	1	1	1	218	696.436	7467.472	3032	0.00000	0.000000	45.4717	0.423212	0.730169	4322	31.7893	33	25	39
1	1	1	1	219	699.436	7578.426	3077	0.00000	0.000000	45.9804	0.423212	0.73					

EV Table 1.doc

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80																				

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80																				

1	20	137,584	670,016	250	7,18184	0,81215	17,4112	0,27038	0,55785	9,908	20,397	31	16
2	21	137,584	670,016	250	7,18184	0,81215	17,4112	0,27038	0,55785	9,908	20,397	31	16
3	22	137,584	670,016	250	7,18184	0,81215	17,4112	0,27038	0,55785	9,908	20,397	31	16
4	23	137,584	670,016	250	7,18184	0,81215	17,4112	0,27038	0,55785	9,908	20,397	31	16
5	24	137,584	670,016	250	7,18184	0,81215	17,4112	0,27038	0,55785	9,908	20,397	31	16
6	25	137,584	670,016	250	7,18184	0,81215	17,4112	0,27038	0,55785	9,908	20,397	31	16
7	26	137,584	670,016	250	7,18184	0,81215	17,4112	0,27038	0,55785	9,908	20,397	31	16
8	27	137,584	670,016	250	7,18184	0,81215	17,4112	0,27038	0,55785	9,908	20,397	31	16
9	28	137,584	670,016	250	7,18184	0,81215	17,4112	0,27038	0,55785	9,908	20,397	31	16
10	29	137,584	670,016	250	7,18184	0,81215	17,4112	0,27038	0,55785	9,908	20,397	31	16
11	30	137,584	670,016	250	7,18184	0,81215	17,4112	0,27038	0,55785	9,908	20,397	31	16
12	31	137,584	670,016	250	7,18184	0,81215	17,4112	0,27038	0,55785	9,908	20,397	31	16
13	32	137,584	670,016	250	7,18184	0,81215	17,4112	0,27038	0,55785	9,908	20,397	31	16
14	33	137,584	670,016	250	7,18184	0,81215	17,4112	0,27038	0,55785	9,908	20,397	31	16
15	34	137,584	670,016	250	7,18184	0,81215	17,4112	0,27038	0,55785	9,908	20,397	31	16
16	35	137,584	670,016	250	7,18184	0,81215	17,4112	0,27038	0,55785	9,908	20,397	31	16
17	36	137,584	670,016	250	7,18184	0,81215	17,4112	0,27038	0,55785	9,908	20,397	31	16
18	37	137,584	670,016	250	7,18184	0,81215	17,4112	0,27038	0,55785	9,908	20,397	31	16
19	38	137,584	670,016	250	7,18184	0,81215	17,4112	0,27038	0,55785	9,908	20,397	31	16
20	39	137,584	670,016	250	7,18184	0,81215	17,4112	0,27038	0,55785	9,908	20,397	31	16
21	40	137,584	670,016	250	7,18184	0,81215	17,4112	0,27038	0,55785	9,908	20,397	31	16
22	41	137,584	670,016	250	7,18184	0,81215	17,4112	0,27038	0,55785	9,908	20,397	31	16
23	42	137,584	670,016	250	7,18184	0,81215	17,4112	0,27038	0,55785	9,908	20,397	31	16
24	43	137,584	670,016	250	7,18184	0,81215	17,4112	0,27038	0,55785	9,908	20,397	31	16
25	44	137,584	670,016	250	7,18184	0,81215	17,4112	0,27038	0,55785	9,908	20,397	31	16
26	45	137,584	670,016	250	7,18184	0,81215	17,4112	0,27038	0,55785	9,908	20,397	31	16
27	46	137,584	670,016	250	7,18184	0,81215	17,4112	0,27038	0,55785	9,908	20,397	31	16
28	47	137,584	670,016	250	7,18184	0,81215	17,4112	0,27038	0,55785	9,908	20,397	31	16
29													

Page 11 of 16

EV Table 1.doc

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60
61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90
91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100	101	102	103	104	105	106	107	108	109	110	111	112	113	114	115	116	117	118	119	120
121	122	123	124	125	126	127	128	129	130	131	132	133	134	135	136	137	138	139	140	141	142	143	144	145	146	147	148	149	150
151	152	153	154	155	156	157	158	159	160	161	162	163	164	165	166	167	168	169	170	171	172	173	174	175	176	177	178	179	180
181	182	183	184	185	186	187	188	189	190	191	192	193	194	195	196	197	198	199	200	201	202	203	204	205	206	207	208	209	210
211	212	213	214	215	216	217	218	219	220	221	222	223	224	225	226	227	228	229	230	231	232	233	234	235	236	237	238	239	240
241	242	243	244	245	246	247	248	249	250	251	252	253	254	255	256	257	258	259	260	261	262	263	264	265	266	267	268	269	270
271	272	273	274	275	276	277	278	279	280	281	282	283	284	285	286	287	288	289	290	291	292	293	294	295	296	297	298	299	300
301	302	303	304	305	306	307	308	309	310	311	312	313	314	315	316	317	318	319	320	321	322	323	324	325	326	327	328	329	330
331	332	333	334	335	336	337	338	339	340	341	342	343	344	345	346	347	348	349	350	351	352	353	354	355	356	357	358	359	360
361	362	363	364	365	366	367	368	369	370	371	372	373	374	375	376	377	378	379	380	381	382	383	384	385	386	387	388	389	390
391	392	393	394	395	396	397	398	399	400	401	402	403	404	405	406	407	408	409	410	411	412	413	414	415	416	417	418	419	420
421	422	423	424	425	426	427	428	429	430	431	432	433	434	435	436	437	438	439	440	441	442	443	444	445	446	447	448	449	450
451	452	453	454	455	456	457	458	459	460	461	462	463	464	465	466	467	468	469	470	471	472	473	474	475	476	477	478	479	480
481	482	483	484	485	486	487	488	489	490	491	492	493	494	495	496	497	498	499	500	501	502	503	504	505	506	507	508	509	510
511	512	513	514	515	516	517	518	519	520	521	522	523	524	525	526	527	528	529	530	531	532	533	534	535	536	537	538	539	540
541	542	543	544	545	546	547	548	549	550	551	552	553	554	555	556	557	558	559	560	561	562	563	564	565	566	567	568	569	570
571	572	573	574	575	576	577	578	579	580	581	582	583	584	585	586	587	588	589	590	591	592	593	594	595	596	597	598	599	600
601	602	603	604	605	606	607	608	609	610	611	612	613	614	615	616	617	618	619	620	621	622	623	624	625	626	627	628	629	630
631	632	633	634	635	636	637	638	639	640	641	642	643	644	645	646	647	648	649	650	651	652	653	654	655	656	657	658	659	660
661	662	663	664	665	666	667	668	669	670	671	672	673	674	675	676	677	678	679	680	681	682	683	684	685	686	687	688	689	690
691	692	693	694	695	696	697	698	699	700	701	702	703	704	705	706	707	708	709	710	711	712	713	714	715	716	717	718	719	720
721	722	723	724	725	726	727	728	729	730	731	732	733	734	735	736	737	738	739	740	741	742	743	744	745	746	747	748	749	750
751	752	753	754	755	756	757	758	759	760	761	762	763	764	765	766	767	768	769	770	771	772	773	774	775	776	777	778	779	780
781	782	783	784	785	786	787	788	789	790	791	792	793	794	795	796	797	798	799	800	801	802	803	804	805	806	807	808	809	810
811	812	813	814	815	816	817	818	819	820	821	822	823	824	825	826	827	828	829	830	831	832	833	834	835	836	837	838	839	840
841	842	843	844	845	846	847	848	849	850	851	852	853	854	855	856	857	858	859	860	861	862	863	864	865	866	867	868	869	870
871	872	873	874	875	876	877	878	879	880	881	882	883	884	885	886	887	888	889	890	891	892	893	894	895	896	897	898	899	900
901	902	903	904	905	906	907	908	909	910	911	912	913	914	915	916	917	918	919	920	921	922	923	924	925	926	927	928	929	930
931	932	933	934	935	936	937	938	939	940	941	942	943	944	945	946	947	948	949	950	951	952	953	954	955	956	957	958	959	960
961	962	963	964	965	966	967	968	969	970	971	972	973	974	975	976	977	978	979	980	981	982	983	984	985	986	987	988	989	990
991	992	993	994	995	996	997	998	999	1000	1001	1002	1003	1004	1005	1006	1007	1008	1009	1010	1011	1012	1013	1014	1015	1016	1017	1018	1019	1020
1021	1022	1023	1024	1025	1026	1027	1028	1029	1030	1031	1032	1033	1034	1035	1036	1037	1038	1039	1040	1041	1042	1043	1044	1045	1046	1047	1048	1049	1050
1051	1052	1053	1054	1055	1056	1057	1058	1059	1060	1061	1062	1063	1064	1065	1066	1067	1068	1069	1070	1071	1072	1073	1074	1075	1076	1077	1078	1079	1080
1081	1082	1083	1084	1085	1086	1087	1088	1089	1090	1091	1092	1093	1094	1095	1096	1097	1098	1099	1100	1101	1102	1103	1104	1105	1106	1107	1108	1109	1110
1111	1112	1113	1114	1115	1116	1117	1118	1119	1120	1121	1122	1123	1124	1125	1126	1127	1128	1129	1130	1131	1132	1133	1134	1135	1136	1137	1138	1139	1140
1141	1142	1143	1144	1145	1146	1147	1148	1149	1150	1151	1152	1153	1154	1155	1156	1157	1158	1159	1160	1161	1162	1163	1164	1165	1166	1167	1168	1169	1170
1171	1172	1173	1174	1175	1176	1177	1178	1179	1180	1181	1182	1183	1184	1185	1186	1187	1188	1189	1190	1191	1192	1193	1194	1195	1196	1197	1198	1199	1200
1201	1202	1203	1204	1205	1206	1207	1208	1209	1210	1211	1212	1213	1214	1215	1216	1217	1218	1219	1220	1221	1222	1223	1224	1225	1226	1227	1228	1229	1230
1231	1232	1233	1234	1235	1236	1237	1238	1239	1240	1241	1242	1243	1244	1245	1246	1247	1248	1249	1250	1251	1252	1253	1254	1255	1256	1257	1258	1259	1260
1261	1262	1263	1264	1265	1266	1267	1268	1269	1270	1271	1272	1273	1274	1275	1276	1277	1278	1279	1280	1281	1282	1283	1284	1285	1286	1287	1288	1289	1290
1291	1292	1293	1294	1295	1296	1297	1298	1299	1300	1301	1302	1303	1304	1305	1306	1307	1308	1309	1310	1311	1312	1313	1314	1315	1316	1317	1318	1319	1320
1321	1322	1323	1324	1325	1326	1327	1328	1329	1330	1331	1332	1333	1334	1335	1336	1337	1338	1339	1340	1341	1342	1343	1344	1345	1346	1347	1348	1349	1350
1351	1352	1353	1354	1355	1356	1357	1358	1359	1360	1361	1362	1363	1364	1365	1366	1367	1368	1369	1370	1371	1372	1373	1374	1375	1376	1377	1378	1379	1380
1381	1382	1383	1384	1385	1386	1387	1388	1389	1390	1391	1392	1393	1394	1395	1396	1397	1398	1399	1400	1401	1402	1403	1404	1405	1406	1407	1408	1409	1410
1411	1412	1413	1414	1415	1416	1417	1418	1419	1420	1421	1422	1423	1424	1425	1426	1427	1428	1429	1430	1431	1432	1433	1434	1435	1436	1437	1438	1439	1440
1441	1442	1443	1444	1445	1446	1447	1448	1449	1450	1451	1452	1453	1454	1455	1456	1457	1458	1459	1460	1461	1462	1463	1464	1465	1466	1467	1468	1469	1470
1471	1472	1473	1474	1475	1476	1477</																							

EV Table 1.doc

1	11.1154	387.547	104	1.42546	0.71237	11.5073	0.90418	0.674324	3955	38.0288	29	31	46
2	9.80103	429.712	66	1.20485	0.53831	9.1467	0.92711	0.733733	3053	46.3465	48	40	53
3	11.6244	443.418	77	1.21522	0.54514	9.1467	0.92711	0.733733	3053	46.3465	48	40	53
4	14.4143	458.316	88	1.22559	0.55197	9.1467	0.92711	0.733733	3053	46.3465	48	40	53
5	17.2142	473.214	99	1.23596	0.55880	9.1467	0.92711	0.733733	3053	46.3465	48	40	53
6	20.0141	488.112	110	1.24633	0.56563	9.1467	0.92711	0.733733	3053	46.3465	48	40	53
7	22.8140	503.010	121	1.25670	0.57246	9.1467	0.92711	0.733733	3053	46.3465	48	40	53
8	25.6139	517.908	132	1.26707	0.57929	9.1467	0.92711	0.733733	3053	46.3465	48	40	53
9	28.4138	532.806	143	1.27744	0.58612	9.1467	0.92711	0.733733	3053	46.3465	48	40	53
10	31.2137	547.704	154	1.28781	0.59295	9.1467	0.92711	0.733733	3053	46.3465	48	40	53
11	34.0136	562.602	165	1.29818	0.60000	9.1467	0.92711	0.733733	3053	46.3465	48	40	53
12	36.8135	577.500	176	1.30855	0.60705	9.1467	0.92711	0.733733	3053	46.3465	48	40	53
13	39.6134	592.398	187	1.31892	0.61410	9.1467	0.92711	0.733733	3053	46.3465	48	40	53
14	42.4133	607.296	198	1.32929	0.62115	9.1467	0.92711	0.733733	3053	46.3465	48	40	53
15	45.2132	622.194	209	1.33966	0.62820	9.1467	0.92711	0.733733	3053	46.3465	48	40	53
16	48.0131	637.092	220	1.35003	0.63525	9.1467	0.92711	0.733733	3053	46.3465	48	40	53
17	50.8130	651.990	231	1.36040	0.64230	9.1467	0.92711	0.733733	3053	46.3465	48	40	53
18	53.6129	666.888	242	1.37077	0.64935	9.1467	0.92711	0.733733	3053	46.3465	48	40	53
19	56.4128	681.786	253	1.38114	0.65640	9.1467	0.92711	0.733733	3053	46.3465	48	40	53
20	59.2127	696.684	264	1.39151	0.66345	9.1467	0.92711	0.733733	3053	46.3465	48	40	53
21	62.0126	711.582	275	1.40188	0.67050	9.1467	0.92711	0.733733	3053	46.3465	48	40	53
22	64.8125	726.480	286	1.41225	0.67755	9.1467	0.92711	0.733733	3053	46.3465	48	40	53
23	67.6124	741.378	297	1.42262	0.68460	9.1467	0.92711	0.733733	3053	46.3465	48	40	53
24	70.4123	756.276	308	1.43299	0.69165	9.1467	0.92711	0.733733	3053	46.3465	48	40	53
25	73.2122	771.174	319	1.44336	0.69870	9.1467	0.92711	0.733733	3053	46.3465	48	40	53
26	76.0121	786.072	330	1.45373	0.70575	9.1467	0.92711	0.733733	3053	46.3465	48	40	53
27	78.8120	800.970	341	1.46410	0.71280	9.1467	0.92711	0.733733	3053	46.3465	48	40	53
28	81.6119	815.868	352	1.47447	0.71985	9.1467	0.92711	0.733733	3053	46.3465	48	40	53
29	84.4118	830.766	363	1.48484	0.72690	9.1467	0.92711	0.733733	3053	46.3465	48	40	53
30	87.2117	845.664	374	1.49521	0.73395	9.1467	0.92711	0.733733	3053	46.3465	48	40	53
31	90.0116	860.562	385	1.50558	0.74100	9.1467	0.92711	0.733733	3053	46.3465	48	40	53
32	92.8115	875.460	396	1.51595	0.74805	9.1467	0.92711	0.733733	3053	46.3465	48	40	53
33	95.6114	890.358	407	1.52632	0.75510	9.1467	0.92711	0.733733	3053	46.3465	48	40	53
34	98.4113	905.256	418	1.53669	0.76215	9.1467	0.92711	0.733733	3053	46.3465	48	40	53
35	101.2112	920.154	429	1.54706	0.76920	9.1467	0.92711	0.733733	3053	46.3465	48	40	53
36	104.0111	935.052	440	1.55743	0.77625	9.1467	0.92711	0.733733	3053	46.3465	48	40	53
37	106.8110	949.950	451	1.56780	0.78330	9.1467	0.92711	0.733733	3053	46.3465	48	40	53
38	109.6109	964.848	462	1.57817	0.79035	9.1467	0.92711	0.733733	3053	46.3465	48	40	53
39	112.4108	979.746	473	1.58854	0.79740	9.1467	0.92711	0.733733	3053	46.3465	48	40	53
40	115.2107	994.644	484	1.59891	0.80445	9.1467	0.92711	0.733733	3053	46.3465	48	40	53
41	118.0106	1009.542	495	1.60928	0.81150	9.1467	0.92711	0.733733	3053	46.3465	48	40	53
42	120.8105	1024.440	506	1.61965	0.81855	9.1467	0.92711	0.733733	3053	46.3465	48	40	53
43	123.6104	1039.338	517	1.63002	0.82560	9.1467	0.92711	0.733733	3053	46.3465	48	40	53
44	126.4103	1054.236	528	1.64039	0.83265	9.1467	0.92711	0.733733	3053	46.3465	48	40	53
45	129.2102	1069.134	539	1.65076	0.83970	9.1467	0.92711	0.733733	3053	46.3465	48	40	53
46	132.0101	1084.032	550	1.66113	0.84675	9.1467	0.92711	0.733733	3053	46.3465	48	40	53
47	134.8100	1098.930	561	1.67150	0.85380	9.1467	0.92711	0.733733	3053	46.3465	48	40	53
48	137.6099	1113.828	572	1.68187	0.86085	9.1467	0.92711	0.733733	3053	46.3465	48	40	53
49	140.4098	1128.726	583	1.69224	0.86790	9.1467	0.92711	0.733733	3053	46.3465	48	40	53
50	143.2097	1143.624	594	1.70261	0.87495	9.1467	0.92711	0.733733	3053	46.3465	48	40	53
51	146.0096	1158.522	605	1.71298	0.88200	9.1467	0.92711	0.733733	3053	46.3465	48	40	53
52	148.8095	1173.420	616	1.72335	0.88905	9.1467	0.92711	0.733733	3053	46.3465	48	40	53
53	151.6094	1188.318	627	1.73372	0.89610	9.1467	0.92711	0.733733	3053	46.3465	48	40	53
54	154.4093	1203.216	638	1.74409	0.90315	9.1467	0.92711	0.733733	3053	46.3465	48	40	53
55	157.2092	1218.114	649	1.75446	0.91020	9.1467	0.92711	0.733733	3053	46.3465	48	40	53
56	160.0091	1233.012	660	1.76483	0.91725	9.1467	0.92711	0.733733	3053	46.3465	48	40	53
57	162.8090	1247.910	671	1.77520	0.92430	9.1467	0.92711	0.733733	3053	46.3465	48	40	53
58	165.6089	1262.808	682	1.78557	0.93135	9.1467	0.92711	0.733733	3053	46.3465	48	40	53
59	168.4088	1277.706	693	1.79594	0.93840	9.1467	0.92711	0.733733	3053	46.3465	48	40	53
60	171.2087	1292.604	704	1.80631	0.94545	9.1467	0.92711	0.733733	3053	46.3465	48	40	53
61	174.0086	1307.502	715	1.81668	0.95250	9.1467	0.92711	0.733733	3053	46.3465	48	40	53
62	176.8085	1322.400	726	1.82705	0.95955	9.1467	0.92711	0.733733	3053	46.3465	48	40	53
63	179.6084	1337.298	737	1.83742	0.96660	9.1467	0.92711	0.733733	3053	46.3465	48	40	53
64	182.4083	1352.196	748	1.84779	0.97365	9.1467	0.92711	0.733733	3053	46.3465	48	40	53
65	185.2082	1367.094	759	1.85816	0.98070	9.1467	0.92711	0.733733	3053	46.3465	48	40	53
66	188.0081	1381.992	770	1.86853	0.98775	9.1467	0.92711	0.733733	3053	46.3465	48	40	53
67	190.8080	1396.890	781	1.87890	0.99480	9.1467	0.92711	0.733733	3053	46.3465	48	40	53
68	193.6079	1411.788	792	1.88927	1.00185	9.1467	0.92711	0.733733	3053	46.3465	48	40	53
69	196.4078	1426.686	803	1.89964	1.00890	9.1467	0.92711	0.733733	3053	46.3465	48	40	53
70	199.2077	1441.584	814	1.91001	1.01595	9.1467	0.92711	0.733733	3053	46.3465	48	40	53
71	202.0076	1456.482	825	1.92038	1.02300	9.1467	0.92711	0.733733	3053	46.3465	48	40	53
72	204.8075	1471.380	836	1.93075	1.03005	9.1467	0.92711	0.733733	3053	46.3465	48	40	53
73	207.6074	1486.278	847	1.94112	1.03710	9.1467	0.92711	0.733733	3053	46.3465	48	40	53
74	210.4073	1501.176	858	1.95149	1.04415	9.1467	0.92711	0.733733	3053	46.3465	48	40	53
75	213.2072	1516.074	869	1.96186	1.05120	9.1467	0.92711	0.733733	3053	46.3465	48	40	53
76	216.0071	1530.972	880	1.97223	1.05825	9.1467	0.92711	0.733733	3053	46.3465	48	40	53

EV Table 1.doc

[illegible]

Page 15 of 16

Page 16 of 16

EV Table 2.doc

Example of the summary output of AnalyseDNA.m program
(summary for 10 3 by 3 montage images)

1	1287	161.912	78.3518	1.53819	0.381735	0.714461	0.137096	11.0612	1.115	0.305331	0.0150345	0.701748	0.075176	6169.76	3196.95	61.539	10.322	62.9464	18.9293
2	1305	164.334	50.8566	22.4044	0.339942	0.727835	0.131602	14.1434	3.43288	0.301571	0.0341123	0.701177	0.0730289	6784.37	3695.4	62.2016	17.0545	63.8215	17.582
3	1305	164.334	50.8566	22.4044	0.339942	0.727835	0.131602	14.1434	3.43288	0.301571	0.0341123	0.701177	0.0730289	6784.37	3695.4	62.2016	17.0545	63.8215	17.582
4	1305	164.334	50.8566	22.4044	0.339942	0.727835	0.131602	14.1434	3.43288	0.301571	0.0341123	0.701177	0.0730289	6784.37	3695.4	62.2016	17.0545	63.8215	17.582
5	1305	164.334	50.8566	22.4044	0.339942	0.727835	0.131602	14.1434	3.43288	0.301571	0.0341123	0.701177	0.0730289	6784.37	3695.4	62.2016	17.0545	63.8215	17.582
6	1305	164.334	50.8566	22.4044	0.339942	0.727835	0.131602	14.1434	3.43288	0.301571	0.0341123	0.701177	0.0730289	6784.37	3695.4	62.2016	17.0545	63.8215	17.582
7	1305	164.334	50.8566	22.4044	0.339942	0.727835	0.131602	14.1434	3.43288	0.301571	0.0341123	0.701177	0.0730289	6784.37	3695.4	62.2016	17.0545	63.8215	17.582
8	1305	164.334	50.8566	22.4044	0.339942	0.727835	0.131602	14.1434	3.43288	0.301571	0.0341123	0.701177	0.0730289	6784.37	3695.4	62.2016	17.0545	63.8215	17.582
9	1305	164.334	50.8566	22.4044	0.339942	0.727835	0.131602	14.1434	3.43288	0.301571	0.0341123	0.701177	0.0730289	6784.37	3695.4	62.2016	17.0545	63.8215	17.582
10	1305	164.334	50.8566	22.4044	0.339942	0.727835	0.131602	14.1434	3.43288	0.301571	0.0341123	0.701177	0.0730289	6784.37	3695.4	62.2016	17.0545	63.8215	17.582

CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

1. A method of predicting a property of a manipulation of cells based
5 upon a descriptor, said method comprising:
 providing a plurality of cells;
 manipulating said plurality of cells;
 capturing a morphological value from said plurality of cells;
 assigning a degree of presence of said morphological value; and
10 storing said morphological value and said degree of presence;
 wherein said descriptor is derived from a first component of a cell and
a second component of said cell, said capturing said morphometric value from said
plurality of cells comprises determining a relationship between said first component
and said second component.
- 15 2. The method of claim 1 wherein said first component and said second
component are selected from a protein, a protein modification, a nucleic acid, a lipid,
a carbohydrate, a subcellular structure and an organelle.
3. The method of 1 wherein said step of manipulation occurs in a manner
selected from a electrical source, a chemical source, a thermal source, a gravitational
20 source, a nuclear source, a temporal source, and a biological source
4. The method of claim 3 wherein said chemical source is selected from a
pharmacological candidate and a drug screening library.
5. The method of claim 1 wherein said morphological value is selected
from a count, an area, a perimeter, a length, a breadth, a fiber length, a fiber breadth, a
25 shape factor, a elliptical form factor, an inner radius, an outer radius, a mean radius,
an equivalent radius, an equivalent sphere volume, an equivalent prolate volume, an
equivalent oblate volume, an equivalent sphere surface area, an average gray value, a
total gray value, and an optical density.
6. The method of claim 1 wherein said degree of presence is
30 multiple of a quantized value.

7. A computer program product for populating a database with manipulated biological information, said computer program product comprising:
code for providing a plurality of cells in various stages of the cell cycle, said stages of the cell cycle including at least one selected from interphase, G0
5 phase, G1 phase, S phase, G2 phase, M phase, prophase, prometaphase, metaphase, anaphase, and telophase;
code for manipulating said cells in said various stages of cell cycle development to form a plurality of manipulated cells;
code for capturing an image of said plurality of manipulated cells;
10 code for determining a descriptor from said image for said manipulated cells;
code for populating a database with said descriptor;
wherein said image includes a first component of a cell and a second component of said cell; and
15 a computer readable storage medium for holding the codes.
8. The computer program product of claim 7 wherein said first component and said second component are selected from a protein, a protein modification, a nucleic acid, a lipid, a carbohydrate, a sub-cellular structure and an organelle.
- 20 9. The computer program product of claim 7 wherein said image is a digitized representation of said plurality of manipulated cells.
11. The computer program product of claim 9 wherein said digitized representation provides a density value of said plurality of manipulated cells.
11. The computer program product of claim 7 wherein said descriptors
25 comprise numeric or logical values.
12. The computer program product of claim 11 wherein said values further comprises a nucleotide.
13. The computer program product of claim 11 wherein said values further comprises an amino acid letter.
- 30 14. A system for capturing images of cells or cell structures, the system comprising:
a cell holder comprising a plurality of sites in a spatial orientation, each of the sites being capable of holding a plurality of cells to be imaged;

an image capturing device coupled to the cell holder, the image capture device being adapted to capture at least one image in at least one of the plurality of sites;

an illumination apparatus comprising a liquid light guide coupled to the plate for highlighting the plurality of cells in a relatively even spatial manner for image capturing purposes;

an image processing device coupled to the image capturing device, the image capturing device being adapted to convert the image into a digital representation; and

a database storage device comprising a database management element coupled to the image capturing device, the database storage device being adapted to retrieve the digital representation of the image from the image processing device and storing the digital representation.

15. The system of claim 14 further comprising a stage comprising a device for moving the cell holder in a spatial direction to traverse across the cell holder in the spatial orientation.

16. The system of claim 14 wherein the illumination apparatus comprises sub-elements, at least one of the sub-elements being positioned away from the image capturing device to prevent a possibility of vibration from the one sub-elements to be transmitted to the image capturing device.

17. The system of claim 14 wherein the digital representation comprises a plurality of regions and objects.

18. The system of claim 14 further comprising a computing device connected between the database storage device and the image processing device.

19. The system of claim 14 wherein the image capturing device comprises a magnification of at least 1X and greater to capture the image of the site.

20. The system of claim 14 wherein the plurality of sites comprises at least 96 sites.

21. The system of claim 14 wherein the liquid light guide characterized as a flexible member that substantially prevents vibration from the an element of the illumination apparatus to be transferred to the image capturing device.

22. The system of claim 14 wherein the spatial direction can be selected from an x-direction, a y-direction, or a z-direction in a Cartesian coordinate system.

23. The system of claim 14 wherein the each of the sites comprises
5 a volume that is sufficient to prevent a solution therein from evaporating in a substantial manner that may influence the image capturing.

24. A method for identifying a mechanism of action for a first compound, the method comprising the steps of:
receiving the first compound;
10 measuring at least one feature of a cellular phenotype to define a target phenotype;
identifying additional compounds providing a feature similar to the feature identified in the measuring step; and
characterizing the first compound in terms of distance from a specific
15 target phenotype having known characteristics.

25. The method of claim 24 comprising the further step of storing the additional compounds and their associated phenotypes in a database.

26. A method for identifying a mechanism of action for a cellular stimulus, the method comprising the steps of:
20 receiving cells of interest;
measuring at least one feature of the cells to define and quantify a target phenotype;
identifying additional compounds providing a feature similar to the feature identified in the measuring step; and
25 characterizing the first compound in terms of distance from a specific target phenotype having known characteristics.

27. A method for identifying information relevant to at least one of a mechanism of action and cellular activity by utilizing assay data to elucidate a phenotype, the method comprising the steps of:
30 identifying a target protein;
identifying positive and negative biochemical hits related to the target protein;
defining the target phenotype utilizing the positive and negative hits;

identifying other compounds providing similar features; and
characterizing the first compound in terms of distance from a specific
target phenotype having known characteristics.

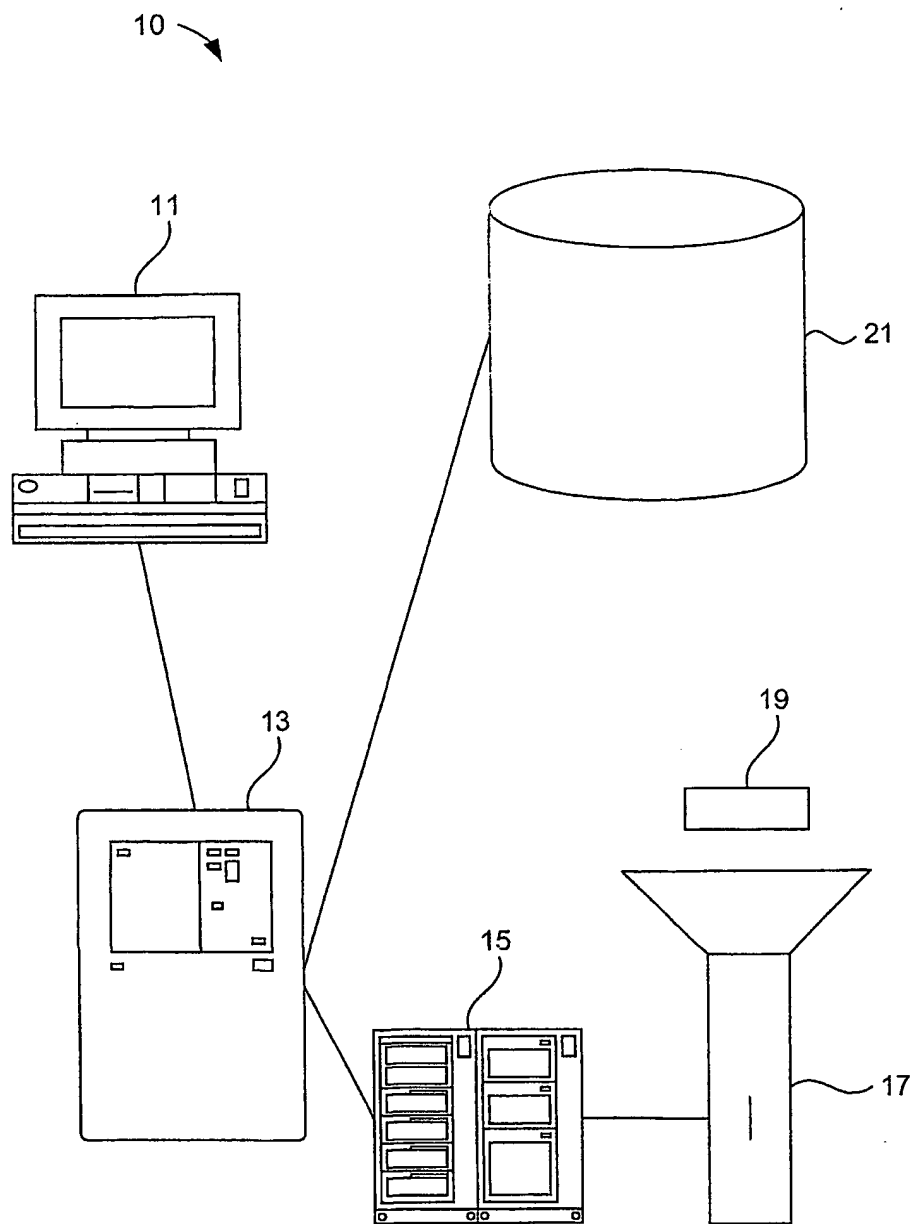


FIG. 1

2/36

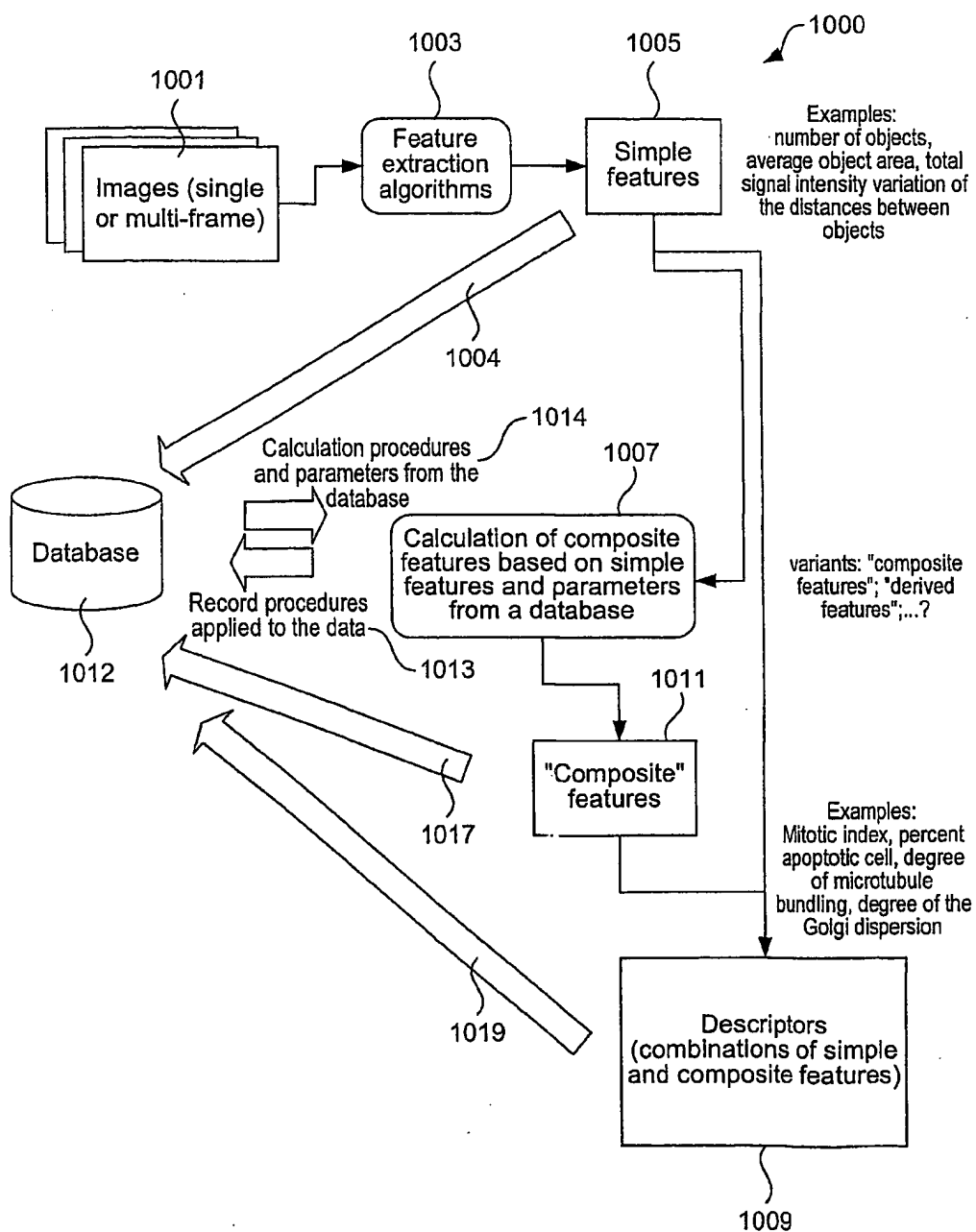


FIG. 1A

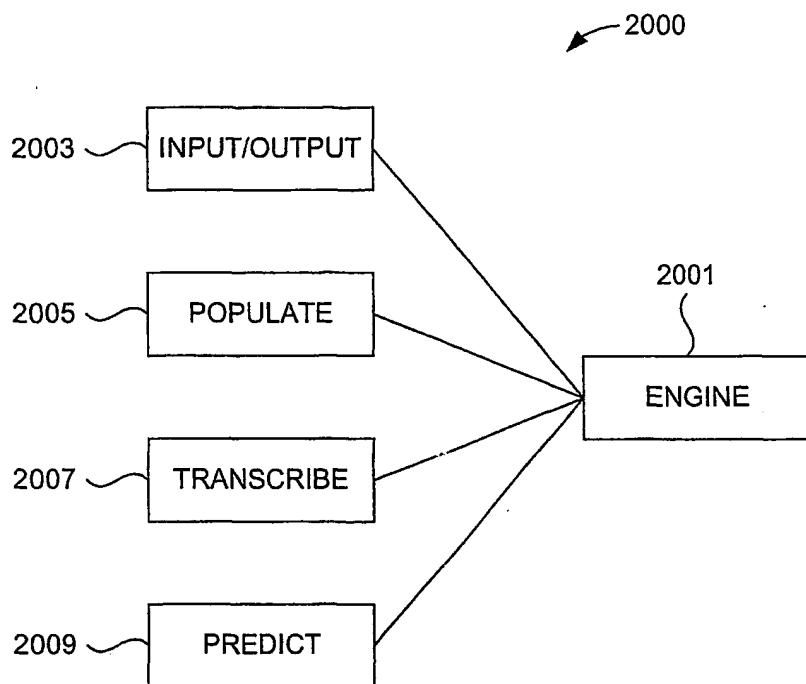


FIG. 1B

4/36

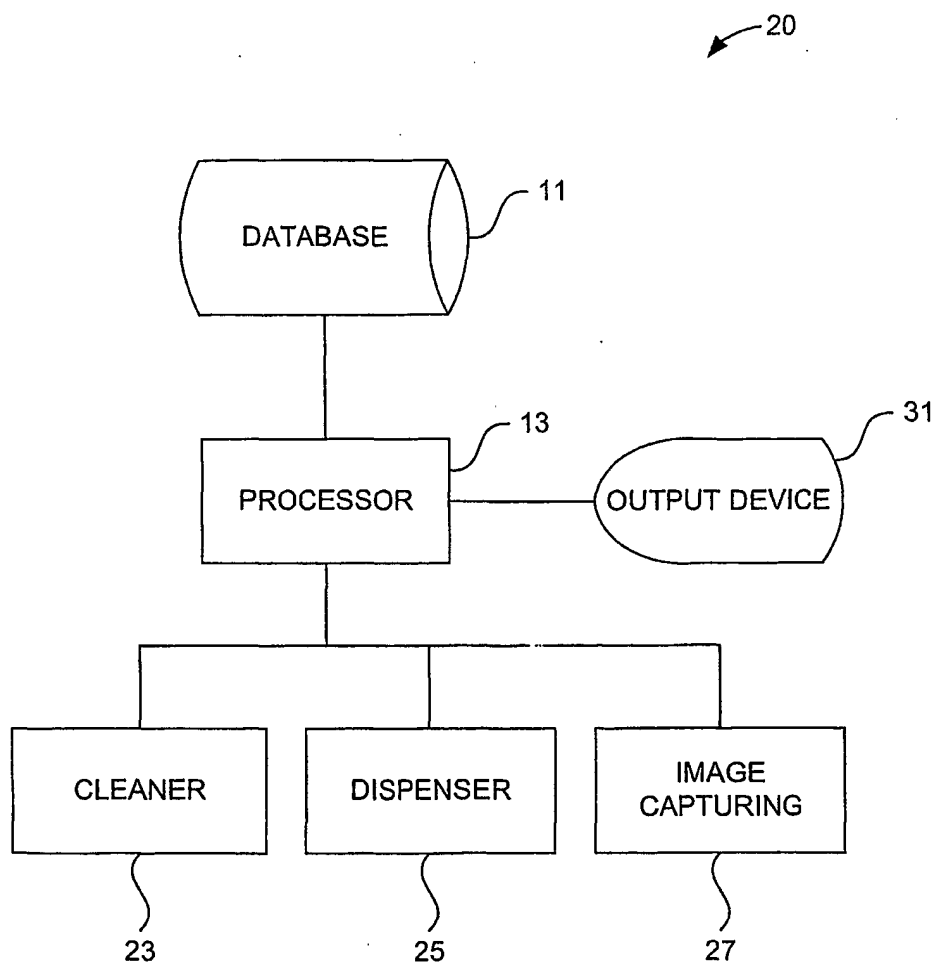


FIG. 2

5/36

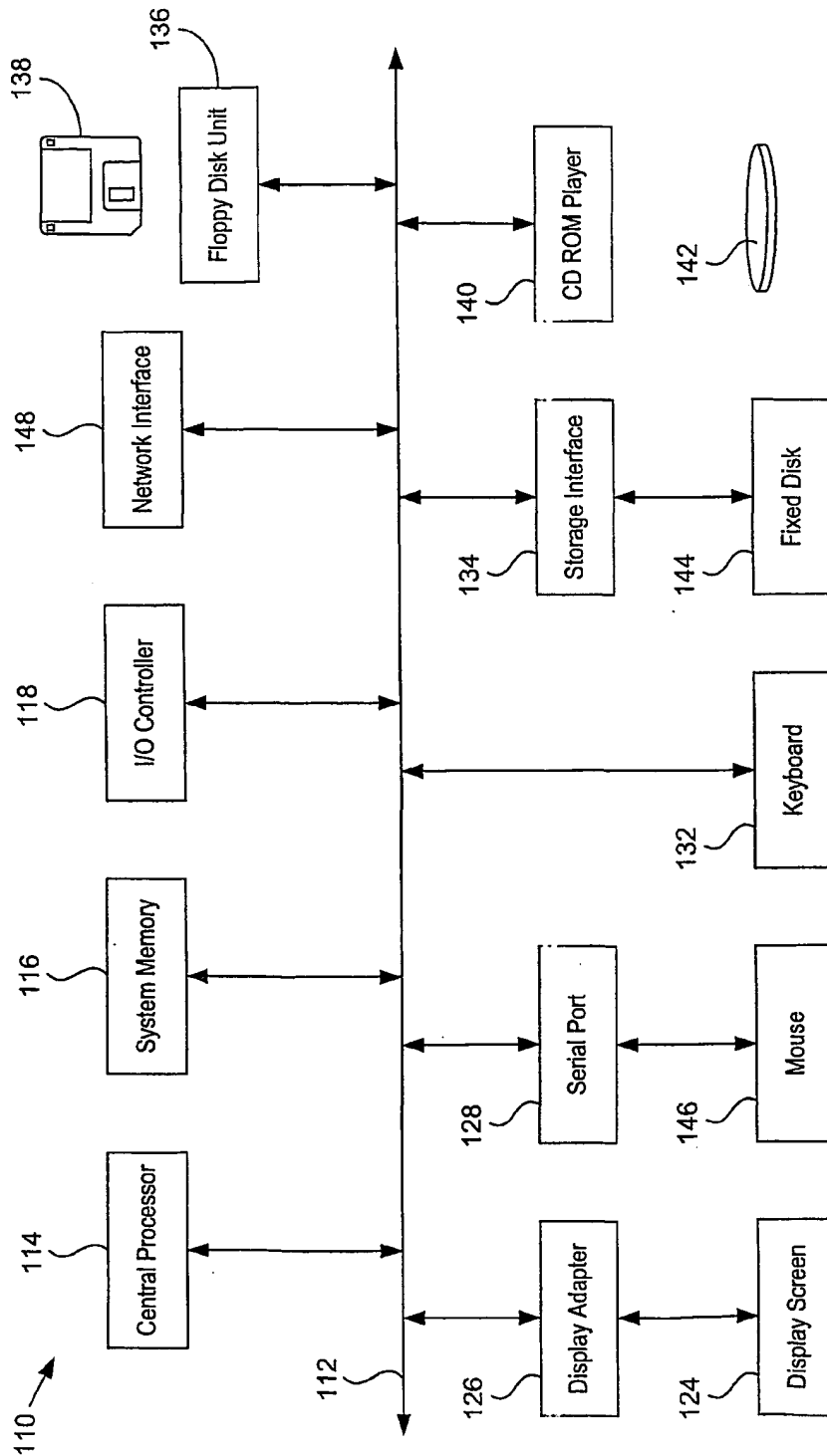


FIG. 3

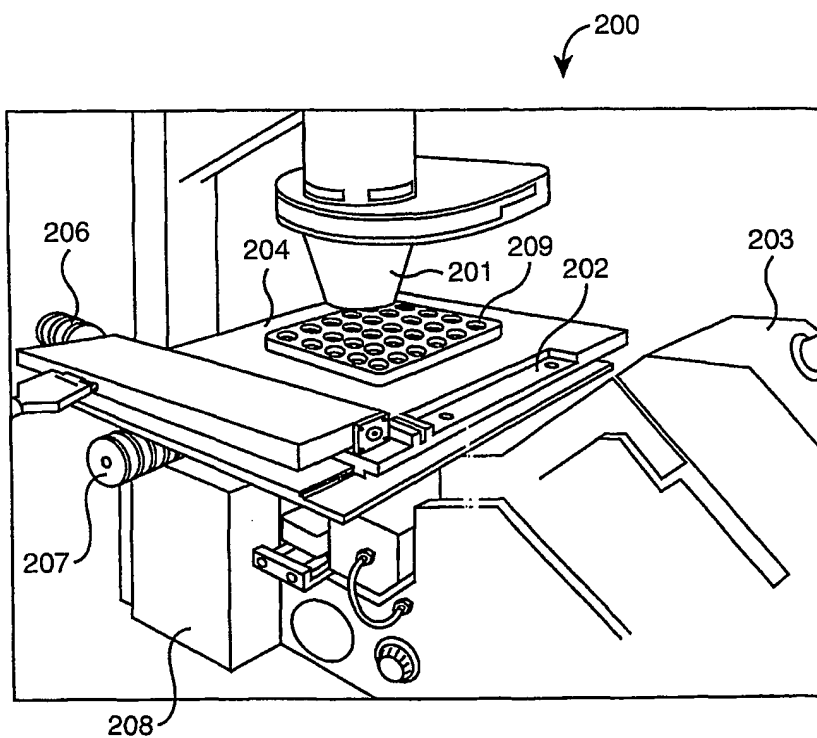


FIG. 4

7/36

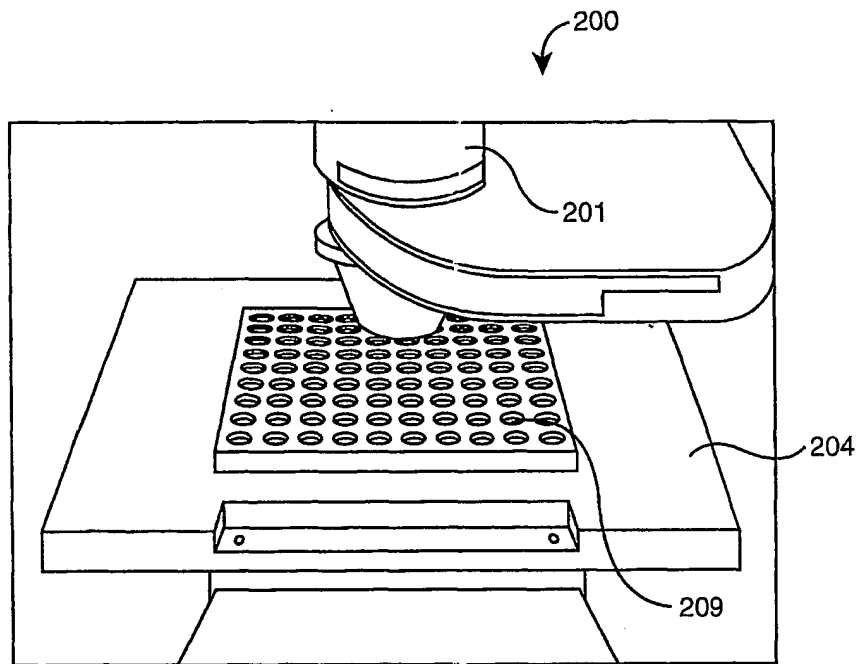


FIG. 5

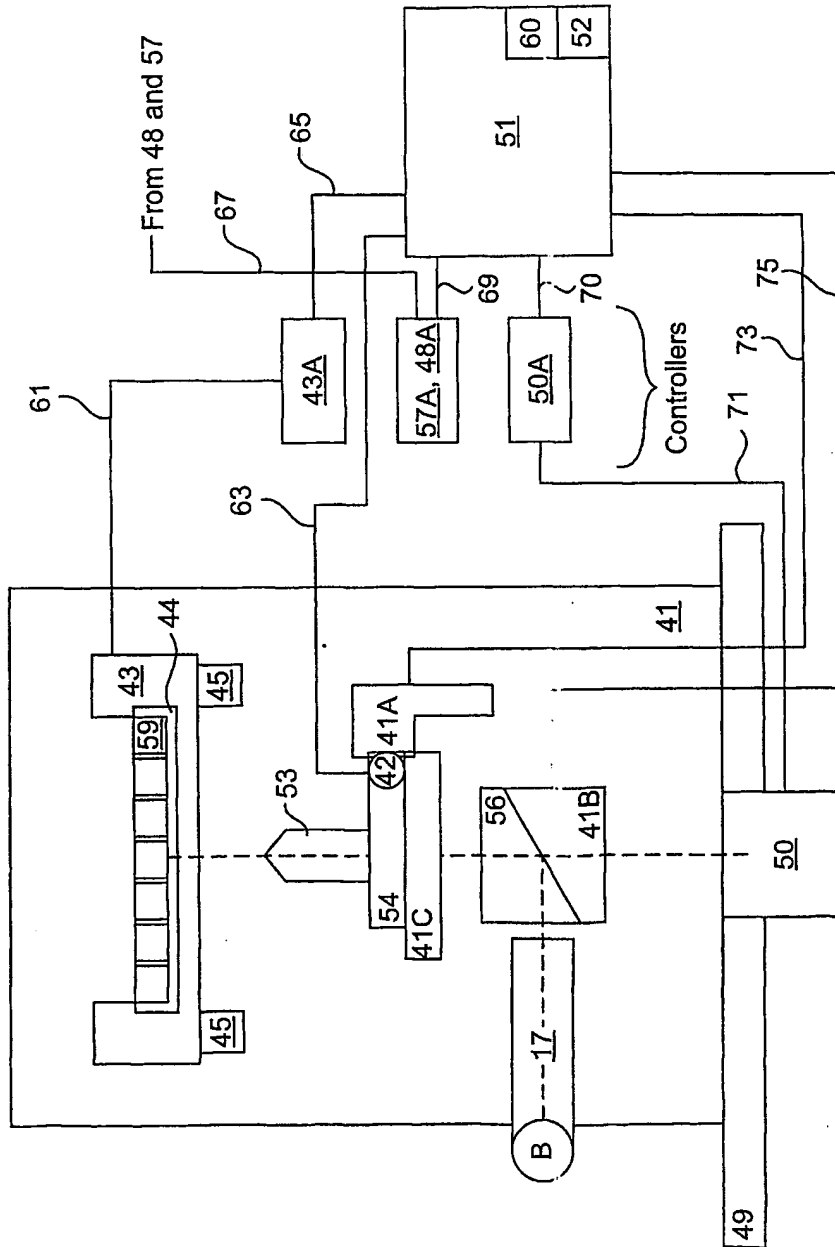


FIG. 5A

9/36

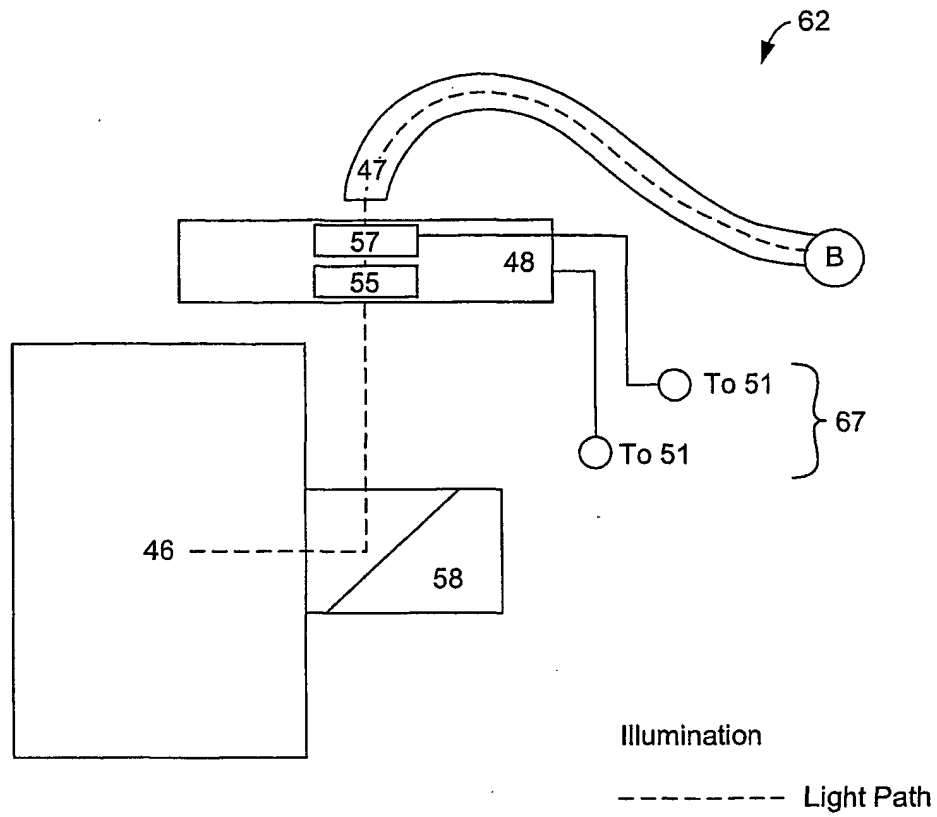


FIG. 5B

10/36

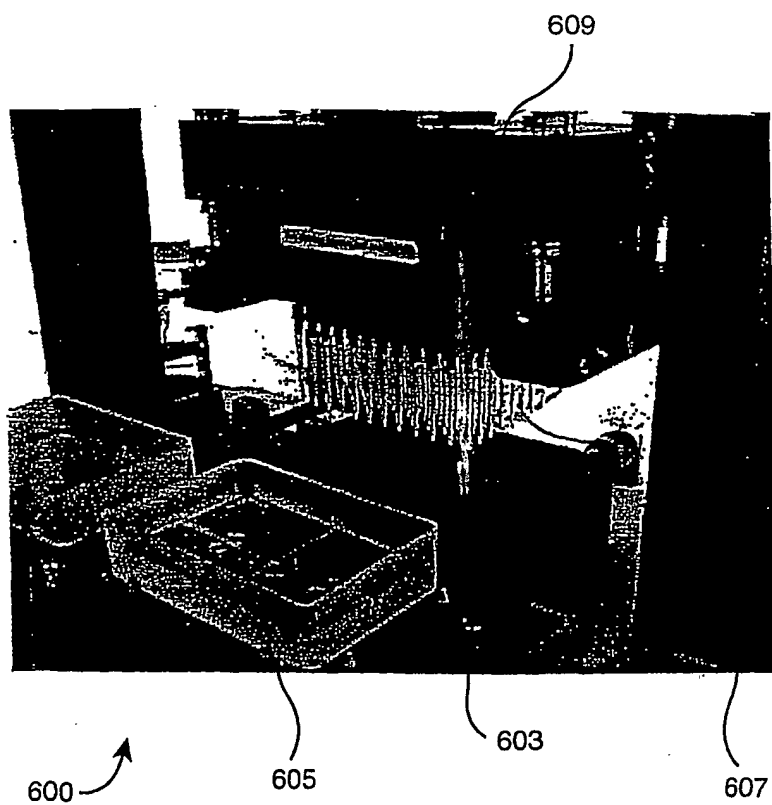


FIG. 6

11/36

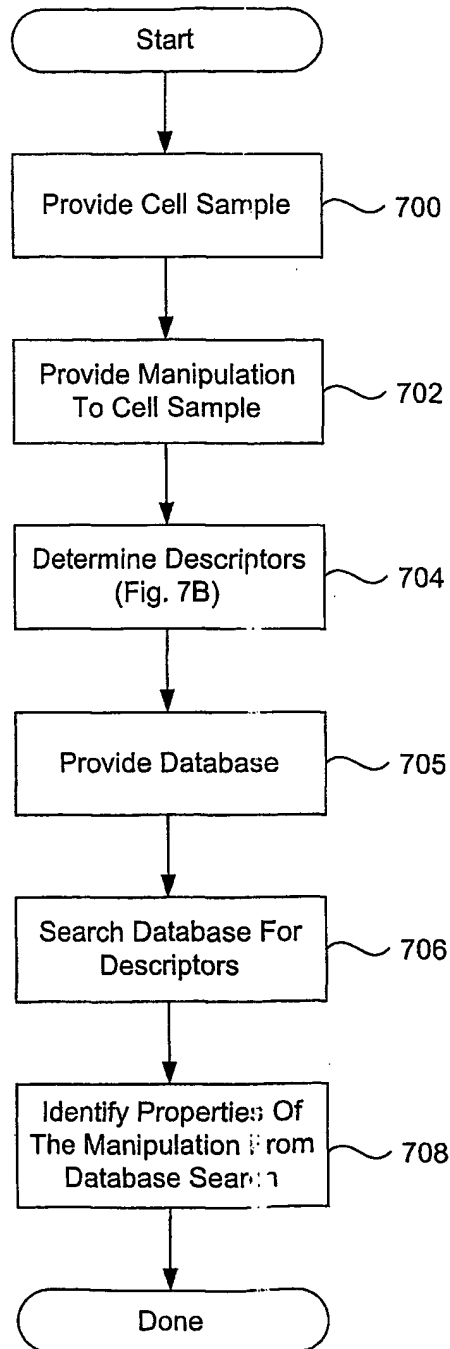


FIG. 7A

12/36

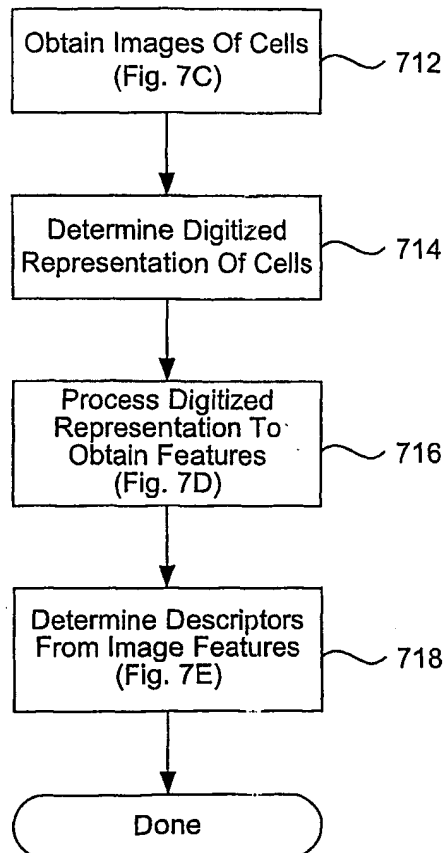


FIG. 7B
Step 704 of Fig. 7A

13/36

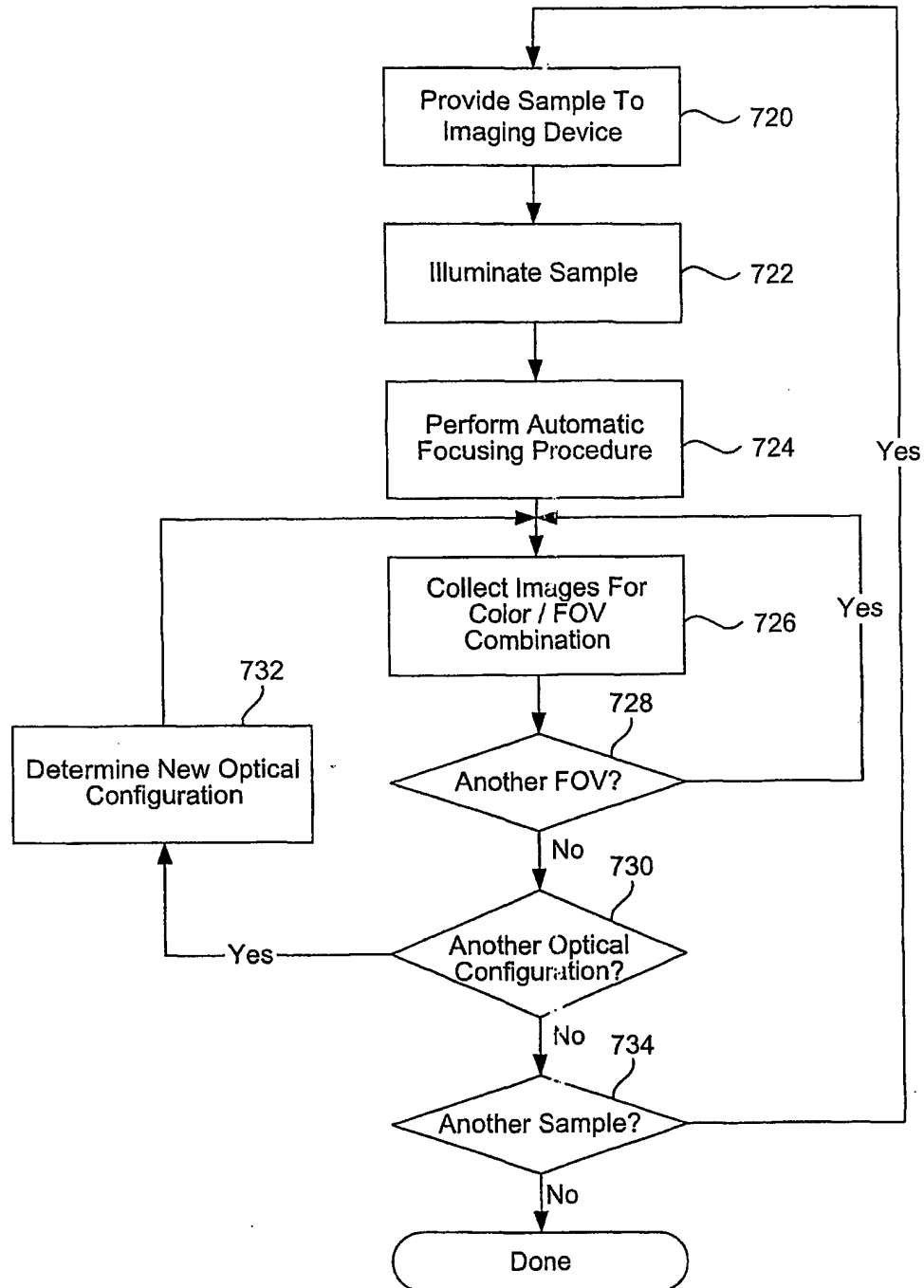


FIG. 7C

Step 714 of Fig. 7B

14/36

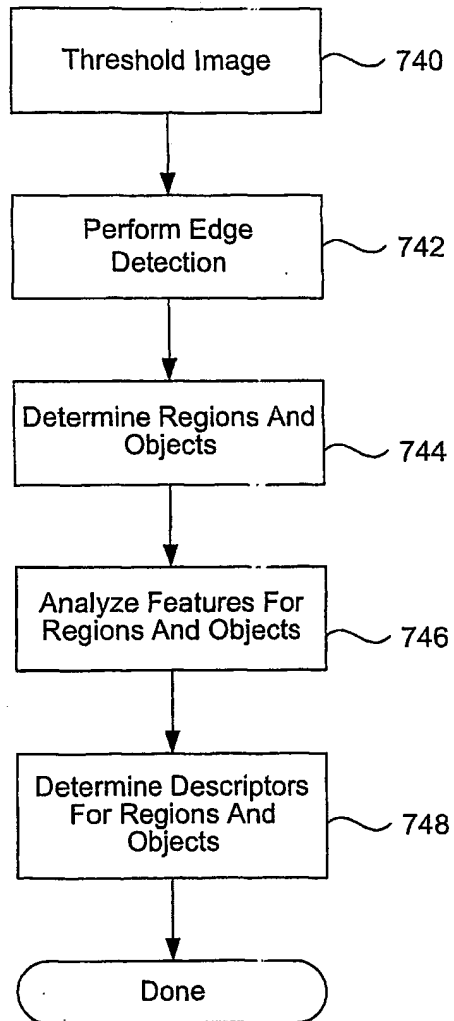


FIG. 7D
Step 716 of Fig. 7B

15/36

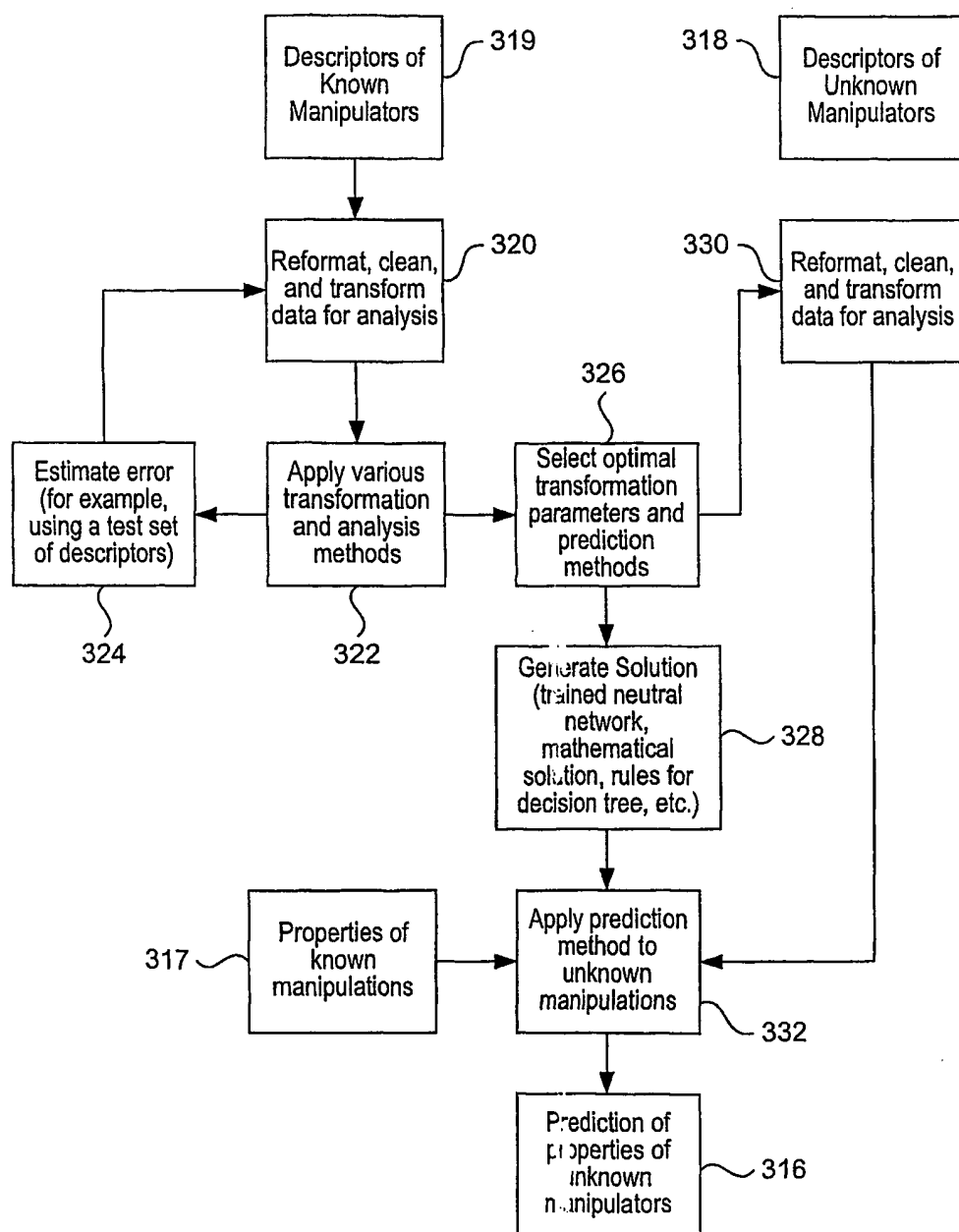


FIG. 7E

16/36

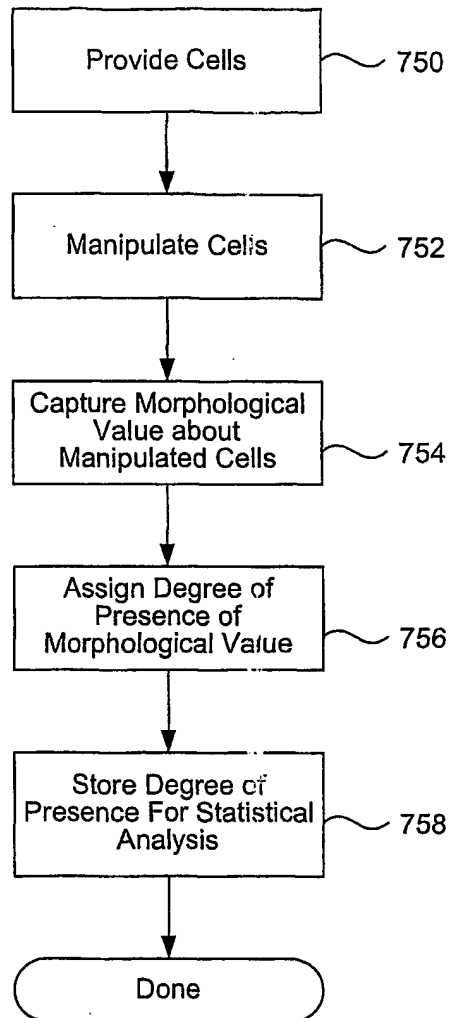


FIG. 7F

17/36

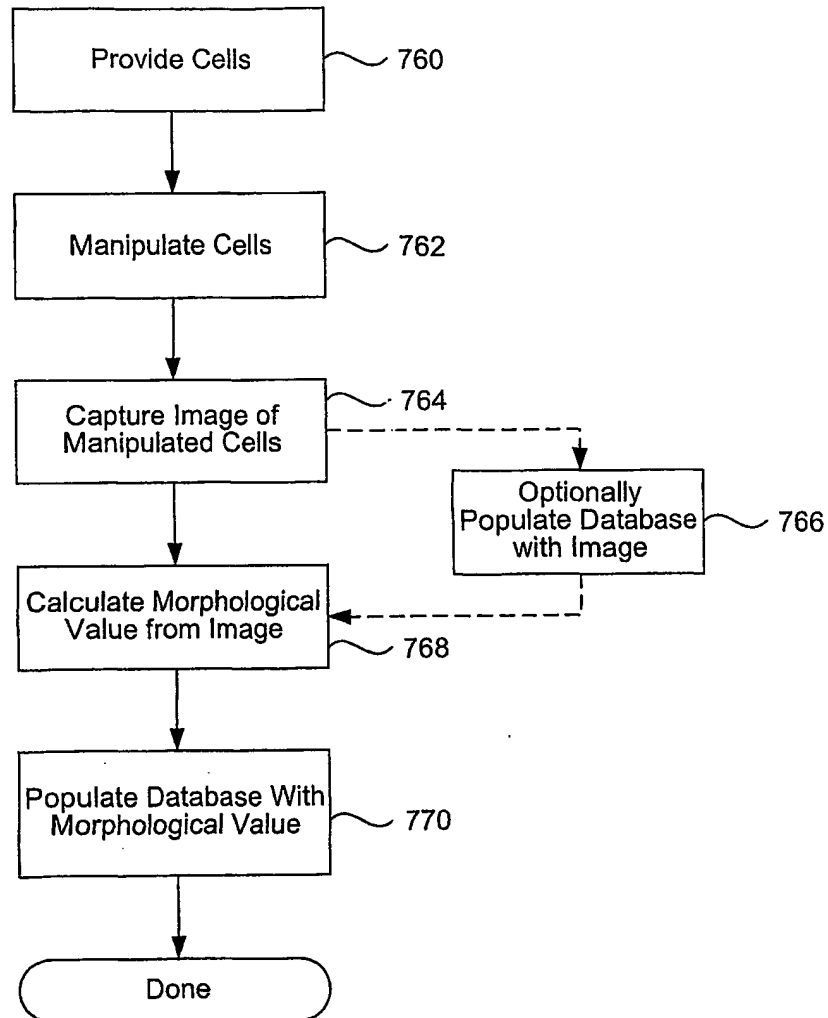


FIG. 7G

18/36

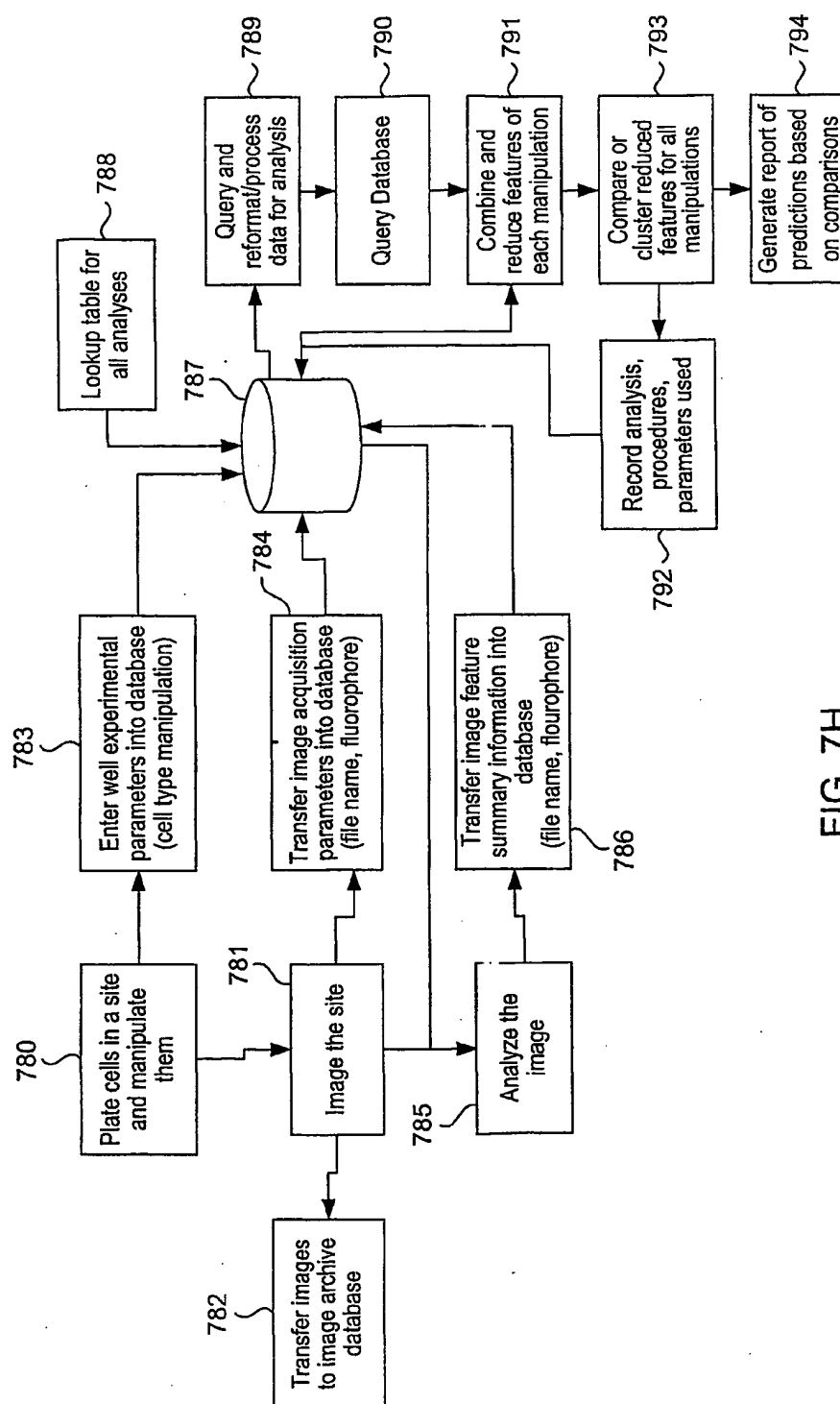


FIG. 7H

19/36

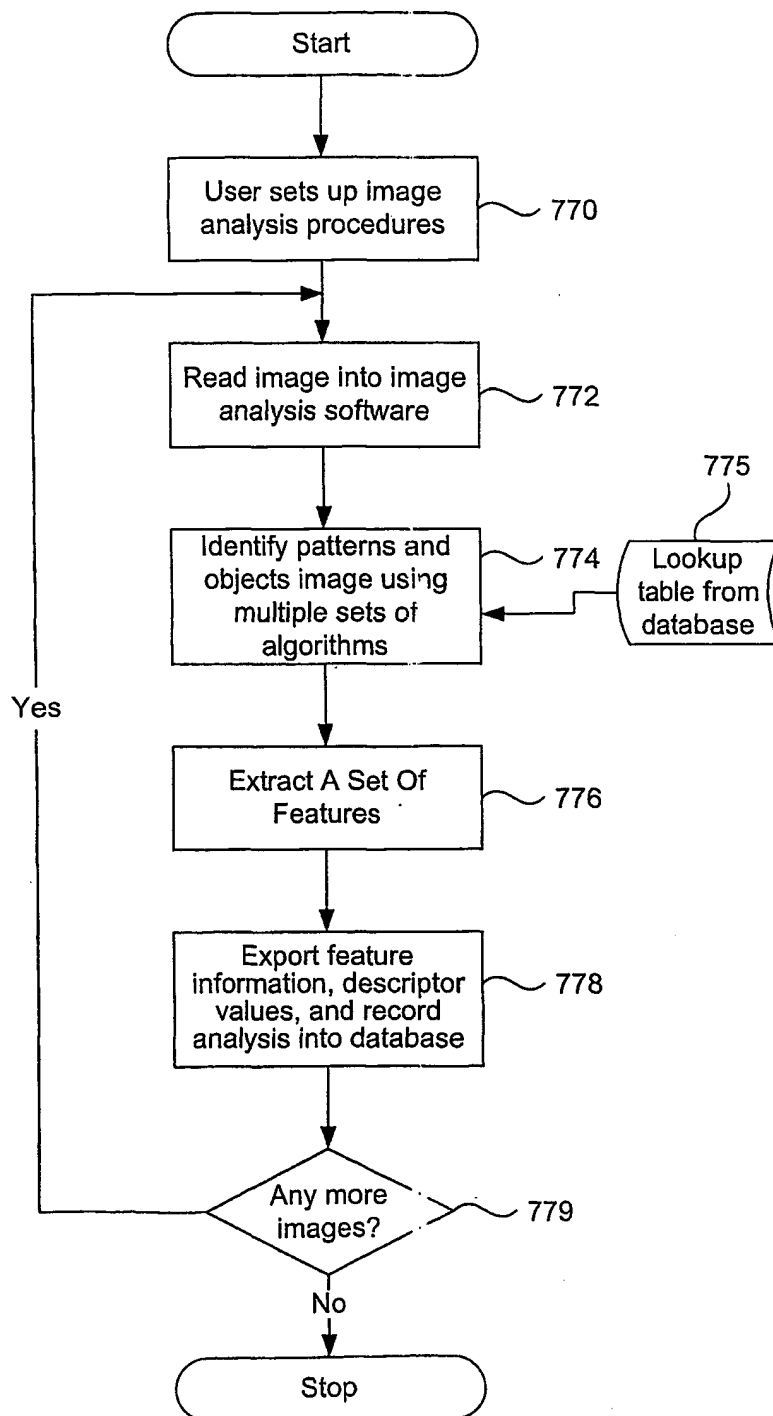


FIG. 71

20/36

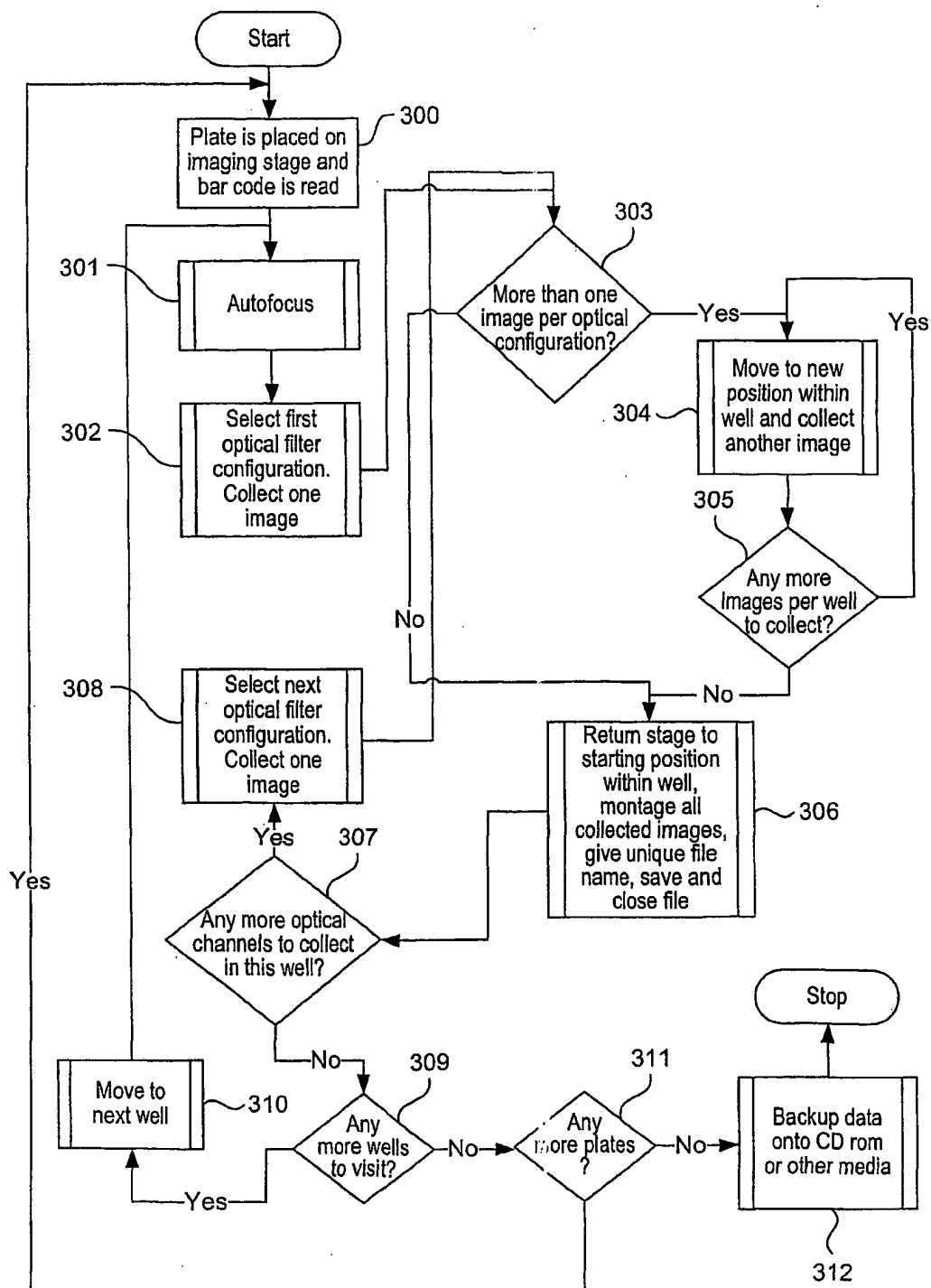


FIG. 7J

21/36

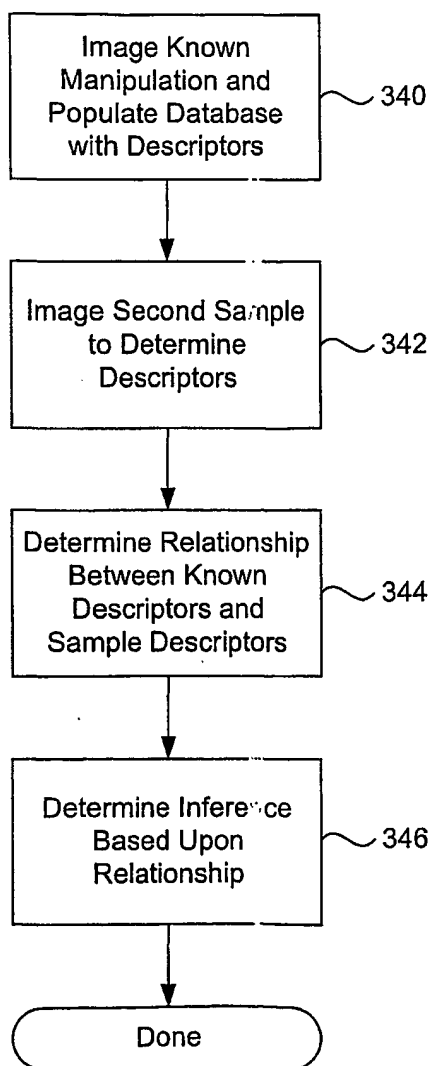
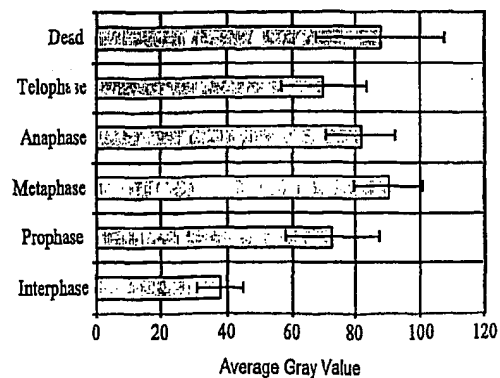
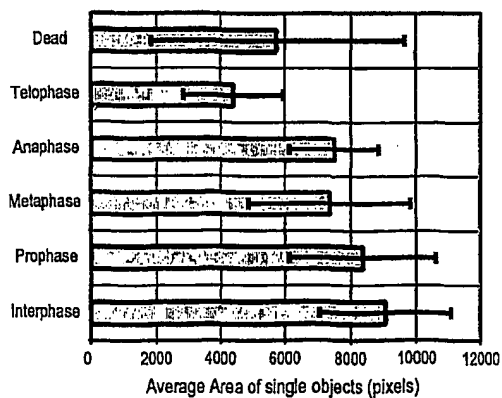
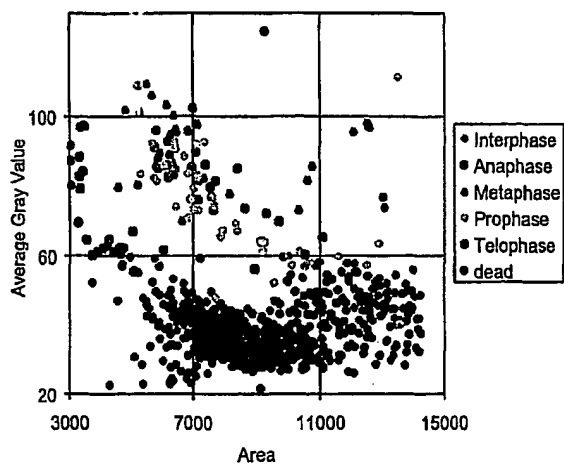
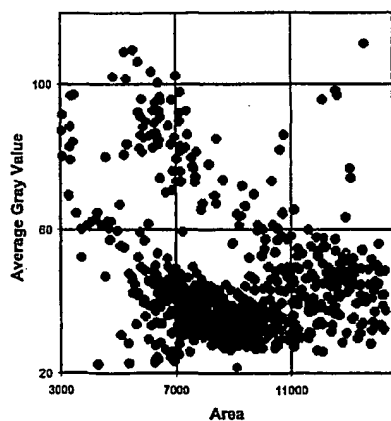
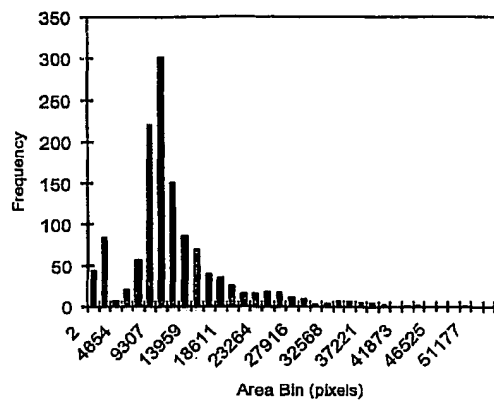
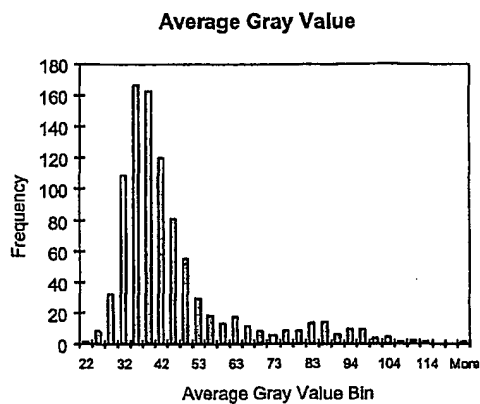


FIG. 7K

22/36



23/36

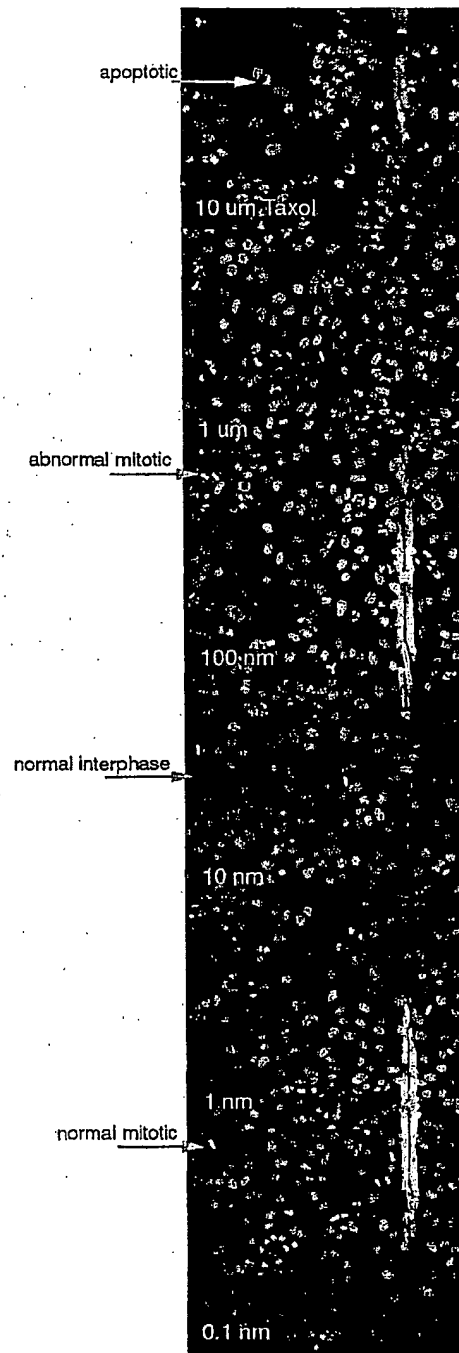


FIG. 9

24/36

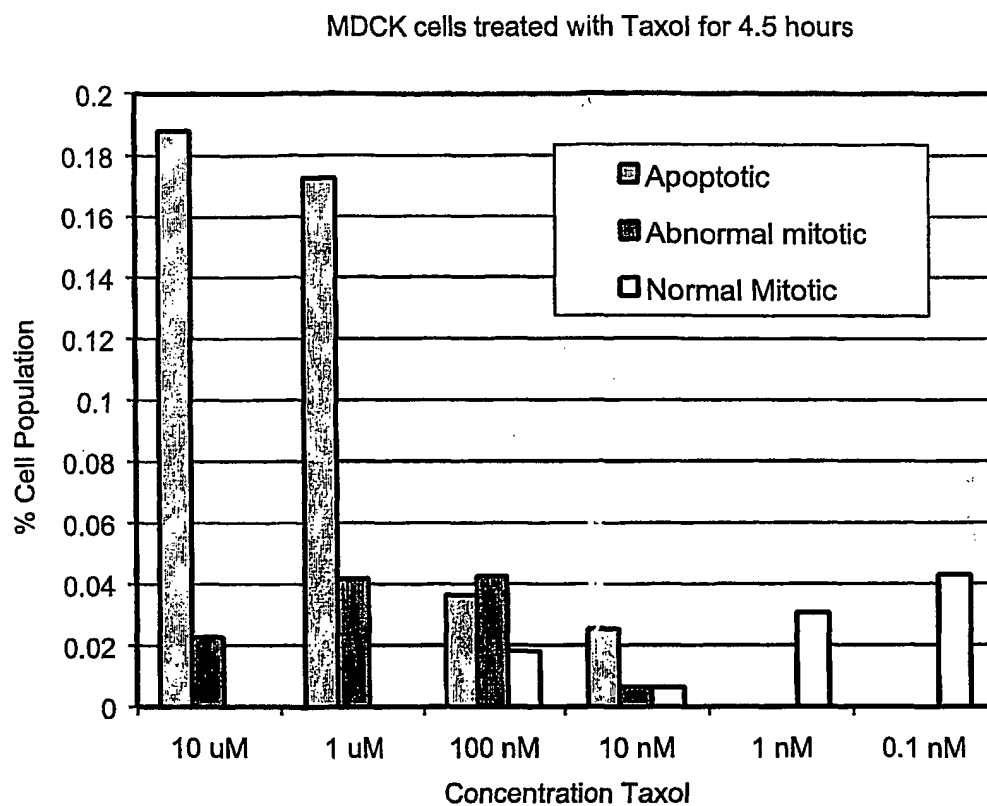


FIG. 10

25/36

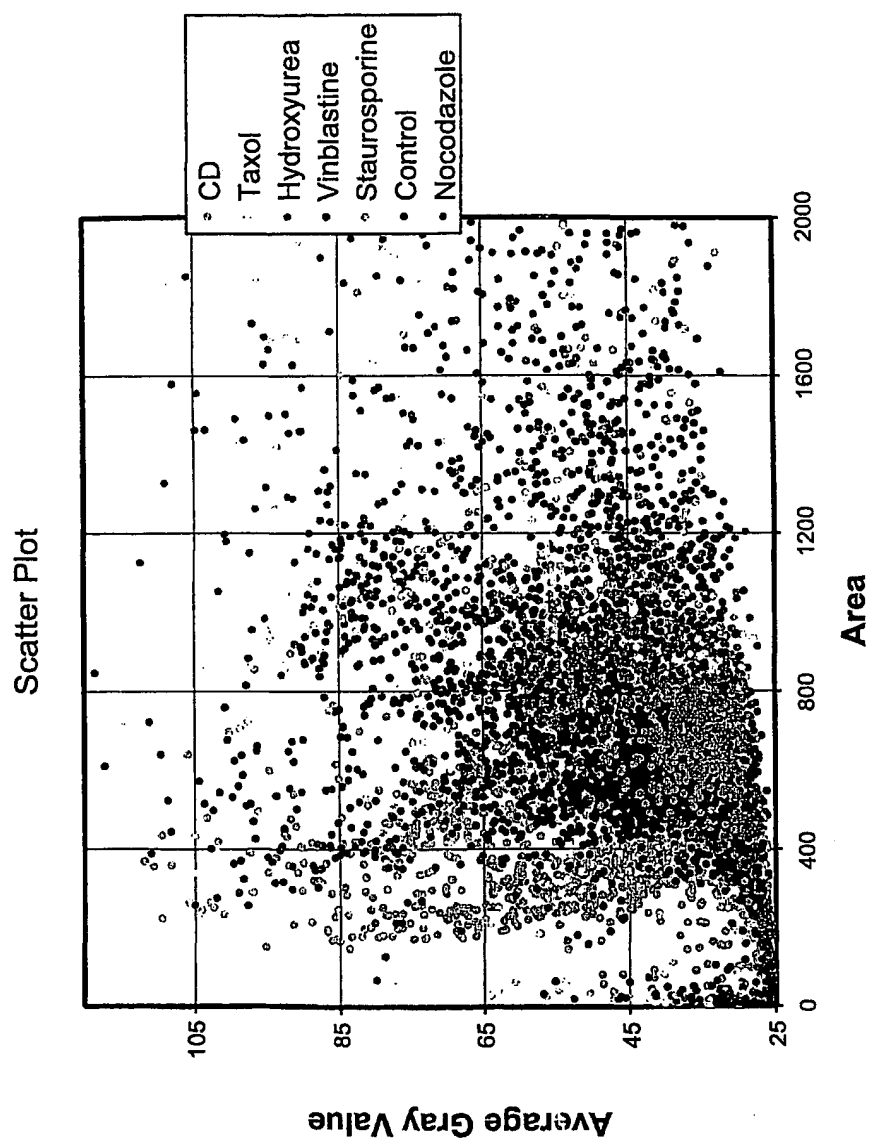


FIG. 11

26/36

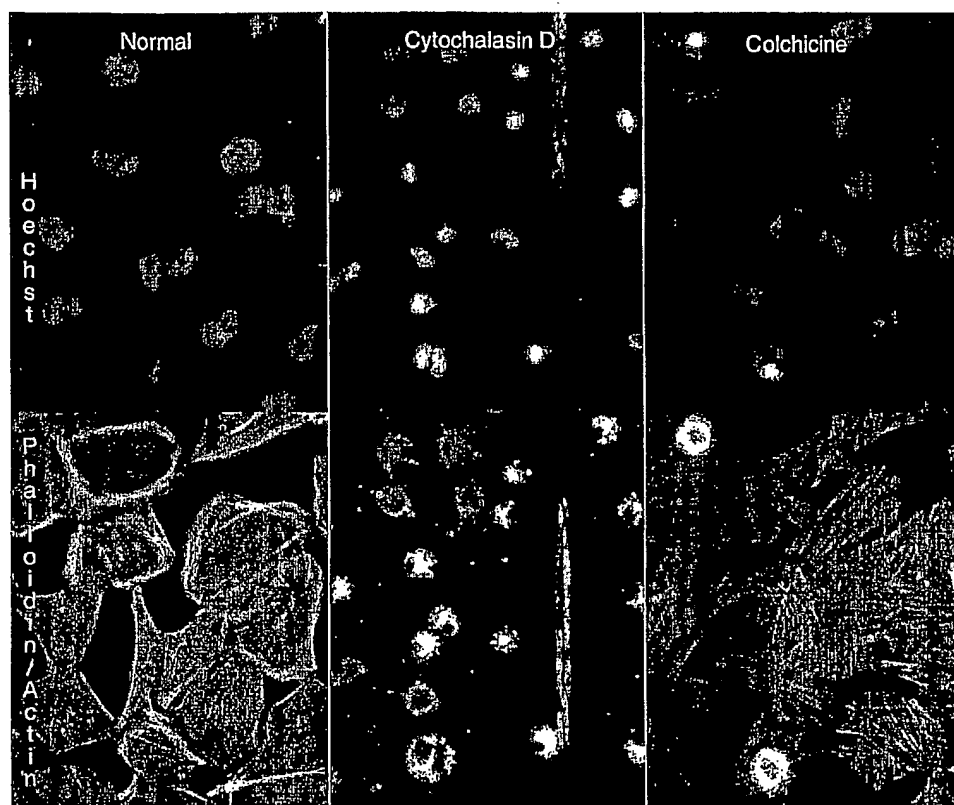


FIG. 12

27/36

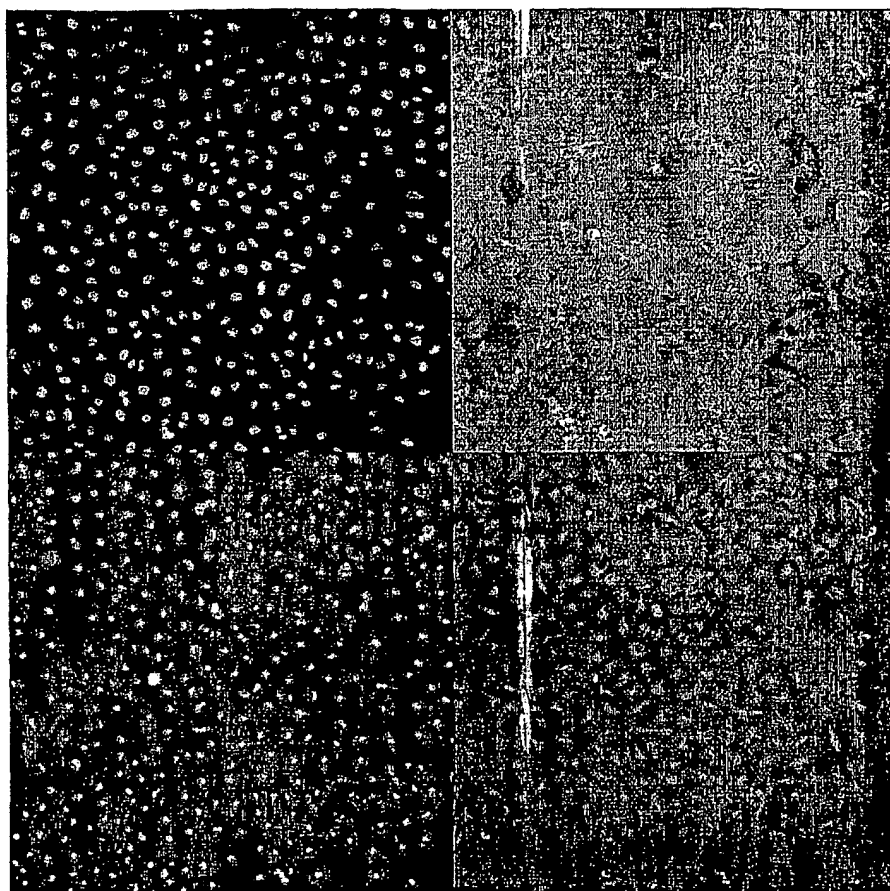


FIG. 13

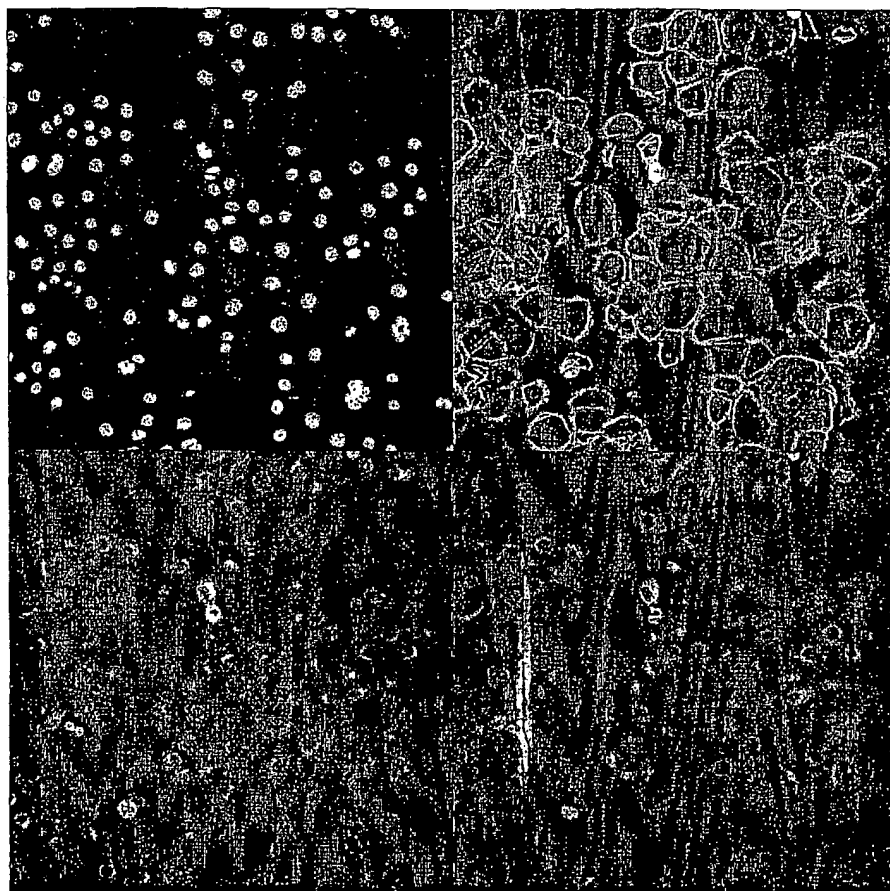


FIG. 14

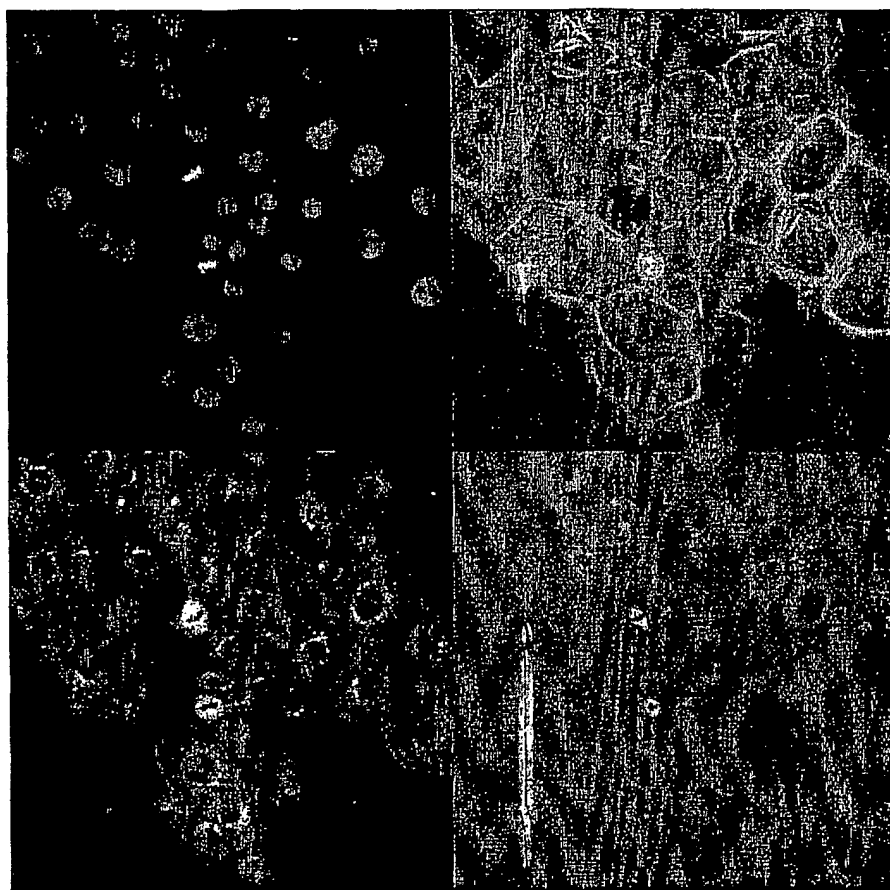


FIG. 15

30/36

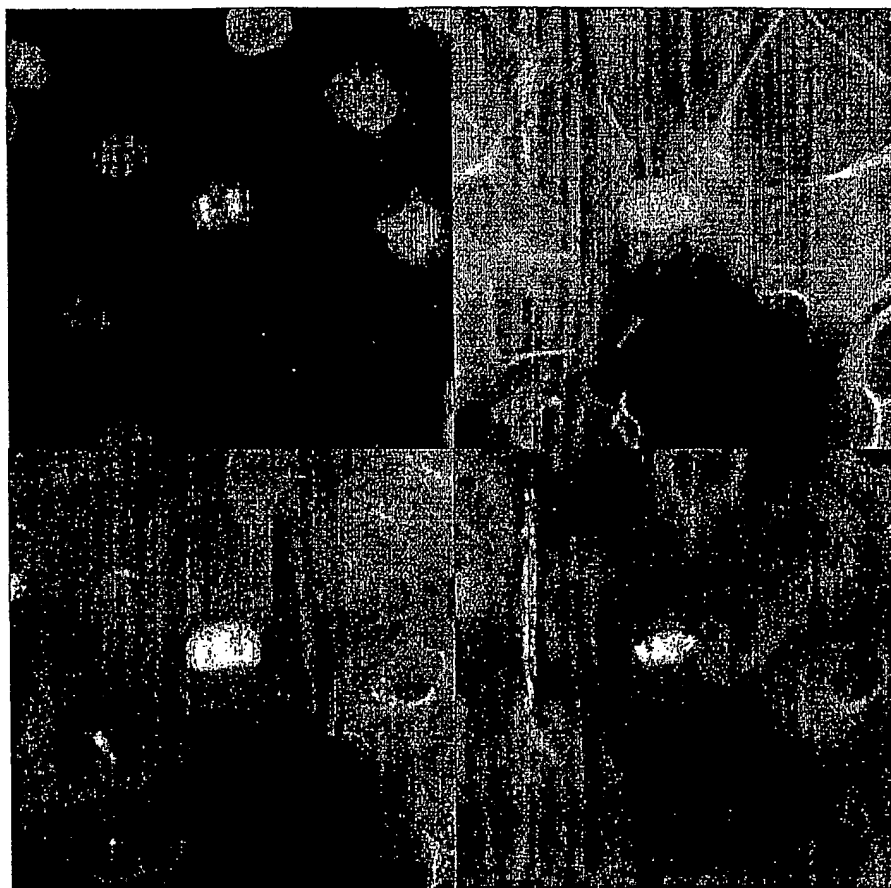


FIG. 16

31/36

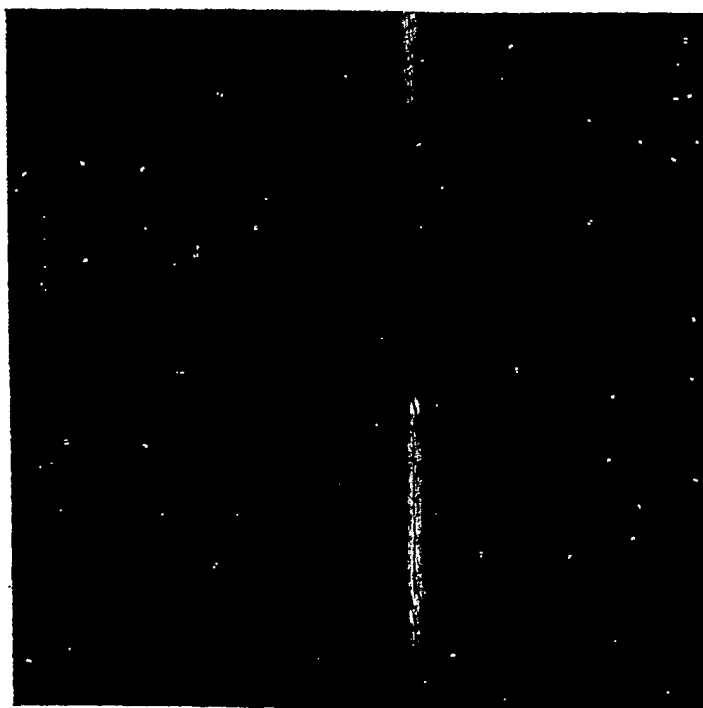


FIG. 17

32/36

Conversion of morphometric parameters into nucleic acid code
and clustering of the resulting sequences using Neighbor
Joining method.

Compound:	Measurements																							
	Count	Area	Perimeter	Length	Breadth	Fiber length	Fiber breadth	Shape factor	Eli. form factor	Inner radius	Outer radius	Mean radius	Equiv. radius	Equiv. sphere vol.	Equiv. prolate vol.	Equiv. oblate vol.	Equiv. sphere surface area	Average gray value	Total gray value	Optical density	Radial dispersion	Texture Difference Moment	EFA Harmonic 2, Semi-Major	EFA Harmonic 2, Semi-Minor
Control	t	t	t	t	t	t	t	t	t	t	t	t	t	t	t	t	t	t	t	t	t	a	t	t
Taxol	a	t	t	t	t	t	t	t	a	t	t	t	t	t	t	t	t	t	t	t	t	t	t	t
CD	c	a	a	a	t	a	t	t	c	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	t	a	a	a	t	a	g
Nocodazol	c	t	t	t	t	t	t	t	t	t	t	t	t	t	t	t	t	t	t	t	t	t	t	t
Staurosporine	g	g	c	a	a	t	a	a	t	g	a	a	a	t	g	g	g	a	a	t	a	t	a	a
Vinblastine	c	t	t	t	t	t	t	t	t	t	t	t	t	t	t	t	t	t	g	t	t	t	t	t
Hydroxyurea	g	t	t	t	t	t	t	g	t	t	t	t	t	t	t	t	t	t	t	c	t	a	t	t

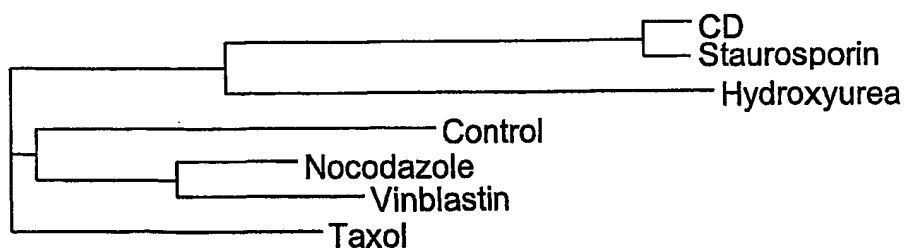


FIG. 18

33/36

Conversion of morphometric parameters into amino acid codes
and clustering of the resulting sequences using Neighbor
Joining method.

	Count	Area	Perimeter	Length	Breadth	Fiber length	Fiber breadth	Shape factor	Ell. form factor	Inner radius	Outer radius	Mean radius	Equiv. radius	Equiv. sphere vol.	Equiv. prolate vol.	Equiv. oblate vol.	Equiv. sphere surface area	Average gray value	Total gray value	Optical density	Radial dispersion	Texture Difference Moment	EFA Harmonic 2, Semi-Major Axis	EFA Harmonic 2, Semi-Minor Axis	EFA Harmonic 2, Semi-Major A
Control	H	P	T	T	N	S	D	W	F	S	T	T	T	C	C	P	P	M	C	T	G	T	T	Y	
Taxol	G	F	M	M	P	M	P	H	G	S	M	M	W	C	F	P	F	R	C	M	M	H	M	P	S
CD	F	G	G	G	M	G	M	K	A	G	G	G	G	G	G	G	G	H	G	G	G	M	G	V	H
Nocodozol	W	F	M	M	W	M	P	T	R	S	M	M	M	F	M	W	F	M	M	R	M	M	M	F	G
Staurosporine	N	V	A	G	G	M	G	G	Y	V	G	G	G	M	V	V	V	G	G	H	G	M	G	G	V
Vinblastine	F	W	W	M	W	W	C	W	D	S	M	W	W	M	M	M	W	M	V	E	M	M	M	F	P
Hydroxyurea	S	H	H	H	H	H	H	V	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	A	H	G	H	H	D

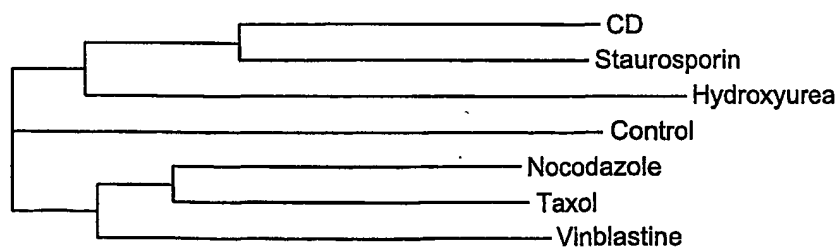


FIG. 19

34/36

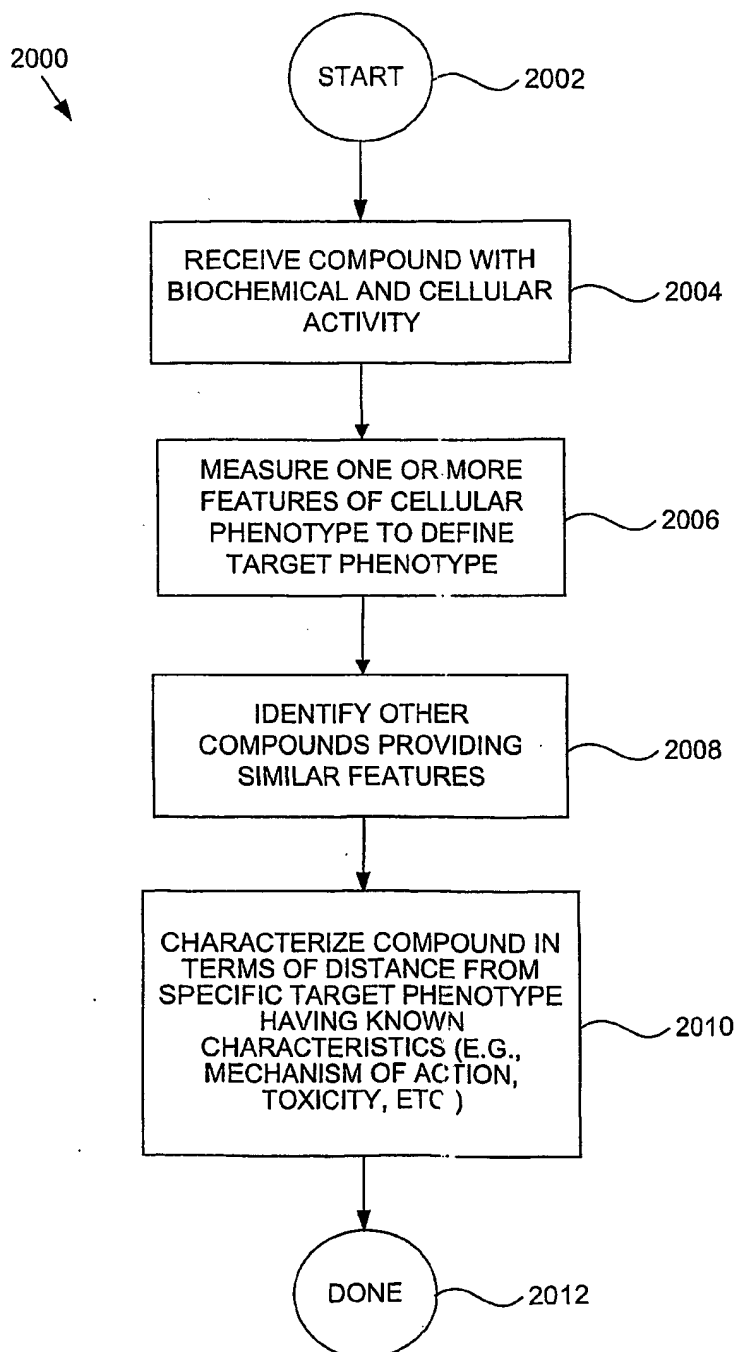


FIG. 20

35/36

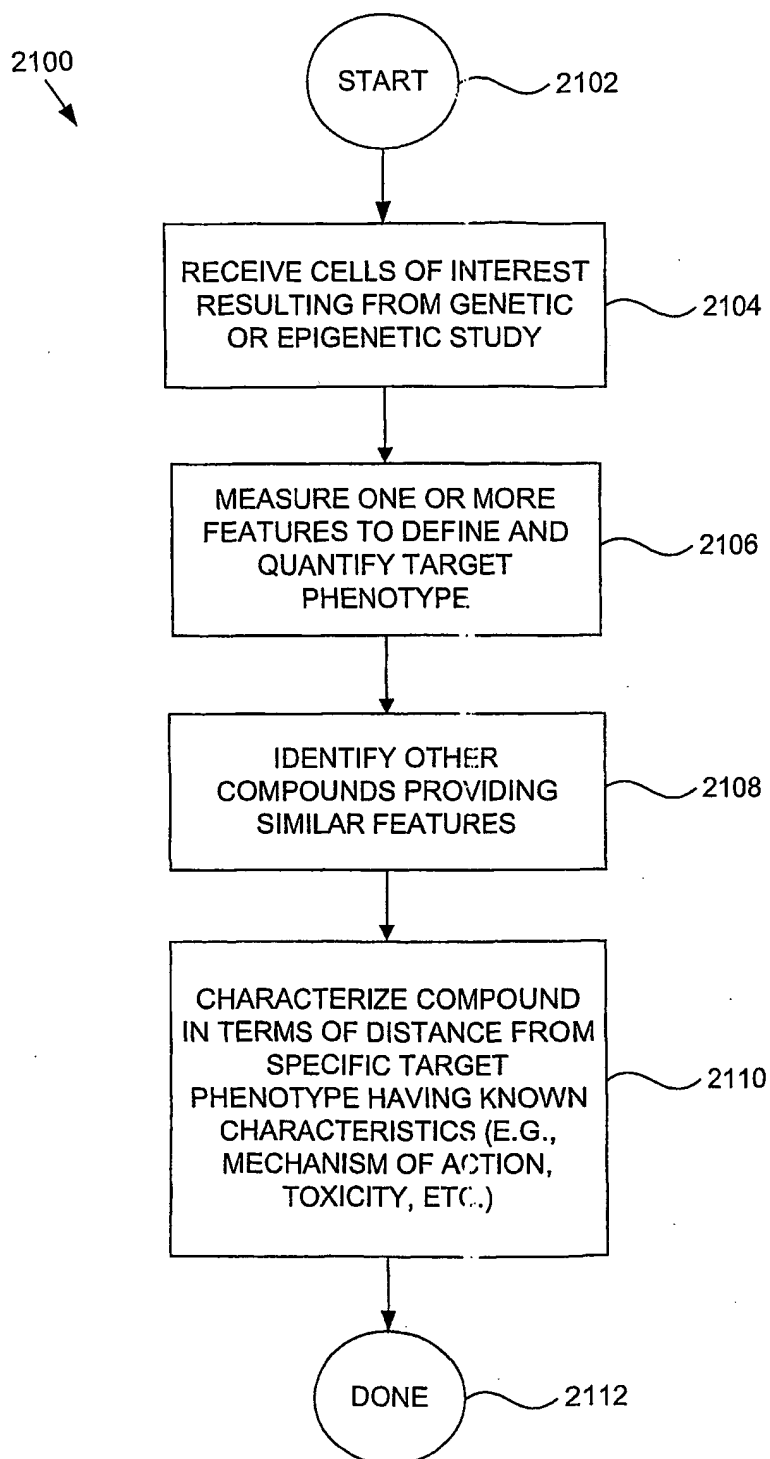
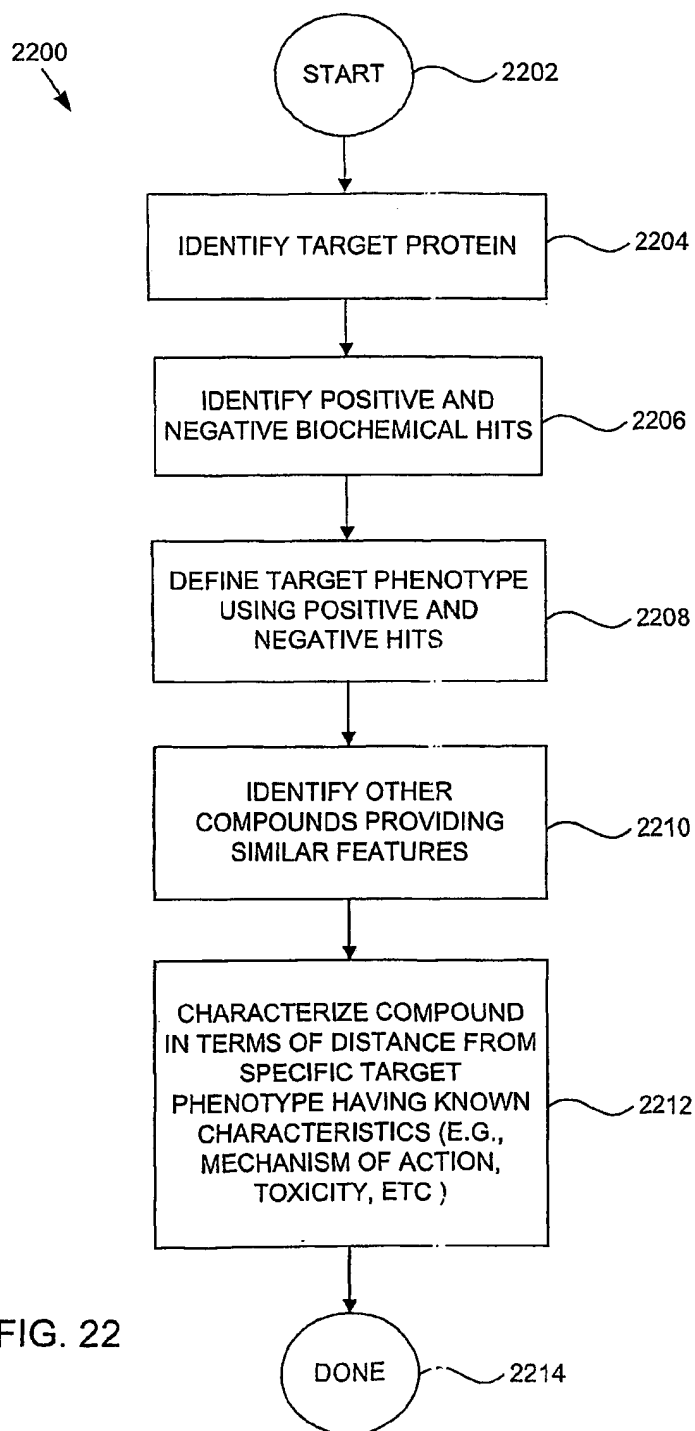


FIG. 21

36/36



INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No

PCT/US 00/13154

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER
IPC 7 G06F19/00

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

IPC 7 G06F

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

EPO-Internal, WPI Data

C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	WO 98 38490 A (BIODX INC ;DUNLAY R TERRY (US); GOUGH ALBERT H (US); GIULIANO KENN) 3 September 1998 (1998-09-03) cited in the application	1-6, 24-27
Y	page 1; claims 1-43	7-23
X	WO 98 45704 A (TULLIN SOEREN ;KASPER ALMHOLT (DK); NOVONORDISK AS (DK); SCUDDER K) 15 October 1998 (1998-10-15) abstract; claims 1-3,22,73,80,81,86	1-6, 24-27
	-/--	



Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C.



Patent family members are listed in annex.

* Special categories of cited documents:

A document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance

E earlier document but published on or after the international filing date

L document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)

O document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means

P document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed

T later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention

X document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone

Y document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art.

G document member of the same patent family

Date of the actual completion of the international search

17 November 2000

Date of mailing of the international search report

24/11/2000

Name and mailing address of the ISA

European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2
NL - 2280 HV Rijswijk
Tel. (+31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo nl,
Fax: (+31-70) 340-3016

Authorized officer

Filloy García, E

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Inter. onal Application No
PCT/US 00/13154

C.(Continuation) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT		
Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
Y	MONTIRONI R ET AL: "COMPUTED CELL CYCLE AND DNA HISTOGRAM ANALYSES IN IMAGE CYTOMETRY IN BREAST CANCER" JOURNAL OF CLINICAL PATHOLOGY, GB, LONDON, vol. 46, no. 9, 1 September 1993 (1993-09-01), pages 795-800, XP000644549 ISSN: 0021-9746 abstract ---	7-13
Y	WO 97 40055 A (DOW CHEMICAL CO ; UNIV TEXAS TECH (US)) 30 October 1997 (1997-10-30) page 18, line 26 - line 32 ---	14-23
P,X	WO 99 39184 A (HARTMANN THOMAS ; RIBOZYME PHARM INC (US)) 5 August 1999 (1999-08-05) the whole document ---	1-6, 24-27
P,X	WO 00 17643 A (CELLOMICS INC ; DUNLAY K TERRY (US); GOUGH ALBERT H (US); RUBIN RIC) 30 March 2000 (2000-03-30) the whole document ---	1-6, 24-27
E	WO 00 50872 A (CELLOMICS INC ; KAPUR RAVI (US); GIULIANO KENNETH A (US)) 31 August 2000 (2000-08-31) the whole document ---	1-6, 24-27
A	GIULIANO K A ET AL: "Fluorescent-protein biosensors: new tools for drug discovery" TRENDS IN BIOTECHNOLOGY, GB, ELSEVIER PUBLICATIONS, CAMBRIDGE, vol. 16, no. 3, 1 March 1998 (1998-03-01), pages 135-140, XP004108592 ISSN: 0167-7799 page 139, left-hand column, paragraph 4 -right-hand column, paragraph 3 -----	1-27

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Information on patent family members

International Application No

PCT/US 00/13154

Patent document cited in search report		Publication date	Patent family member(s)	Publication date
WO 9838490	A	03-09-1998	US 5989835 A US 6103479 A AU 6667898 A EP 0983498 A JP 2000509827 T AU 3297197 A EP 0912892 A	23-11-1999 15-08-2000 18-09-1998 08-03-2000 02-08-2000 05-01-1998 06-05-1999
WO 9845704	A	15-10-1998	AU 6820998 A EP 0986753 A	30-10-1998 22-03-2000
WO 9740055	A	30-10-1997	AU 719002 B AU 2660697 A CA 2251924 A EP 0898574 A NO 984840 A US 5928627 A	04-05-2000 12-11-1997 30-10-1997 03-03-1999 16-12-1998 27-07-1999
WO 9939184	A	05-08-1999	AU 2241899 A	16-08-1999
WO 0017643	A	30-03-2000	AU 6048599 A	10-04-2000
WO 0050872	A	31-08-2000	NONE	

**This Page is Inserted by IFW Indexing and Scanning
Operations and is not part of the Official Record**

BEST AVAILABLE IMAGES

Defective images within this document are accurate representations of the original documents submitted by the applicant.

Defects in the images include but are not limited to the items checked:

- ☐ BLACK BORDERS
- ☐ IMAGE CUT OFF AT TOP, BOTTOM OR SIDES
- ☐ FADED TEXT OR DRAWING
- ☐ BLURRED OR ILLEGIBLE TEXT OR DRAWING
- ☐ SKEWED/SLANTED IMAGES
- ☒ COLOR OR BLACK AND WHITE PHOTOGRAPHS
- ☐ GRAY SCALE DOCUMENTS
- ☐ LINES OR MARKS ON ORIGINAL DOCUMENT
- ☐ REFERENCE(S) OR EXHIBIT(S) SUBMITTED ARE POOR QUALITY
- ☐ OTHER: _____

IMAGES ARE BEST AVAILABLE COPY.

As rescanning these documents will not correct the image problems checked, please do not report these problems to the IFW Image Problem Mailbox.